The New-York Times.

VOL. IX.—NO. 2503. NEW-YORK, WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 28, 1859. PRICE TWO CENTS.

LATER FROM EUROPE.

THE CIRCASSIAN AT ST. JOHNS.

Departure of the Great Eastern Postponed One Month.

Political and Commercial News.

ST. JOHNS, N. F., Monday, Sept. 26.

The steamship *Circassian*, Capt. CAMPBELL from Galway, on Saturday, the 17th inst., arrived a this port at 2 P. M. to-day.

The *Circassian* has 300 passengers for New-York. She experienced heavy weather on the passage.

She reports having seen the steamship *Asia*, for New-York, to the southward on Saturday afternoon

The steamship *Bremen*, from New-York, arrived at Southampton on the 15th, *en route* for Bremen.

The news is two days later than the accounts by the *Vanderbilt* and *City of Baltimore*, and anticipates the advices per steamship *Asia*, due this week at New-York.

There is, however, no political intelligence of importance.

GREAT BRITAIN.

THE DEPARTURE OF THE GREAT EASTERN FIXED FOR OCTOBER 28—DEATH OF BRUNEL, WHO DESIGNED HER—TROOPS FOR CHINA.

It had been officially announced that the *Great Eastern* leaves Holyhead for Portland, October 28th.

ISAMBARD K. BRUNEL, her designer, had died of paralysis.

Troops have been ordered to proceed from India to China, in order to rigorously prosecute the war.

FRANCE.

THE ZURICH CONFERENCE—THE LAWS OF THE PRESS—THE EMPRESS AND PRINCESS CLOTILDE—RENTES.

There was nothing doing at the Zurich Conference.

The French laws in relation to the press are not to be modified.

It was reported that both the Empress EUGENIE and Princess CLOTILDE were *enceinte*.

The French Rentes closed firm on Friday at 68f. 95c.

ITALY.

THE MODENESE AND PARMESAN DEPUTATIONS AT TURIN—THEIR RECEPTION AND THE KING'S SPEECH—MILITARY PREPARATIONS.

The King of Sardinia had received the deputations of the National Assemblies of Modena and Parma. With regard to annexation, the King expressed acquiescence in their views, and promised to support them before the great Powers. He also expressed the hope that Europe, having recognized the right of other nations to form Constitutions, will not deny it to Italy.

Their continual military movements indicate a determination on the part of the Italians to rely on themselves.

Austria was to increase her military force in Italy, and it was asserted that France has nearly a hundred thousand men there.

SPAIN.

THE EXPEDITION AGAINST THE RIFF MARAUDERS.

The Spanish expedition against the Moors is fixed at 12,000 men, and the transports are all ready to convey them.

RUSSIA.

IMPORTANT FAILURE AT ST. PETERSBURG.

KOOSINGIN & Co., of St. Petersburg, had failed, with heavy liabilities. They were largely engaged in tallow speculations.

THE EAST.

COMPLETION OF THE RED SEA TELEGRAPH.

The Red Sea Telegraph Company invite public business over the completed portion of their line from Oct. 1.

Commercial Intelligence.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

The Brokers' *Circular* reports the sales of COTTON for the week were 45,000 bales, of which 1,000 were to speculators and 7,000 to exporters. The market was generally a trifle lower, the decline on the inferior qualities being ⅛d. The closing tone was dullness. The sales of Friday were 7,000 bales, including 2,000 bales to exporters, the market of that day closing quiet at the following authorized quotations:

Fair Orleans.....	8d.	Middling Mobiles...	6⅞d.
Middling Orleans...	7d.	Fair Uplands.....	7⅛d.
Fair Mobiles.....	7⅛d.	Middling Uplands...	6¾d.

The stock in port was estimated at 618,000 bales, of which 511,000 were American.

STATE OF TRADE.

The advices from Manchester are favorable. Prices were firm, though the market was quiet.

LIVERPOOL BREADSTUFFS MARKET.

The Liverpool Breadstuffs market had an advancing tendency. Messrs. RICHARDSON, SPENCE & Co. report FLOUR firm at previous rates. WHEAT firm, and 1d.@2d. higher since Tuesday. CORN firm and advanced 6d.@1s. ₩ quarter.

LIVERPOOL PROVISION MARKET.

The Liverpool Provision Market was steady. BEEF was quiet. PORK firm. BACON dull and nominal. LARD dull at 56s. TALLOW—quotations barely maintained and market unsettled; Butchers, 56s.

LIVERPOOL PRODUCE MARKET.

POTASHES were steady at 26s.@26s. 6d. for new, and 26s. for old. PEARL steady, at 27s. 6d.@28s. 6d. SUGAR steady. COFFEE firm. RICE dull. FISH OILS unchanged. LINSEED OIL quiet at 28s. 6d.@29s. RESIN buoyant and slightly higher; Common 3s. 11d.@4s. 1d., closing at the latter rate. SPIRITS TURPENTINE closed firm at 35s.@35s. 6d. TEA market unsettled and excited, and prices 1d.@2d. higher.

LONDON MARKETS.

BARING'S circular reports IRON dull at £5 17s. 6d.@£6 for both rails and bars. BREADSTUFFS very dull. TEA unsettled and excited, and 1¾d.@2d. higher: common Congou 1s. 5d. SUGAR quiet and 1s. lower. TALLOW quiet at 57s. SPIRITS TURPENTINE dull at 35s.@36s.

Other authorities report the advance in TEAS firmly maintained.

LONDON MONEY MARKET.

BARING'S circular reports an increased demand for Money.

Another account says the market was slightly easier.

CONSOLS closed on Friday at 95⅛@95⅛ for money and account.

The bullion in the Bank of England had increased £485,000.

AMERICAN SECURITIES.

American State Stocks were in active request, and prices firm. Railroad Shares and Bonds were slow of sale, at unaltered prices.

HAVRE MARKET.

New-Orleans *très ordinaire* Cotton at Havre was quoted at 112f.; do. *bas*, 104f. The market was dull. Sales of the week, 4,500 bales.

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH TO GALWAY.

LIVERPOOL, Saturday, Sept. 17—P. M.

The Cotton market is dull, but steady. Sales, to-day, 7,000 bales.

Breadstuffs steady.

Provisions dull.

LONDON, Saturday, Sept. 17—Noon.

Consols 95⅛@95¾.

VERY LATEST BY THE CITY OF BALTIMORE.

MARSEILLES, Wednesday, Sept. 14.

A message from Tunis states that the Bey of Tunis had been attacked with serious illness, and that the French physician had been summoned to his aid.

Another message states that he has been attacked with erysipelas in the left side, but that hopes are entertained of his recovery.

GIBRALTAR, Monday, Sept. 12.

Advices from Tangiers state that serious disturbances had taken place in part of the Territory of Morocco, and that SEDIM MAHOMED was on the march from Morocco to Fez. SEDIM MAHOMED had been proclaimed Emperor at Fez, Mequeney and Faltonia, and he was about to be proclaimed Emperor at Tangiers.

PARIS, Wednesday, Sept. 14—12¼ P. M.

The market opens without any material change. Rentes, 68f. 55c.

3:50 P. M.—The price of Rentes is now 68f. 55c., showing an advance of 10c. since yesterday.

The Bourse is inanimate, but firm.

NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

FROM WASHINGTON.

The War News From China—Surveys in Washington Territory—Naval Matters—Mills' Statue of Washington, &c.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Tuesday, Sept. 27.

The Government is in the receipt of dispatches to-day from China. They report the popular opinion there, even among British merchants, as against the action of the British and French forces in attempting to force the passage of the Peiho River.

The Duke DI LICIGNANO, who has been recognized by our Government as Consul-General for his Majesty the King of the Two Sicilies, has arrived and entered upon his duties.

CLARK MILLS cast the last piece of his equestrian statute of Washington this afternoon in the presence of a large number of invited guests, including distinguished artists and high public functionaries. The casting was entirely successful, and the statue will be ready for the pedestal by the 22d of February. President BUCHANAN, under authority of Congress, has fixed the site for the statue on a circle in the western suburbs of the City—a locality universally condemned by our population, as it will be by the American people. This fact must now be evident to Mr. BUCHANAN, and hopes are entertained that the wishes of the artist will be consulted, and the statue placed on the beautiful knoll in the Smithsonian Grounds, opposite Ninth-street. Let Congress see to this. Q.

[FROM THE REPORTER FOR THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

WASHINGTON, Tuesday, Sept. 27.

Unless the Executive Department shall arrest the surveys now in progress in Washington Territory, they will probably be extended over the islands within our claim limits, including San Juan.

The Secretary of the Navy has issued a general order, authorizing the commandants of the yards who have commanded squadrons, to wear the flag heretofore at the stations under their command. Senior Flag-Officer STEWART is to wear his flag at the main.

The following-named officers have been ordered to Panama by the steamer of the 20th of October, to relieve those attached to the steamer *Saranac*, whose term of service will shortly expire: Captain, Ritchie, Lieutenants, Watkins and Meade; Master, Shylock; Surgeon, D. S. Green; Assistant-Surgeon, Bennett Green; and Purser, Ingersoll.

It is said our Government has made a peremptory demand on Chili for redress.

About 608 percussion muskets were sold on Government account to-day, at an average of $2 75 a piece, mostly to New-York dealers.

Important from Venezuela.

APPEAL OF THE FOREIGN CONSULS FOR PROTECTION.

BOSTON, Tuesday, Sept. 27.

A file of the St. Thomas *Tidende* to Sept. 18 received at this port, contains an important document showing the terrible condition of affairs in Venezuela, where a war of races, fanned by political and military aspirants, is rapidly depopulating that country. The document in question is an appeal for protection of the foreign Consuls at Ciudad Bolivar to to the Governors of the French, English and Danish West India Islands. In this appeal the Consuls say that the contest now going on is not one of ordinary revolution, having for its object a political end, but on the contrary, the motto now is violence, death and pilage. The acts of atrocity committed by these vandals, are, they say, so numerous that it would be difficult to enumerate them. In the provinces of the interior whole communities with their inhabitants have disappeared. Nothing but foreign intervention probably will save the country from entire destruction.

Fairs.

THE ST. LOUIS AGRICULTURAL AND MECHANICAL FAIR.

ST. LOUIS, Tuesday, Sept. 27.

The Fair of the St. Louis Agricultural and Mechanical Society was visited to-day by 30,000 people. In the ring were six splendid roadsters, stallions; but the famous horse *Silver Heels*, owned Gen. SINGLETON of Quincy, Ill., took the first premium. A large number of Devon, Ayreshire, Hereford and Alderney cattle were also exhibited, and the prizes fairly distributed among the various States represented. The Art department is full and attracts much attention. It contains several gems by old masters, also a number of fine and spirited pictures of Western scenery. The weather is clear and delightful. Vast crowds of strangers continue to arrive from all parts of the country.

THE PENNSYLVANIA STATE FAIR.

PHILADELPHIA, Tuesday, Sept. 27.

The State Fair opened to-day, and was well filled with visitors. The Fair is held at the same place where the United States Fair was held a few years ago. Some fine full-blood horses, and splendid specimens of cattle, are on exhibition. The steam and hand fire engine trial commences to-morrow. No. 7, of Baltimore, have signified their intention to participate in the contest, and are expected to arrive here to-morrow evening. The champion yacht, *George M. Hill*, is on exhibition, and attracts considerable attention. The city is crowded with strangers, and every train that arrives adds to their number.

THE CANADIAN PROVINCIAL ANNUAL EXHIBITION.

KINGSTON, C. W., Tuesday, Sept. 27.

The Provincial Annual Exhibition was opened to-day. The number of entries exceed forty-five hundred, and the city is filling rapidly with visitors.

The Board of Agriculture passed a vote of condolence to Sir EDMUND HEAD and lady, on their sad bereavement, by the death of their son by drowning.

No Tidings of the Aeronauts.

WATERTOWN, Tuesday, Sept. 27—9:30 P. M.

No tidings of the fate of Messrs. LA MOUNTAIN and HADDOCK, now absent over five days, came to hand here. When they were last seen, they had traveled only about thirty miles, and were at an altitude of about three miles, bearing nearly east, and over the New-York wilderness. Search is being made there.

[It will be seen, by reference to our City Intelligence, that the aeronauts landed safely in Canada.]

The Canal Convention at Utica.

UTICA, N. Y., Tuesday, Sept. 27.

A fair number of delegates are here to the Canal Convention, among them quite a sprinkling of politicians. There is no caucussing to-night, and no indications what is to be done, further than the presumption that the action of the Convention will turn upon individual preferences as to candidates. It is generally believed now that no nominations will be made, but that the views of the Convention will be indicated by resolutions.

Affairs in Boston.

MR. EVERETT'S ORATION—THE BROKERS' BOARD.

BOSTON, Tuesday, Sept. 27.

Hon. EDWARD EVERETT repeated his oration on WEBSTER in the Capitol grounds this afternoon to an immense audience.

The Boston Brokers' Board celebrated their Twenty-fifth Anniversary last evening, by a dinner speeches, &c. HENRY W. PICKERING was reelected President, NATH'L TRACY, Secretary, and J. G. SOLEY Treasurer.

News from New-Mexico.

ST. LOUIS, Tuesday, Sept. 27.

The Santa Fe mail of the 13th inst., has arrived at Independence.

OTERO is re-elected to Congress by 2,500 majority.

Serious difficulties are apprehended with the Indians in the vicinity of Allison's ranch, in consequence of the abandonment of that trading post.

Steam Boiler Explosion and Loss of Life.

BALTIMORE, Tuesday, Sept. 27.

On Monday the boiler of a freight engine on the Baltimore and Ohio road, at the Cameron station, near Wheeling, burst, killing JOHN HARRIS, engineer; JAMES DAVISON, fireman, and JAMES WINTERS, conductor—all residing at Wheeling. Several hands at the station were also injured—some, it it thought, fatally.

Sinking of the Steamboat Irene.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Tuesday, Sept. 27.

The Arkansas river steamboat *Irene* sank on Saturday night. Loss $20,000.

THE AMERICAN INSTITUTE'S FAIR.

Opening Day at Palace Garden—End of the Cattle Show—Profit and Loss of last week's Exhibitions.

The American Institute's Annual Exhibition—the grand affair which, years ago, attracted such crowds to Castle Garden, which afterwards fitly followed the World's Fair into the Crystal Palace, and was a tenant of that beautiful bubble of iron and glass when, a year since, it kindled suddenly in a conflagration, and as suddenly melted into lava and old iron, (which the Port Wardens of this port had the impudence to charge an auction duty on when it came to be sold, though they had no more to do with the sale than had the editor of the late *Daily Hand*, or the poet TENNYSON)—this same Institute's Annual Fair, after two postponements, was opened yesterday at Palace Garden. "Opened"—the word is used discreetly—only opened far enough for visitors to enjoy the smell of varnish, and to rub against the fresh paint, and for the misguided individuals who paid their entrance-fee of a quarter, to see where the machinery will be arranged some days hence, the tables almost empty yet, under the tent for the display of flowers and fruit, and the long hall into which exhibitors are hastening to roll in their goods. Of the nine gentlemen who compose the Reception Committee, and who all might find ample work in receiving and disposing of goods, only a solitary one was present—he working like a beaver. By noon to-day it is probable that there will be a good deal to be seen; and out of the ashes of the Crystal Palace this consolation is born, that the vast amount of trumpery which was turning up year after year, and giving to the whole an air of very old acquaintance and sameness, is missing. The scarcity of room, too, makes it necessary for the Managers to be choice in their selections. Each exhibitor is restricted to a small show of his wares; but enough is offered to allow only that which has something of novelty or superior merit to recommend it.

The statuary of the old Palace is sadly missed. A solitary bust, by DAVID RICHARDS, of PETER COOPER, a very true portrait of the celebrated citizen, and consequently not a very pleasing piece of sculpture, is all that is to be seen in this department of art. The pictures are all painted photographs, and there are but few of them as yet. A case of Lepidoptera attracts the attention of the devotees of the net, who need to to give pretty close attention to discover that they are "done in sugar," and the work of a confectioner. The lower end of the Hall, where the patent bedsteads and mattresses are to stand, was merry with the laughter of half a score of little girls, each mounted on a hobby horse, or a perambulation of which CRANDALL & BROTHERS were the favorites,—the hobby horses being of the only sort fit to do much duty on a costly carpet. They have no rockers, but a stout spring coiled round an axle, which is fixed in a stationary foundation, gives to the wooden horse ample room to gallop at his mistress' will. SAUERBAIR'S exhibits a fine case of mechanics' tools, (from Newark,) and HENRY NELSON, an attractive case of steel tools.

Workmen were busy erecting the steam engine, which will afford power for the machinery, with which, by Saturday, the long shed will be filled. There is promise of a good exhibition in this department, but of course nothing is yet up.

The fruit is coming down from the Horticultural show to-day. Mr. C.W. GRANT, of Iona, (near Peekskill,) had already laid out a handsome variety of grapes—among them, choice Delawares, Dianas, and Annas, which being three of the four true natives, hardy and early, that are recommended as fit to replace the Isabella, will attract attention. Mr. GRANT exhibits a few clusters of Isabellas that are *almost* perfect, and some "Union Villages" which have very nearly the Isabella flavor, and are but little under the Black Hamburgh in size. On the whole the Fair, yesterday, was only a shadow of what it will soon be. The exhibitors who have their goods ready will do well to be on hand to-day. The public got scarcely a glimpse of the shows of last week, and will doubtless make a rush upon the Palace Garden, which, if the managers will give a little attention to their business, will soon present a creditable and instructive assortment of novelties. The grounds are lighted up in the evening, and the music is good.

The cattle show on Hamilton Park came to a conclusion yesterday. The competition of saddle and draft horses was spirited. The Judges unanimously decided that the roadster harness mare *Lady Clay*, owned by JOHN G. LIGHTBODY, was entitled to the silver cup. The draft horses owned by B. GERHARDT received a discretionary premium. The first premium for saddle horses was awarded to PHILIP LYDIG'S bay mare. In view, however, of the extreme difficulty of deciding between her merits and those of the Arabian stallion *Hassan*, owned by C. H. CORNWELL, of North Belleville, N. J., the Judges recommend the latter to the Committee for a discretionary premium.

The Third-avenue Railroad Company acted with great generosity toward the Institute. It gave the use of its fine halls and of the Park gratuitously for the shows, and fenced in the Park grounds at its own expense. The weather prevented its receiving any considerable remuneration in the way of increased travel. The Institute itself expended some $3,000 on the Cattle Show and Horticultural Exhibition, and received scarcely $700, for which bad luck or the almanac is to blame. The shows have never been beaten in New-York, and great as was the Institute's loss, the public's in not seeing them was far greater.

The opening address of the Institute is to be delivered this evening, by Judge MEIGS, the Recording Secretary.

Mysterious Murder at the Five Points.

Last evening a most singular case came to light in the Sixth Ward, the dead body of a man, evidently murdered, being found in a house corner of Little Water and Worth streets. The scene of the tragedy used to be the resort of murderers and thieves, and years ago, when the Five Points were much worse than at present, "Crown's Corner," as it was known, was decidedly the worst locality in the neighborhood. The building, which is a three-story one, is now occupied by prostitutes, organ-grinders and thieves, and maintains some of its old reputation. On the second floor a man named JOHN H. BENJAMIN, who sells hot cakes around the Park for a living, occupies a room, with a mistress named JANE BRADFORD. Last evening, when he went home, he found the door of his room bolted on the inside. All demands for admission brought no answer, and supposing that all was not right, he went down stairs to get assistance in solving the difficulty. As he passed out of the hall he happened to look up towards the window of his room, which is on Little Water-street, and saw a man in the act of jumping out of the window. The fellow observing BENJAMIN immediately jumped back into the room.

BENJAMIN went into a liquor store kept by a Mrs. GORDON, in the lower part of the building, and received the assistance of an acquaintance, and then went up stairs. The door of his room was now open, and he entered. The room was dark, and everything was quiet; on striking a light, an investigation was immediately made. JANE BRADSHAW, the mistress, was there, and apparently alone, but upon looking at the bed, the body of a man, covered with blood, was discovered. He had evidently been choked to death, as marks upon his throat indicated, and the blood was still running from his nose. Officers DONAGLEY and HUGGINS were notified, and conveyed the body to the Station-house in Franklin-street, and then arrested BENJAMIN, Miss BRADFORD, JANE MCCABE and JOSEPHINE SMITH, the two latter being supposed to have some knowledge of the affair. They were all locked up.

On the body of the deceased there was found nothing by which he could be identified. In the bed and beside him, however, there were some naturalization papers, which may have belonged to him. The name of JAMES MAGEE was upon them. It is rather a singular circumstance that these papers should have been found where they were. The girls all profess to have no knowledge of the affair. Miss BRADFORD states that a man in a red shirt, whom she does not know met her in the liquor store down stairs, in the evening, and insisted on going with her. She emphatically declares that he was repelled by her, but several witnesses are positive that the man who was about to jump from the window (and who afterwards did so) had on a red shirt. It may be that he is the perpetrator of this deed. Still another of the girls declares that JANE BRADFORD told her that BENJAMIN killed the man, but that party informed our reporter that the deceased came into her room early in the afternoon, remained there till evening, and then lay upon the bed, having quarreled with no one whatever. She expresses much astonishment at hearing of his death. The whole case is now shrouded in complete mystery, and only an investigation can bring everything connected with it to light.

THE MANCHESTER MURDER.—In the case of BRIDGET RILEY, the woman found dead in an outhouse in Manchester, N. H., on Friday morning, the jury on Monday returned the following verdict:

"That the said BRIDGET RILEY came to her death on the night of Sept. 22, 1859, or the morning of Sept. 23, 1859, at said Manchester, by violence inflicted upon her head, by the hands of some person or persons to us unknown, with some instrument or weapon to us unknown."

THE GREAT CRICKET MATCH.

Match Between the Eleven of England and Twenty-two of Canada—The Betting—The Playground—The English Players—Particulars of the Match—England Victorious—Dinner of the Montreal Cricket Club.

From Our Own Correspondent.

MONTREAL, Monday, Sept. 26, 1859.

The great cricket match between the Eleven of England and Twenty-two of Eastern Canada is, of course, the great subject of interest here, just now. Nobody talks or writes or dreams of anything but cricket. Bats are discussed at breakfast as freely as beefsteaks, and balls, at dinner, as often as if they were eatable. All the world is here. Philadelphians jostle Chicagonians, and New-Orleanists New-Yorkers. Englishmen shake hands with the Canadian French, and even the phlegmatic Dutch turn out spiritedly and come hither to see *Das Criecket-spiel*. I am aware you have, here, a Special Correspondent; but I may give you a few notes which you need not print unless you find in them something new.

Before I tell you anything of the first day's play, which came off on Saturday, I must inform you how the betting goes. The Eleven do not bet, at least openly, but outsiders do, and they make such wagers as these: Two to one that the Eleven win any given one of the four matches named; even bets that they win all four contests; even bets that there will be seven or eight noughts in any given innings of the Twenty-twos; varying wagers in which one man's score is pitted against another's. The most animated betting is on the New-York match—the Americans, or philo-Americans, backing the United States to win, the British and Canadians eagerly backing the Eleven of England. Hundreds, aye, thousands of dollars are pending on the result of the game to be played in your City this day week. I would advise the readers of the TIMES—if they must and will bet—to lay their money on the Englishmen; and I say this, knowing that all but three of the Twenty-two are English, and eight of them professionals, and having often seen most them play.

The Eleven of England are the picked men of the two leading clubs of that country—the "All England," the oldest national club, and the "United All England." These bodies are nearly even in force; each have won four matches against the other. This year, the United have been the victors twice, but they do not dare to boast of any superiority.

Now, although this is so, and although the Eleven are all professional cricketers, who do nothing but play Cricket all their days, it must not be imagined that they are perfect, that they never miss hitting a loose ball or catching that they have a chance at. They have made several bad "muffs," here, which they ought to be ashamed of. JOHN LILLYWHITE and GEO. PARR—names known wherever Cricket is—have both shown that they have some "butter" in their fingers.

The Montreal ground is a very fair one. It is of course very wet, just now, for it has been raining for a week. But this is accidental. There are about eight acres in the ground proper, and several more in a field only separated from it by a small foot-path. So there is ample room to play the game—as much, in fact, as there is at Lord's, where there are just eight acres, if I recollect aright.

At 11, on Saturday, the Eleven went to the field. Each had a carpet-bag, containing a bat, pads, gloves, &c. They were not in uniform, although they all wore the usual flannel trowsers, their flannel shirts being differently or variously spotted. They are almost all small men—say 5 feet 4 or 5 inches; JACKSON alone is tall, and he cannot be more than six feet. They are all young men—GRUNDY, the eldest, having been born in 1824. They are all muscular and all as active as cats. None of them have any superfluous flesh.

They began practicing as soon as they reached the ground, and a fine time there was of it. A dozen balls were flying around in all directions, so that "mind your eye!" was the universal exclamation. Nor was this needless, for JACKSON and CAFFYN often hit so violently as to send the ball right over the fence, and sometimes over the road beyond it. CAFFYN seemed the sharpest hitter. In playfulness he now and then struck the air with his bat, and actually made it buzz, as a boy does a switch. At about 12¼ o'clock the match commenced, the Twenty-two being sent to the wickets. There was half an hour's intermission, for dinner, and at 5 o'clock the Twenty-two were all disposed of for 36 runs. After a rest, the eleven took the bat, and had served 7 before the stumps were drawn—1 wicket (GRUNDY'S) being down.

I think it useless to chronicle how each one of the Twenty-two made his score. Mr. DALY, the only one who reached double figures, and numbered 19, did it by splendid leg-hits and drives to the long-hits. Capt. WEBBER SMITH, who made 8, did it by a succession of clever draws. No other did very much. Mr. PICKERING, whose name is also down for 8, did not get them fairly. He is the secretary of the Montreal Club, and was the means of getting the Eleven out, so of course he could not be sent home with a duck's egg. The first ball he got he hit up into GEO. PARR'S hands, but old PARR, who knows a thing or two, playfully tossed it from one hand to the other, and let it fall. Then CAFFYN and JACKSON bowled an over or two of balls which could not be missed, letting PICKERING get a few, after which they resolved to put a stopper on him, and did so.

JACKSON, the fastest bowler in the Eleven, and perhaps in the world, is a most dodgy fellow. His average pace is perhaps not much faster than that of HALLIS, but then he sometimes sends in a regular cannon shot, and the varying swiftness is a most puzzling thing to stand. When he is about to bowl fast, not a single man of the field is placed before the wicket, the long fields off and on being drawn back to near the places of cover-point and square-leg. The rapidity of his balls is such that they cannot be hit forward, and some of them rise above the wicket. They are also remarkably straight.

GEO. PARR, the slow bowler, bowls underhand When he has the ball, none of the field are put behind the wicket. LOCKYER, the wicket-keeper, then dispenses with the long stops. GRUNDY stands at short square-leg. WISDEN takes point about four yards from the bat. If a poweful hitter is in, the long hits are doubled, if a weak one, the mid-wickets and cover-points are. PARR proved dreadfully destructive; far more so, indeed, than JACKSON.

CAFFYN is the only other man whose performance in the field was at all remarkable on Saturday. He covered an immense extent of ground—more than any of the rest. He seemed to be everywhere, and to know by instinct, whither each ball would be hit.

PARTICULARS OF THE PLAY.

The cricketers reached the ground between 10 and 11 o'clock, and at once went to practice, several hundred persons being on the ground, which was in beautiful order, and beautifully situated to the south of the mountain, and very spacious. Stands have been built to accommodate a large number of spectators LILLYWHITE'S tent, for printing cards of the game, and tents and marquees for refreshments, were also erected—a lunch being served on the ground by a caterer who could not, if he had tried, have had the face to have provided worse fare than he did, for which he charged 62½ cents for each victim, who was compelled to take it or nothing. The provisions mus have been cooked for the match some days previously, as it was to have come off on the previous Wednesday, at which time the steamer had not arrived a Father Point. The caterer in New-York ought to be very careful in making his mammoth arrangements, for fear he might fail in satisfying the thousands who will be sure to attend the most important match o the series.

At length the grounds were cleared for action, and at about a quarter past 12 o'clock, All England took the field. The players were J. Grundy, J. Wisden, T. Hayward, W. Caffyn, G. Parr, J. Cæsar, A. Diver, J. Lillywhite, T. Lockyer, H. H. Stephenson, and J. Jackson. The Canadian players being as follows: Lieut. Symons, R. A.; Lieut. Bonner, R. A.; Mr. Fisher, Montreal; Mr. Fourdrinier, Montreal; Mr. Hardinge, Montreal; Lieut. Ravenhill, Seventeenth Regiment; Capt. King, Seventeenth Regiment; Mr. Daly, Montreal; Capt. Earle, Seventeenth Regiment; Mr. Pickering, Montreal; Mr. Webber Smith, Montreal; Mr. Bacon, Cornwall; Mr. Morgan, Montreal; Mr. Swettenham, Montreal; Mr. J. U. Smith, Montreal; Mr. Napier, Montreal; Mr. Ellis, Prescott; Mr. Prior, Quebec; Mr. Tilstone, Quebec, and Mr. Kerr, Quebec. R. Carpenter acted as umpire for the Eleven, and Maj. Campbell for the Twenty-two. The scorers were Mr. Bacon, of Canada West, for England, and Mr. Baker, of Ottowa, for the Twenty-two. Messrs. Swain and Surman were sent to the wickets by Mr. Pickering, the Captain of the Twenty-two; Jackson and Caffyn took up the bowling, and Mr. Surman received the first over from Jackson, stopping two of the balls prettily, whilst he let two pass him untouched. Mr. Swain was now called upon to face Caffyn, and stood the over well, stopping the first ball, playing back the two next, and driving the ball to the long-field-on and scoring a close run for one, which brought him *vis-a-vis* to Jackson for the next over. Thus wa the ice broken amidst breathless anxiety, and no wicket lost against two of the most renowned bowler of England.

The first ball from Jackson on the third over was prettily played by Swain to mid off, on which Surman called him, and nearly run himself out in scoring the run. On the next balls of the over, Surman was completely beaten, nearly losing his wicket. On the fourth over, two balls passed Swain, and the third was driven by him for a two to the long field off, amidst considerable cheering, but the next ball, being dropped short by Caffyn, found Swain's balls. Lieut. Symons (left hand) took the bat and received the last ball of the over—a regular teazer. Surman got one to the long leg from Jackson, and Symons was nearly stumped by Lockyer in attempting to play out at one of Jackson's. It was now pretty evident that, with the superior bowling and really splendid fielding, very few runs could be made more, especially as no sooner was a weak point discovered on the part of the batsmen, or in their field, it was at once provided against by a change in the position of the Eleven in the field. The sixth over counted a two and one for Surman, both to the long leg from Caffyn's bowling. During the next five overs there were some good balls played off the wickets by both batsmen, and two or three close shaves, particularly in the eleventh over, the last ball from Jackson going off Surman's glove to Caffyn at slip.

During the next six overs no runs were obtained, Lieut. Symons playing off some splendid balls, which were too well fielded to allow him a run, Lieut. Bonner, who had taken Lieut. Surman's place, doing nothing except stopping the only ball on the wicket, and being bowled off his pad by Jackson, whose bowling as yet was not well up to the mark. Mr. Fisher succeeded, and some pretty batting took place for the next four overs, Symons getting two to the long field on from Caffyn. At length Fisher retired for leg before wicket, from Jackson's bowling, and Mr. Fourdrinier received the last ball of the over, and played it away from his stumps. Two more overs and no runs took place, in one of which Symons played back every ball from Caffyn, Fourdrinier standing the next maiden over. The second ball of the succeeding over from Caffyn gave Mr. Symons his *quietus*, the ball from Caffyn's bowling being caught with the left hand by Jackson in the slip considerably above his head.

A specimen of the sharp wicket-keeping of Lockyer was put in force on Fourdrinier, just previous; he played forward at a ball which he failed in touching, and Lockyer took the ball, and in a flash the bails were off. "How's that?" said Lockyer. "Not out," replied Carpenter; but it was not the only narrow escape of the Twenty-two, so keen was the wicket-keeping of Lockyer. Mr. Hardinge was next, and played very coolly, but was bowled by Caffyn on his second over by a baller, without a run, and gave way for Mr. Ravenhill. Some pretty play now took place—good batting, but too good fielding—Grundy, Cæsar and Wisden preventing runs in the slips; Fourdrinier a one to long field off—almost a chance to slip—and one run from a chance to Lillywhite at cover point from Caffyn; Ravenhill made a good two to square leg from Caffyn, and was shortly after caught at slip by Jackson from Caffyn,—splendid bit of fielding. Capt. Earle joined Fourdrinier, who was shortly after caught by Cæsar, from a splendid ball from Jackson. His score of six was got by fine play throughout. Mr. Pickering went in, and played for some time in a most spirited manner for a total of eight, during which he gave a chance to Parr at point, and was finally bowled by a baller from Caffyn; he made one to short leg, one to long leg, from Jackson, a two drive to long-field off, and two cuts for two each, all from Caffyn; he had previously lost Capt. Earle, who was run out after he had made four, and Capt. King, who scored three, after some pretty play. Lunch took place, and just after, Pickering was bowled the first ball. Mr. Daly and Mr. Webber came together, and during the next thirteen overs, some fine cricketing was seen on the part of both gentlemen, during which several ones were got, and a three to long-field on, by Daly from Caffyn, and a three to square leg by Webber Smith from Caffyn, were met by great applause. Mr. Smith played the ball on to his pad, and lost his wicket to Jackson for a score of eight; his forward play and straight bat proved a good defence; Stephenson had been put on in place of Caffyn, Mr. Bacon taking Mr. Smith's place at the wicket. For ten overs, Daly and Bacon, who both played very finely, Daly for a two to long-field off, and singles; at length Wisden went on in place of Jackson, and Bacon scored two from him to square leg. Daly, on the next over from Stephenson, playing every ball from his wicket; Bacon was run out, having scored four by a two and singles, and Mr. Morgan joined for a short time, when he was caught in the slip from Stephenson by Wisden, for 0, after playing at a number of good balls. Daly had in the meantime driven Wisden for two to the long field on, and a two from Jackson; and in company with Mr. Swettenham, kept up their wickets.

At length Parr went on with the slows, in place of Stephenson, and Jackson in place of Wisden; and Daly was bowled by Parr, after a splendid innings of nineteen runs, in which he showed the English cricketers what could be done by Canadians—his score was a three, two twos, and singles. Mr. J. U. Smith came next, and played finely for six runs, before he was caught by Stephenson from Parr. Swettenham having been bowled by Parr for three, and Napier out for 0, stumped Lockyer from Parr; Ellis and Prior were together at the bat, and both played well. Ellis drove the ball back to Parr for only two; and Prior was bowled by Jackson, the ball breaking a foot, he scored three one hit to long field off, for two was very good. Mr. Tilstone was out by hitting his own wicket from Parr's bowling; and Mr. Kerr was not out, for one run; the innings terminated for eighty-five runs, including byes. The Eleven soon took the bat, in the persons of Messrs. Wisden and Grundy, to the bowling of Hardinge and Fisher, and when it was time to draw the stumps seven runs had been scored with the loss of one wicket, Grundy being bowled by Hardinge, for two runs, the ball going from his pad to the wicket, and Mr. Hayward taking his place, not out for one, Wisden not out, four. Throughout, the fielding of the Eleven was superb, and their batting, as far as it went, splendid—whilst that of the Twenty-two was better than many country matches, and their strength in the field augurs favorably for a small score for the Eleven. There was an immense crowd to see the match in the latter part of the afternoon.

The following is the score:

TWENTY-TWO—FIRST INNINGS.

	Runs.
Mr. Swain, b. Caffyn	4
Lieut. Surman, R. C. R., c. Caffyn, b. Jackson	4
Lieut. Symons, R. A., c. Jackson, b. Caffyn	2
Lieut. Bonner, R. A., b. Jackson	0
Mr. Fisher, l. b. w. b. Jackson	0
Mr. Foudrinier, c. Cæsar, b. Jackson	6
Mr. Hardinge, b. Caffyn	0
Mr. Ravenhill, c. Jackson, b. Caffyn	2
Capt. Earle, run out	4
Mr. Pickering, b. Caffyn	8
Capt. King, b. Jackson	3
Mr. Daly, b. Parr	19
Mr. Webber Smith, b. Jackson	8
Mr. G. Bacon, run out	4
Mr. Morgan, c. Wisden, b. Stephenson	0
Mr. Swettenham, b. Parr	3
Mr. J. U. Smith, c. Stephenson, b. Parr	6
Mr. Napier, st. Lockyer, b. Parr	0
Mr. Ellis, b. and b. Parr	2
Mr. Prior, b. Jackson	3
Mr. Tilstone, hit wkt., b. Parr	0
Mr. Kerr, not out	1
Byes and leg byes	6
Total	85

THE DINNER.

On Saturday night the members of the Montreal Cricket Club entertained the English players and other guests at the St. Lawrence Hall.

The President was F. G. JOHNSTON, Esq., Q.C., A. HEWARD, Esq., acting as Vice-President; and there were present at table between sixty and seventy persons.

After the usual preliminary toasts, the President proposed the health of "Our Guests," to which Mr. PARR responded.

Conclusion of the Match—Success of the All-England Eleven.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

MONTREAL, Tuesday, Sept. 27.

The play was resumed at 1 o'clock, to-day, ELLIS joining SMITH, who was in last night. SMITH was bowled by PARR for 17 runs, got by very pretty play. The remainder of the score stood as follows:

SMITH b. PARR	17
ELLIS b. PARR	0
KERR c. CÆSAR, b. PARR	2
PRIOR c. CAFFYN, b. PARR	1
TELSTONE, not out	0

Making the total of the innings 63, leaving the eleven 39 runs to get to win. They were obtained with the loss of 2 wickets, the score standing:

LOCKYER b. J. SMITH	10
HATWARD c. BONNER, b. J. SMITH	17
C

act of forging and counterfeiting the drafts of the Deputy Quartermaster-General at Camp Floyd, (they were then in arrest at that place under the authority of Judge ECKLES, of the First District, to answer for the offence before the Court,) caused a subpœna to be issued for JOHN WALLACE, who, by acting as one of the accomplices in the forgery, kept Gen. JOHNSTON and Col. CROSSMAN, the Deputy Quartermaster-General daily informed of every step taken by the rascals, and nipped their designs in the bud.

In answer to this subpœna Mr. WALLACE addressed the following letter to Judge SINCLAIR:

CAMP FLOYD, U. T., Monday, Aug. 1, 1859.
To the Honorable Chas. E. Sinclair, Salt Lake City, U. T:

SIR: I have been summoned to appear before the Grand Jury in your Court on the 2d inst. Circumstances that have taken place in the course of the last month, have made a host of enemies for me in the city. *

I have been informed and advised by my friends not to come to the city under any circumstances, for I would not be safe, and my wife has been told of my danger in case I did come. I am willing to obey and serve the laws of my country, but when I am satisfied I cannot do it only at the risk of being assassinated by some unknown person, I then feel a delicacy in doing it, and hope you will excuse my disobedience. If I have contempted the Court, I am willing to pay the penalty your Honor may adjudge, knowing that my services are not so much needed in your Court as they are in my family, in case they should put me out of the way, and believing firmly that I would be molested by some one if I should come.

If I knew my enemies I would fear nothing, but as I don't, and at the same time know they do exist, I feel very unsafe in making a trip to the city under the existing circumstances.

With much respect, Sir, I am your honor's servant.
(Signed) J. M. WALLACE."

JUDGE SINCLAIR, upon the receipt of this letter, called the Grand Jury before him, and in open Court read it to them, commenting to them severely upon a condition of affairs in which a man was under the fear of his life, even in obeying the orders of a Court. He then told them he would have Mr. WALLACE brought into Court, in arrest, and thus place him in the care and custody of the Marshal, under the authority of the United States saying: "By that authority he will be protected, and woe betide the man or set of men that dare to interfere with him."

The Grand Jury, before presenting a bill of Indictment against DELOSS GIPSON, who had been tried and convicted of murder, in the Probate Court, sent the following note to the Judge, notwithstanding he had by an order of Court, set aside all the proceedings had in the matter before that Court as null and void.

JURY ROOM, Thursday, Aug. 4, 1859.

The Grand Jury would respectfully represent, that the evidence before them goes to show that DELOSS GIPSON has once been put upon his trial for the offence charged in the accompanying indictment, before the Probate Court of this county, and found guilty.

The Judge thereupon addressed the Grand Jury at length upon this subject, showing to them in pointed terms their duty in the matter and, reiterating to them that the "Probate Court has no criminal jurisdiction, and that convictions found there are just as illegal as if found before a Justice of the Peace."

The jury then found a bill of indictment against GIPSON, upon which he was arraigned, and a day set for his trial. The day before his trial, however, he made his escape from the Sheriff of this County, in whose custody he was confined, and has not yet been recaptured.

On Friday, the 4th inst., THEODORE THORP, indicted for a burglary committed in Davis County, was arraigned and plead guilty. He was thereupon sentenced by the Court to ten years' imprisonment in the Penitentiary.

On his way to the Penitentiary THORP told the Deputy-Marshal and Mr. HARTNETT, the Secretary of State for this Territory, that he was arrested by the Sheriff of Davis County, upon suspicion, and that after the preliminary examination before a Justice of the Peace, he was taken by the Sheriff and others and repeatedly hung up by the neck until animation was suspended, and was thus forced to confess his guilt and tell where the money was hidden. The statements of the prisoner alone, in regard to such an occurrence, we should have received with caution, were not the marks and bruises of the rope distinctly and plainly visible on his neck.

On Wednesday, the 10th ult., the civil docket being called, the first case brought up for trial was one which had lain over from the last Term against BILL HICKMAN, the notorious *Danite* leader, on a note of hand for some $480, drawn about five years ago, and remaining unpaid. The plaintiff, whose name was CHARLES M. DROWN, has lived during the greater portion of that time in California, and had not had the opportunity until now of enforcing the payment of the note. This suit at the time created no special interest beyond the fact of the temerity displayed by the plaintiff in daring to sue BILL HICKMAN.

By consent of parties, the right to a jury was waived, and the case submitted to the Judge. Upon hearing the evidence in the case and the argument of counsel on both sides, the Judge unhesitatingly rendered judgment against HICKMAN, and in favor of DROWN. Subsequent events, which I shall presently refer to, rendered this an important case.

After the judgment in this case was rendered, an effort was made by HICKMAN'S counsel to obtain a new trial, which was overruled by the Court.

In the meantime, the Grand Jury had found an indictment against RALPH PIKE, a Sergeant in Company I, of the Tenth Infantry, U. S. Army, for an assault with intent to kill, committed upon one HOWARD SPENCER at the Military Reserve, in Rush Valley, last Spring.

On Thursday, Aug. 11, Sergeant PIKE was in the Court room all the morning, in the custody of the Marshal, awaiting his trial. At about 12 o'clock he was sent by the Marshal to the Salt Lake House, under guard, to procure his dinner. Just as he reached the porch of the Hotel, a man who was recognized as HOWARD SPENCER stepped up to him from behind, saying, "Are you the man who struck me in Rush Valley?"—and at the same time drawing his pistol, he fired at PIKE, the ball entering at the right side, near the twelfth rib, inflicting a mortal wound. After shooting PIKE, SPENCER ran unmolested across Main-street, in the very heart of the business part of the city through a large crowd of persons, and, reaching a cross street, jumped on his horse, which was standing there ready for him, and rode off.

There were at least one hundred persons present who saw this daring murder committed, and yet only the comrades of PIKE, who had come up with him as witnesses, and a few Gentiles, who stood near at the time, made any pursuit of the murderer. One of the soldiers had his pistol drawn upon SPENCER in the chase, and would have shot him, had not his arm been caught by one of the *policemen* of the city.

PIKE lingered in dreadful agony until Monday morning, when he died. He was known in the army as the best soldier in the Tenth Regiment, and was esteemed as a gentleman by every one. His funeral at Camp Floyd was attended by nearly 2,000 persons.

On Thursday, the 18th inst., ALEX. WILSON, Esq., the United States District-Attorney, entered a *nolle prosequi* on the indictment for treason found against BRIGHAM YOUNG and the other leaders o the Mormon rebellion, in Chief Justice ECKLES Court, held at Fort Bridger, in Green River County in the Winter of 1857--58.

On Friday the Court adjourned until the 12th of September next, to give the attornies an opportunity to attend the session of the First District Court, which met at Nephi, in Juab County, on Monday.

Immediately after Court adjourned on Friday the Marshal was directed by Mr. DROWN'S counsel to stay the execution issued in his favor against BILL HICKMAN one week, as HICKMAN had informed him he intended to settle the matter so that it would not be necessary to serve the execution.

On Saturday, the 20th inst., DROWN, who lives some 16 miles south of this city, came to town on business, accompanied by JOSIAH ARNOLD, his neighbor, and the principal witness in his suit against HICKMAN. That afternoon HICKMAN was riding about town, accompanied by some eight or nine of his gang of Danites, and several persons then remarked that there was mischief brewing.

At about 10 o'clock that night the city was startled by the rapid firing of pistol shots on Main-street. Some thirty shots were fired within two minutes. Upon inquiry, we learned that at that time HICKMAN and his gang rode up to the house of Mr. EDDY, on Main-street, in the most thickly settled part of the city, where DROWN and ARNOLD were stopping for the night, and called for DROWN to come out. DROWN refused to do so; whereupon the party broke down both the front and back doors of the house and commenced firing in upon DROWN and ARNOLD, shooting the former fatally through the abdomen, so that he died early the next morning, and the latter through the fleshy part of the thigh. ARNOLD, in the encounter, retained his self-possession sufficiently to fire his revolver at the assailants five times, and one of them was heard to exclaim, "I am shot!"

After committing this bold and dreadful murder, the party mounted their horses and rode around town unmolested.

At about 3 o'clock that same night, Mr. SPENCER and his family, living one block from the house in which DROWN was murdered, were woke up by an unusual noise in front of the house. Looking out of the window, they saw two men clenched in a struggle. Presently one of them fell, groaning as if dying, and the other one ran off. The wounded man, with a desperate effort, got up and staggered across the pavement into the street, where he again fell, and, as Mr. SPENCER is positive, died. Mr. S. was afraid to go out and assist the wounded man, or to see who it was, but determined to watch the body until morning. Just before daybreak, however, three men came and carried off the body.

In the morning the Marshal, being apprised of the fact, visited the place and found a large pool of blood, and a hat lying near the spot.

It is a matter of conjecture who this man was; whether it was some new victim who was killed with a knife, or whether it was one of the assailing party who was fatally wounded by a shot from ARNOLD'S pistol, and was endeavoring to get off undiscovered.

Thus during the past short session of the Court three men have become victims to their efforts to obtain justice before it. By the murder of one of these a suit brought against the Church leaders was most easily disposed of. By the murder of another and the wounding of his companion, a timely lesson was given to the people of the Territory, that it was *death* to dare to make use of a United States Court in obtaining redress for the wrongs committed upon them by the "destroying angels" of the Church.

In its past session it has been able to do nothing except to pass sentence upon a man who was compelled by torture to confess his participation in a burglary committed upon a good Mormon, and in civil cases to render judgment where judgment was confessed. In those cases in which a jury was called, the jury had either to be discharged in consequence of the abduction of witnesses, or else their verdict had to be set aside by the Court and a new trial granted. All possible means were made use of to exhaust the time and patience of the Court, and, by creating vexation and delay, to subvert the ends of justice.

The Federal Judges having recently made complaints to the proper Department in regard to the official conduct of Mr. WILSON, the United States District Attorney for this Territory, he will leave here for Washington about the 15th inst., in company with Mr. HOOPER, the newly-elected Mormon delegate for Congress, in order to justify himself before the Administration. In his absence he has deputized HOSEA STOUT, a most bitter Mormon, and the attorney of the Mormon Church and of the Danite organization, to act in his place.

The Hon. CHAS. E. SINCLAIR, Judge of this District, by request of his associates, will also leave this city during this month for Washington, *vid* California, to represent properly the condition of the Federal Judiciary here, and to suggest measures for its proper relief, at the hands of the Administration and Congress.

The following letter of resignation of P. K. DOTSON, Esq., late U. S. Marshal for the Territory, sent to the President on the 1st of August, several days before the session of the District Court, shows clearly the feeling existing among those best acquainted with the affairs of the Territory in regard to the efficiency of the present system of government in the Territory:

GREAT SALT LAKE CITY, }
Utah Territory, Aug. I, 1859. }
To His Excellency James Buchanan, President of the United States:

SIR: I hereby tender to your Excellency my resignation as United States Marshal for the Territory of Utah, to take effect from the 20th inst.

In tendering this my resignation, I deem it my duty to warn you, so far as my humble voice will avail, that the present policy of the Government towards this Territory will be fatal to Federal supremacy in Utah, and can only tend to build up, consolidate and perpetuate the political and ecclesiastical power of BRIGHAM YOUNG and his successors.

The unasked and to this day derided pardon extended to Treason, has only tended to encourage traitors, and the presence of Federal troops, crippled and humiliated by the instructions and restraints imposed on them, serves only the purpose of enriching the coffers of the Mormon Church and of subserving the ends of Mormon polity.

The Courts of the United States in the Territory, powerless to do good, in dreadful mockery of justice, are compelled to lend the power and majesty of the law to subserve the evil designs of the very criminals whom they seek to punish. Impotent to protect innocence, they encourage crime.

The Federal officers of the Territory, opposed and annoyed continually by those whose cordial support and coöperation could alone enable them effectively to sustain the dignity of the positions which they occupy, are as forms without substance, shadows without reality.

Though willing to serve the Administration from which I received my appointment, I cannot remain an officer of the Government without the power to maintain its dignity.

It becomes me, in this connection, to represent to your Excellency the entire inadequacy of the compensation of the United States Marshal in the Territory of Utah. The salary attached to this office is only $200 a year, and the fees in connection with the same have scarcely amounted to $800 per annum.

The duties of the Marshal are very onerous and fatiguing, and, if strictly attended to, preclude almost entirely his engaging in any other business.

In this expensive country an unsettled salary of $1,000 per annum will pay but a small share of the expenses of a family.

The Territorial Legislature have refused to appropriate the necessary funds to pay the Marshal's fees whilst engaged upon Territorial business; he is, therefore, obliged to perform the service gratuitously, or to place an effectual check upon the proceedings of the Court—an end which the legislators hoped by this means to accomplish. The emoluments of the office are thus entirely disproportioned to the labors it imposes.

I am; Sir, very respectfully,
Your obedient servant,
P. K. DOTSON,
U. S. Marshal for Utah Territory."

DELOSS GIPSON has since been rearrested, and is now again in confinement. Having killed the son of a Mormon Bishop, it is determined by the Church that he shall be punished, and a reward of $300 was offered by the Sheriff of this County for his recapture. A. B. C.

* In consequence of his action in regard to this forgery in which the Church leaders have been deeply implicated.

MORE OUTRAGES IN UTAH.

GREAT SALT LAKE CITY, Friday, Sept. 2, 1859.

The shedding of blood seems greatly on the increase in Zion. Since my last five persons have been shot within the walls of the New Jerusalem, a sixth been stabbed, and yet the authors of these crimes walk and ride through the streets by day and night undisturbed in their liberty and license for crime.

On Saturday night last a band of horsemen several times rode through the main street, and over the sidewalks, upon porches, and into drinking-houses, seemingly on a heavy blow-out. When riding down the street, about a block from the very centre of business and commotion, they commenced firing their *batteries*,—for you must know all such carry one or two "side-pieces" at least, and at all times. After discharging about thirty shots they wheeled and rode around several blocks and returned to the saloon drank several times and dispersed, when up came the report of two men badly shot by the party; as at the time of the firing they had surrounded and attacked a house, in which were some inimical parties, and shot one DROWN mortally, one ARNOLD badly, but not fatally, and having one of their own party wounded by return fire, they were obliged to leave off to attend him, else be detected outright, which would not do by any means; but so long as they can throw the lightest possible shade of concealment over their murderous deeds, no action is taken by the officials here to bring them to justice. The same evening a man was stabbed. A lady saw it from her window, but before assistance could be rendered the victim was removed, and thus he remains unknown. On the following (Sunday) night two other men were shot, neither mortally—yet by assassins. So things run riot throughout the Territory, and no action is taken to arrest them. Governor CUMMING is a mere cypher. He has never offered one cent reward for the capture of criminals; nor has he taken any visible steps to check the crime so rampant in our midst. None are safe. Parties are getting together and lodging about their places of business for safety. Another United States Court has been rendered a farce, and so it continues. The Army is a protection to the rascality of this people, and so they go on snapping their fingers and their pistols in Uncle Sam's face, regardless of any offence the old gentleman may take. Secretary HARTNETT and Judge SINCLAIR have both been threatened, and are marked for sacrifice at the first opportunity.

The Court at Nephi has proven of little avail. Parties fled, juries would not work, and nothing in criminal docket was effected save the conviction of MCKENZIE, the forger, who was sentenced to two years in the Penitentiary and to pay a small fine. Already petitions are afloat for his pardon. Rather precocious. He was left to his fate by his Mormon counsel, either for effect or for the want of funds. He arrived last night in charge of Deputy United States Marshal BIGLER, and will to-day be conducted to his quarters.

Large trains of Mormon emigrants have arrived, and others are near at hand. The Church train of merchandise, numbering about one hundred wagons, also arrived yesterday. The hand-cart train is expected in to-morrow.

The new paper, under name of the *Mountaineer*, made its appearance on last Saturday—made few promises for its future behavior—was quite forward for a nurseling—and from the cheers its birth received from the Danite band, we doubt its loyalty. Hereafter we are to have *weekly* mails, which is greatly rejoiced at. Colorado excitement failing. A. B.

LAW REPORTS.

ELLA BURNS CASE.

The Evidence—Sparring Among the Counsel—History of the Child—Medical Testimony as to her Treatment.

In the matter of the petition of Francis Whitten.—The readers of the TIMES will remember that a week ago Mr. Whitten commenced proceedings in the Supreme Court, before Mr. Justice DAVIES at Chambers, to obtain possession of his child, whose true name is Eva Bell Whitten, but who is known familiarly to the public under the name of "Ella Burns," in the capacity of a juvenile elocutionist, or as Mr. Crummles would say, "an infant phenomenon." The person who had possession of the child is a Mrs. Burns, who has been accustomed to exhibit her, and conduct her performances, and with considerable success. Mrs. Burn insisted that she was entitled to retain the child under any indenture of apprenticeship, by which the father had bound her out, to Mrs. Burns, some time ago, in the State of Ohio. The cause having been adjourned to enable counsel to produce affidavits, came on accordingly yesterday, before the same Justice.

Mr. Ashmead, as counsel for Mr. Whitten, commenced the proceedings by reading an affidavit in respect to the mode of treatment of the child. To this Mr. Laroque, on behalf of Mrs. Burns, objected. He said that the Court ought not to hear *ex parte* affidavits as evidence on which to determine the question of the custody of the child. If the witnesses were not produced in Court, the relator ought to proceed under the statutes of the State providing for the issuing of a commission to take testimony in such cases.

His Honor said that if he allowed the affidavit to be read, he would certainly give the defendants an opportunity of cross-examining the deponents as witnesses.

Mr. Ashmead said it was the settled law of England and this country that affidavits should be read.

A long argument then followed on their admissibility. The Judge finally allowed them to be read, with the privilege to the other side of cross-examining the witnesses.

The affidavits of Dr. Francis and Dr. Foster, followed, setting forth that the elocutionary lessons and mode of life led by Little Ella were detrimental to health and life.

Affidavits of Mrs. Bogart, Freligh and Kinney, deposing as to the ill effects upon the health of a child engaged in the pursuit of a profession like Little Ella, were also presented.

The affidavit of A. Fretto was next read, deposing that he had heard Mrs. Burns teaching Little Ella in Bleecker-street, in 1858; she had used harsh words to Little Ella, who wept bitterly; Mrs. Burns had said that it was her own child, who had not left her since its birth, and that her husband was in San Francisco.

Mrs. Fretto's affidavit was to the same facts.

Mrs. Elizabeth F. Ellett's affidavit stated that Mrs. Burns told her of Elia's reading at her benefit at the Academy of Music; she said that Professor Brown had given the child fifty or more lessons in elocution; that she had signed a contract to let Ella give readings with him for two years, but that she should break the contract, as it was not to her advantage; Mrs. Burns said she knew a point of law unknown to him and others generally, which would enable her to escape, if she chose, from any contract she might sign about the child; Mrs. Burns said she meant to speculate on the child, and had a right to do so; at various times, she had remarked, "Ella does not grow a bit, and I mean to keep her down as long as possible."

Francis Whitten, the relator, was then sworn and cross-examined. He testified that he resided in Cincinnati, where he was a policeman; his salary was $600 per annum, and he was dependent on his pay for subsistence; was a widower; had nine children and one step-child living; had been married twice; little Ella was his youngest; she would be six years old in December next; appreniced Ella in August, 1856, to Mrs. Pollock or Burns; within three weeks afterwards, witness went to see her, but could not find her; did not know the child was out of the State; a reading had been given by little Ella in Cincinnati about a year ago; he aided a little in getting it up, that is, he went on some errands for Mrs. Burns; he sold three tickets and gave the money to Mrs. Burns; Mrs. Burns had consented with him to take little Ella to the State of Indiana to give a reading there, and he had advised with her in relation to the matter on the express condition that they were to return within two or three days; he had objected to anything being done with the child at any of the theatres, as he did not like the associations of the stage; had not seen or heard of Mrs. Burns or the child from August 1856 to November 1857; witness had said to Mrs. Burns that she acted wrong in sending the child from the State without his consent; the present *habeas corpus* was issued on the 15th ultimo; knew Sergeant Lefferts; had conversed with him at Mr. Cook's office; did not recollect that he (Lefferts) had asked witness what Mrs. Ellet had to do with the case, and that witness had said Mrs. Ellet was to have the child.

The examination of the relator being here concluded, the Court adjourned until this morning.

DECISION IN ADMIRALTY ON APPEAL.

Collision Between Sailing Vessels—When Larboard Tack may hold on.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—SEPT. 27.

Before Judge Nelson.

William H. Wells vs. *The Schooner Ann Caroline.*—NELSON, C. J.—The libel in this case was filed by the owner of the schooner *John C. Wells*, against the schooner *Ann Caroline*, to recover damages for a collision occurring in the month of February, 1854, on the Eastern shore of Delaware Bay. The two vessels were beating up the Bay in company with several other vessels, in a channel about a mile wide, between Crow Shoal and the Jersey shore. The wind was N. N. W., about a five or six knot breeze; the tide flood, setting up the Bay. The *John C. Wells* was close-hauled on her larboard tack, which was her long tack from Crow Shoal to the Jersey shore; the *Ann Caroline* close-hauled on her starboard tack on the opposite course from the Jersey shore to Crow Shoal. The *Wells* was very heavily laden—the *Ann Caroline* in ballast. The two vessels had tacked at the Crow Shoal upon their long tack nearly at the same time, the *Caroline* at the time being to the leeward of the *Wells* and somewhat astern of her. The *Ann Caroline* ran out but one-half or two-thirds of her course, when she suddenly came round on her starboard tack, in consequence of a vessel ahead suddenly backing and obstructing her course. While on this course she came in collision with the *Wells*, striking her on her starboard side aft, about ten or fifteen feet from her taffrail, opening her side, and from which injury she sank to the bottom of the channel in a few minutes.

The main ground upon which the defence of the *Ann Caroline* is placed is, that she was on the starboard or privileged tack, and that it was the duty of the *Wells* to give way and pass to her right. The controling question in the case is whether or not the *Wells* was to the windward, and so far above the course of the *Caroline*, before the two vessels came together, as to forbid the application of this settled rule of navigation, that when two vessels are approaching each other on opposite tacks, both having the wind free, the one on the larboard tack shall give way and pass to the right. On looking into the proofs in the case, which are very voluminous, it will be found that the testimony of the master and hands on board of the respective vessels, as usual, is contradictory—those of the *Wells* claiming that the course of the *Caroline* was to the leeward and southerly of that of their vessel, while those on the *Caroline* insist that her course was to windward of the *Wells*.

If the case stood upon the testimony of these witnesses, we should regard it as so far conflicting and doubtful as to lead us not to interfere with the decree of the Court below dismissing the libel. But there are four witnesses, masters and hands upon other vessels, engaged at the same time in beating up this channel, and who were on the same tack with the *Wells*, but to the leeward and a little to her stern, who witnessed the collision and the course of the vessels previous to the accident, and they all concur in confirming the testimony of the master and hands of the *Wells* as to the course and relative position of the two vessels. The testimony of one of these witnesses has been taken in this Court and was not before the Court below, which is very explicit and direct upon this question. There were several considerations urged on the argument by the counsel on both sides in support of their respective views of the case, which, as they rest principally upon a controverted state of facts, we do not deem it important to notice. We must, therefore, reverse the decree of the Court below, and direct a reference to a commissioner to take proofs and report upon the libelant's damages in the case.

For libelant and appellant, Messrs. Benedict, Burr & Benedict; for respondents, Mr. Donohue and Messrs. Owen & Vose.

Important Patent Case.

CAVEAT—ITS EFFECT WHEN NOTICE OF A SUBSEQUENT APPLICATION FOR A PATENT IS NOT GIVEN.

We publish the following opinion of Judge NELSON in a patent case in the District of Connecticut, on account of the importance of the decision itself and the residence of the parties in this City.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT.

District of Connecticut.

Phelps, Dodge & Co. vs. *Brown Brothers & Co.*—NELSON, C. J.—A patent was granted to the plaintiffs, as assignees of Lyman C. Camp, on Jan. 9, 1855, for a machine for the manufacturing of brass kettles. On Jan. 16, 1854, Camp had caused to be deposited in the Patent Office a caveat, describing his said invention, with drawing of his machine. A patent was also granted to O. W. Minard, for the same invention, on April 18, 1856. A caveat, with drawing annexed, accurately describing his machine, had been filed in the Patent Office, April 17, 1854. The defendants claim under this patent.

The application of Camp for a patent was made in November, 1854, within a year from the time of filing the caveat by Minard, but no notice was given to him of the interference of Camp's application by the Commissioner of Patents.

The 12th section of the Patent act of 1836 provides for the filing of a caveat in the confidential archives of the Patent Office; and that, if application shall be made by any other person within a year from the filing of the caveat, for a patent for an invention that shall interfere with the one described in the caveat, it is made the duty of the Commissioner to give notice to the person filing the caveat of the application, who shall within three months file his description, specification, drawings and model; and if, in the opinion of the Commissioner, the specifications and claims interfere with each other, like proceedings shall be had as in the case of interfering applications.

The fifteenth section provides, as a defence to an action for an infringment of a patent, among other things, that the plaintiff "had surreptitiously or unjustly obtained the patent for that which was, in fact, invented or discovered by another, who was using reasonable diligence in adopting and perfecting the same."

We are of opinion the case falls within the scope and meaning of the defence precsribed in Section 15. The purpose of the caveat is to save the discoverer from the effect of the rule of law which gives to the inventor that first adapts his invention to practical use, the right to the grant of the patent; and in case the Commissioner complies with the terms of the 12th section, it does secure him against the effect of the rule. It is not surprising, in the multiplicity of applications before the Commissioner, that he should accidentally overlook a caveat filed some time before the application by another party, and doubtless this officer issued the second patent in this case with the view that the patentee might have an opportunity of correcting the error. He should not be prejudiced by the accidental omission to give him the notice. New trial denied.

The Hudson City Lynch Law Case.

THE JURY DISAGREE—HOW THEY STOOD.

Mower vs. *Bogardus.*—In this case it will be recollected that the Jury were instructed to bring in a sealed verdict. They came into Court, however, stating that they could not agree. They were remanded by Mr. Justice POTTER for further consideration but after being shut up together some time longer without coming to any verdict they were discharged.

It is understood that three were in favor of acquitting all the defendants, and eight were for a verdict against some of the defendants; of the eight seven were for $10,000 and one for $15,000. There were but eleven jurors, one having been excused by reason of sickness.

West Washington Market Case.

The People and Taylor vs. *The Mayor, &c.*—This case was taken up again, and the proceeding of impanneling a jury continued, but the day drew to a close without the result having been accomplished.

The panel was exhausted, and an additional panel of 200 jurors was ordered, and the Sheriff directed to say to each of them that the fine would be enforced if not in attendance.

The matter was then adjourned over until Wednesday, with but ten jurors.

A Husband Imprisoned by his Wife.

In the matter of the petition of Robert M. Poor.—This was a *habeas corpus* to the keeper of the City Prison to produce the body of the petitioner, and a *certiorari* to Ald. Brady, who as a magistrate had committed the prisoner thereto, to produce the proceedings relative to the committal, that the Supreme Court might inquire into the justice of the imprisonment. Mr. Justice INGRAHAM, before whom the case came, took the papers which were submitted to him without argument, and will examine and determine the questions involved, and announce his decision probably this morning,

Notice.

The Supreme Court General Term will adjourn on Friday, Sept. 30. The balance of the calendar, which is not recalled at the adjournment, will first be called without further notices of the term to be held first Monday in November, to which time the present term will adjourn. New causes put upon the calendar will be called after the causes on the present calendar are disposed of.

Court Calendar—Wednesday, Sept. 28.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT.—West Washington Market case.

SUPREME COURT—GENERAL TERM.—Enumerated—Nos. 56. 63, 64, 65, 66, 68, 70, 72, 74, 75, 76, 77, 79, 10, 31, 37, 49, 81, 85, 86, 89, 90, 91, 69, 36, 58, 88, 92, 93, 95.

Real Estate.... TUESDAY, Sept. 27.

By order of the Court, Mr. JAMES M. MILLER sold house and lot, north side Monroe-street, 62 feet east Montgomery-street, 20x65 feet 4 inches, subject to lease for $1,000. Also house and lot north side Thirty-sixth-street, 165 feet west Second-avenue, 20x98 feet 9 inches, for $6,575. Bought by the plaintiffs in each suit.

Mr. MCCLAVE reports the sale of the four four-story dwellings, on the east side of Eleventh-avenue, commencing at the north corner of Thirty-fifth-street, each house 18 feet 9 inches by 45 feet lot, 70 feet deep. The four sold for $27,000.

Messrs. RAYNOR & BLACKWELL have sold one lot north side of Forty-second-street, about 62 feet east of Broadway, 25x100 feet 5 inches, for $7,000; also, one lot, north side of Seventy-eighth-street, 225 feet east of Second-avenue, full in size, for $550; also, one lot, south side of One Hundred and Twenty-second-street, about 350 feet west of Seventh-avenue, for $400.

We report the sale of 10 lots north side of One Hundred and Ninth-street, 100 feet east of Fifth-avenue. Five of the lots are 25x100 feet, and the others 20 feet front and rear by 100, for $4,800.

We hear it currently reported, and have no reson to doubt the fact, that Messrs. GREENLEAF and HOUGHTON, one or both, have bought the block of ground between Third and Fourth avenues and Ninety-eighth and Ninety-ninth streets, for $43,000. The same recently bought by Messrs. CLARK & Co. for $36,000, as is reported.

Sales of real estate at auction by ADRIAN H. MULLER:

Sept. 8, by order of A. D. DITTMARS, Referee, 1 lot north side of Thirty-ninth-street, 180 feet east of Fourth-avenue, 25x98 feet 9 inches, $4,200.

Sept. 14, 1859, by order of C. H. LILIENTHAL, Executor, 2 lots west side of Eleventh-avenue, 53 feet 11 inches north of Thirtieth-street, each 22 feet 5 inches by 100. Each $2,500.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

TO BAKERS, CONFECTIONERS, RESTAURATEURS AND OTHERS.—For sale on liberal terms the lease, stock and furniture of Fanning's large and splendid Ice Cream Saloon, Confectionery and Restaurant, covering the whole lot of ground No. 244 Grand-street. Reason for selling the owner's other business requires all his attention. This is one of the finest saloons in the City, and location for business unsurpassed. This is a chance worth attending to. Apply on the premises to E. T. FANNING.

FOR SALE—THE STOCK AND FIXTURES OF a grocery-store; has been doing, and is capable of doing, a first-rate business. Corner of 10th-st. and 1st-av. The owner wants to sell on account of ill health, and must go into the country. Inquire any day before 12 o'clock at the store, or of O. D. STEVENS, firm of Stevens & Durland, No. 17 1st-st., or of Mr. SEAMAN, No. 117 West-st.

FOR SALE—THE STOCK OF THE "OLD-established" Livery Stable, Nos. 151 and 153 Attorney-st., formerly owned by Henry W. Colyer, deceased, consisting of horses, carriages, wagons, sleighs, harness, &c. A lease of the premises can be had for a term of years. Apply to ABRAM BEEKMAN, No. 129 Attorney-st.

PAPER MILL FOR SALE.—A FIRST CLASS Paper Mill in good order, located at Trenton, N. J. It is driven by steam, and the exclusive water power of the Assanpink Creek. It has nine rag engines, two Fourdrinier machines, and is in every way a perfect mill. For further particulars apply to S. M. PETTENGILL & CO., Advertising Agents, No. 119 Nassau-st. New-York.

REAL ESTATE BUSINESS FOR SALE.—The advertiser is anxious to dispose of his business to a responsible party, who will continue the reputation it has already gained; situation of office is central, and offers a good opening to any one wishing to purchase an established business. Address REAL ESTATE, Box No. 164 *Times* Office.

$6.000 TO $10,000.—PARTNER WANTED with this amount by a thoroughly experienced and well posted man in the pawnbroker and loan-office business; this is an unusual good chance to get in a first-class paying business, without the least risk, as capital, with interest, is always at command. Address A. B., Box No. 140 *Times* Office.

PATENT FOR SALE.—CAPITALISTS ARE SOlicited to examine a useful invention, needed in every family, particularly for ladies. It has been patented in France, England and America. Office, No. 143 Fulton-st., near Broadway, third story. Office hours from 12 to 2 o'clock.

$25.000.—PARTNER WANTED—WHO can command $20,000 to $30,000, to take half interest in an old-established business; an active business man preferred, who can also invest his time. For particulars, apply to JOHN BRAINERD, 2 Pine-st.

$2.000.—A PARTY WANTED TO ENGAGE AS a partner in a neighboring city, in one of the very best paying businesses in this country, and one in which he may satisfy himself of before investing. Address IRON, Box No. 120 *Times* Office.

DRUG STORE FOR SALE AT NEWTOWN, L. I.—A good location for a physician or apothecary. Five years established. Rent low. Will be sold cheap. Apply to H. A. SIMMONS, Newtown, L. I.

LECTURES.

IRELAND AS IT WAS AND AS IT IS.—The Rev. Dr. EDGAR (one of the Irish deputation) will lecture on this subject in the Cooper Institute on THURSDAY EVENING, 29th inst., at 4 o'clock. Tickets of admission, 25 cents, may be had of Mr. CROWEN, No. 699 Broadway; CARTER & BROS., No. 530 Broadway; Mr. RANDOLPH, No. 683 Broadway; Mr. RUSHTON, No. 10 Astor House and No. 417 Broadway, and at the door. Proceeds will go to the Irish Mission.

CHRISTIAN UNION, OF BROOKLYN.—The address before this body, by O. B. FROTHINGHAM, was postponed, on account of the rain, till WEDNESDAY EVENING, the 28th inst., at the Polytechnic Institute, at 8 o'clock. Subject—*The Conditions of Full and Free Inquiry into Religion.*

MUSICAL.

HALLET & CUMSTON'S PIANO-FORTES,
Known for the past thirty years as among the best in the country.
IMPROVED NEW-YORK PIANOS.
SECOND-HAND PIANOS, first-class makers, in good order, at very low prices.
S. D. & H. W. SMITH'S
AMERICAN ORGANS, (12 stops,) PEDAL BASS, MELODEONS, and MELODEONS of every style fo Church, School or parlor use.
New and second-hand Pianos and Melodeons to rent. Rent allowed if purchased.
A. M. KANOUSE, No. 435 Broadway.

THE DRIGGS PATENT PIANO-FORTES.
Having purchased the manufacturing interest of DRIGGS, PARMELEE & Co., in the above Piano-Fortes, together with their extensive stock of materials, we are now prepared with greatly increased facilities to supply these instruments.
They are constructed on purely scientific principles; having upper and lower sounding-boards, (with an entire iron frame for sustaining the strain of the strings) the case forms a complete vibrating shell, and approaches nearer to the violin in perfection than any other instrument of its class.
The public are respectfully invited to call and see them at the Wareroom of this Company, No. 256 Canal-st. THE DRIGGS PIANO COMPANY.
Sole Manufacturers and Vendors.
LEWIS C. PARMELEE, Secretary.

DRIGGS PATENT PIANO FORTES.
Sole Agents—WM. HALL & SON,
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CHICKERING & SONS,
MANUFACTURERS OF
GRAND, SQUARE AND UPRIGHT PIANOS.
Warerooms No. 694 Broadway.
C. & SONS have been awarded 35 prize medals for the superiority of their manufacture for the past 35 years.
ALSO FOR SALE,
MASON & HAMLIN'S SUPERIOR
MELODEONS AND HARMONIUMS,
For parlors, churches, vestries and lodges,
At wholesale and retail.
PIANOS TO RENT.

WONDERFUL IMPROVEMENT IN GRAND PIANOS.
STEINWAY & SONS invite artists and the public in general to call and examine their newly-invented OVERSTRING GRAND PIANO, which, for power and quality of tone, is pronounced superior to any other grand piano by all who have examined it, among whom are the best musical judges of the country, such as R. GOLDBECK, TH. HAGEN, (Ed. of the *Musical Review*,) U. C. HILL, W. A. KING, W. MASON, R. C. TIMM, H. A. WOLLENHAUPT, A. H. WOOD, O. SAAR, and many others. STEINWAY & SONS,
Manufacturers, Nos. 82 and 84 Walker-st., New-York.

ESTABLISHED 35 YEARS.
We don't make the Patent (!) Pianos, or Pianos with the Attachment!!
But we do make good substantial and warranted Piano-fortes of excellent tone and action.
Our instruments RECOMMEND THEMSELVES IN PRICE as well as in other particulars.
Call and see them. New and second-hand PIANOS TO RENT. FIRTH, POND & CO.,
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BIBLE-HOUSE PIANO WAREROOMS.
Improved new scale 7-octaves, at $200, $250 and $300.
T. H. CHAMBERS, Bible House, Astor-place.

PIANOS, MELODEONS AND ORGANS.—The Horace Waters' Pianos and Melodeons, for depth, purity of tone and durability, are unsurpassed. Prices reasonable. Second-hand Pianos and Melodeons from $25 to $150. Pianos and Melodeons to rent. Monthly payments received for Pianos. HORACE WATERS, Agent, No. 333 Broadway. TESTIMONIALS—"The Horace Waters Pianos are known as among the very best."—*Evangelist.* "We can speak of their merits from personal knowledge."—*Christian Intelligencer.* "Waters' Pianos and Melodeons challenge comparison with the finest made anywhere in the country."—*Home Journal.*

LIGHTE & BRADBURYS, MANUFACTURERS OF GRAND AND SQUARE PIANO-FORTES—Constructed with all the improvements conducive to superiority of tone, touch and durability, and to any required style of furniture. An extensive assortment always on sale at their Warerooms and Office, No. 423 Broome-st.; also at their Depôt No. 22 Cortlandt-st.

HALLET, DAVIS & CO'S GRAND, PARLOR GRAND AND SQUARE PIANOS.—SECOND HAND PIANOS made by Chickering, Gilbert, Hallet, Davis & Co. Prices from $30 to $200. Melodeons very low. Pianos and Melodeons to rent. T. S. BERRY, No. 458 Broadway, corner Grand-st., marble building.

GOLD MEDAL PIANOS.—G. & H. BANNORE, manufactory and wareroom No

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT girl, a situation as nurse and seamstress; is capable of cutting and fitting children's clothes; one who is fully competent and understands her business; has lived in the best of families, and has best of City reference; is advertising from her last place, where she has lived nearly four years; has no objection to the South. Call at No. 77 East 18th-st., from 12 o'clock till 5.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS A FIRST-CLASS cook in a small private family; understands all kinds of family cooking; has lived for five years in one family; has the best of City reference; to be seen for two days. Inquire at No. 471 6th-av., between 28th and 29th sts., in the fancy store. No objection to go to Brooklyn.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS HOUSEKEEPER by a middle-aged American woman to keep house for a lady or gentleman, or to take care of an invalid; is willing to make herself generally useful. Can give the best City reference from a lady in whose employ she has been for years. Call or address personally, or by letter for three days, at No. 323 Canal-st., up stairs

WANTED—BY TWO RESPECTABLE YOUNG women situations as sisters in a private family, one as cook ready to assist in the washing and ironing, and the other to do chamberwork and fly do the plain sewing; have the best of City references. Call at No. 74 West 22d-st., between 6th and 7th avs., over the livery stable.

WANTED—BY TWO RESPECTABLE GIRLS, A situation, one as cook and to assist in washing and ironing; the other as chambermaid and waitress; they can give good reference from their last place, where they lived the last four years. Can be seen at No. 7 Atlantic-st., South Brooklyn, second floor, front room.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN EXPERIENCED woman, as cook in a private family; understands soup, meats, pastry and baking; has best of City references; is willing to assist in washing and ironing. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 68½ 3d-av., in the bakery, between 11th and 12th sts.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, with good City references, a situation as cook, washer and ironer, in a small family; or to do chamberwork and assist in the washing and ironing. Can be seen for two days, at her present employer's, No. 65 East 19th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL, A SITuation to cook, wash and iron; has no objection to general housework in a small family. Has the best of City reference from her last place. Call at No. 201 West 28th-st., between 8th and 9th avs..

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE girl as chambermaid or laundress; no objection to do chamberwork and assist with the washing; has the best of City reference from her last place; can be seen at No. 387 6th-av., one door from corner of 24th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A NEAT WOMAN, as first-class meat and pastry cook; understands jellies, soups and game; satisfactory City reference; no objection to a first-class boarding-house. Apply at No. 34 6th-st., near 2d-av., from 9 to 5 o'clock.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT woman, a situation as cook; she understands her business thoroughly; no objection to assist in the washing and ironing. Can be seen, till engaged, at No. 121 27th-st., between 7th and 8th avs., in a grocery store.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT GIRL, A SITUAtion as nurse or plain seamstress, or would do chamberwork, or would assist in fine washing and ironing; has lived two years in her last place. Call at No. 258 3d-av., corner 22d-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS CHAMBERMAID, for a young woman who can be recommended for her faithfulness by the family with whom she is now living, at No. 170 Amity-st., Brooklyn, where she can be seen.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A RESPECTABLE Protestant young girl, lately landed, in a respectable Protestant family to learn to do chamberwork and assist in the laundry. Prefers a comfortable home for the Winter more than wages. Call at 110 East 27th-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG PROTESTANT WOMAN a situation as cook and to assist in washing and ironing; will give the best of City reference. Apply at No. 87 West 24th-st, between 6th and 7th-avs., for two days.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG WOman, a situation as chambermaid and waitress, in some private family. The best City references can be given, and she can be seen during this week at her present place of employment, No. 55 Bleecker-st.

WANTED—A RESPECTABLE GIRL WANTS A situation as nurse and seamstress in a private family; has the best of City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 232 7th-av., between 26th and 27th sts.; third floor, front room.

WANTED—A HOUSEKEEPER OR AMANUENSIS situation, by a widow of 26, whom a reverse of fortune has deprived of a home; would not object to travel as companion. Address, for one week, MANONA, Station D, 8th-st., New-York.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT, a situation as chambermaid and laundress, or chambermaid and plain sewer; understands her business perfectly; has lived 12 years in her last situation. Apply at No. 171 West 14th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A RESPECTABLE young Protestant girl in a private family to do chamberwork and waiting, or to take care of children and do plain sewing; good reference given. Call, for two days, at No. 127 Madison-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble young woman as chambermaid, and to do washing and ironing; has the best of City reference. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 128 29th-st., between 2d and 3d avs., second floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE Protestant girl as chambermaid and laundress, or to do the housework of a private family; no objection to the country; has good recommendations. Call at No. 289 1st-av.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT WOMAN, A situation as nurse, cook, or chambermaid and waitress; also, by a colored young woman, as nurse and seamstress, waitress, or chambermaid and fine washer. Apply at No. 7 11th-st., near Broadway.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOman, a situation as waitress; thoroughly understands her business. Call at her present employer's, where she has lived for the last three years, at No. 36 East 13th-st.

WANTED—TWO PROTESTANT YOUNG GIRLS want situations; one as cook in a small private family, the other as waitress and chambermaid; either separate or together; good City references. Call at No. 1 Lawrence-st., corner of Tillary-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO RESPECTAble women; are first-rate washers and ironers; understand all kinds of house cleaning. Call or address at No. 182 Madison-st., in the rear, first floor, back room; the best of reference.

WANTED—A RESPECTABLE GIRL WANTS A situation to do chamberwork and waiting, or chamberwork and fine washing; has good City reference. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 220 7th-av., between 26th and 27th sts., 3d floor, front room.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG GIRL as chambermaid and wait on the table, or to take care of children and make herself generally useful in a private family. Call, for two days, at No. 50 Pearl-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—BY A MOST RESPECTABLE English Protestant girl, a situation as nurse and seamstress; is fully competent to take the charge of children, and has three years' experience; a situation in either country or City. Call at No. 414 Broadway.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE woman; is a good cook, and is also a good baker; would be willing to assist in the washing and ironing; has good City reference. Call for two days at No. 7 West 20th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS A GOOD COOK, IN A private or nice boarding house, by a steady, middle-aged woman, who knows her business thoroughly, and comes well recommended. Call at No. 69 6th-av., second floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY AN ENGLISH girl, as chambermaid and nurse; has no objection to light chamberwork and waiting. Apply at No. 105 1st-av., between 6th and 7th sts. The best of City reference can be given.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG GIRL to do chamberwork and washing or to assist in washing; has good City reference. Apply at No. 132 3d-av., from 9 A.M. to 5 P.M., for two days.

WANTED—IMMEDIATELY, BY A SMART, TIDY girl, a situation as chambermaid and waiter in a small private family. Can be seen in her last place, and can be well recommended. Apply at No. 232 West 22d-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COOK BY A young woman who thoroughly understands her business. Call at her present employer's, where she has lived for the last four years, No. 36 East 13th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A WOMAN AS cook, washer and ironer; has the best City reference. Apply at No. 15 11th-st., between 3d and 4th avs.; can be seen till suited.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A SITUAtion as chambermaid and laundress, or waitress; is a person of neatness and experience. City reference. Apply at No. 62 20th-st., corner of 6th-av.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL, A SITUation as chambermaid and waiter, or chambermaid and seamstress. Five years' reference from her last place. Can be seen at No. 90 West 28th-st., for two days.

WANTED—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG PROTESTant girl wishes to get a situation as chambermaid in a private family, or to do light housework. Call at No. 60 Gouverneur-st., Room No. 10.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman as cook, who understands her business, and can give the best of reference from her last place. Can be seen at No. 438 6th-av., in the store.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT girl as chambermaid and plain seamstress, or as nurse. Call at No. 96 West 24th-st., between 6th and 7th avs. Good reference.

WANTED—BY AN ENGLISH GIRL—A SITUAtion as chambermaid or first-rate laundress; good City reference from last place. Call, for two days, at No. 106 1st-av., third floor, front room, near 7th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE girl, as chambermaid and laundress; the best of City reference. Call at No. 113 St. Mark's-place, 8th-st.

UPHOLSTERY WORK WANTED—BY A lady who thoroughly understands the fitting of furniture covers and all branches of the business. Address or call at No. 82 West 17th-st.

WANTED.—CITY AND COUNTRY LADIES WHO wish to economize by employing good, faithful girls, are invited to call or send to the Domestic Institute and Home, No. 69 6th-av., where efficient domestics can be obtained. The proprietor, E. CARROLL, has known many of these girls from 5 to 15 years.

ALL EMPLOYERS IN WANT OF GOOD German, English, Irish and Scotch servants, can always procure them on moderate terms, by applying at the Employment Institute, No. 424 Broadway. This large establishment is conducted on correct business principles, by MORRIS COHNERT.

GOOD FEMALE AND MALE FRENCH, German and other servants, at Nos. 13 and 14 Bible House, 8th-st., between 3d and 4th avs.; also, first-class French and other cooks. French and German languages spoken. A lady in attendance.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—BY A VERY RESPECTABLE WOMAN a situation as cook; washes; is a good cook and an excellent washer and ironer; also a situation by a young woman as chambermaid, seamstress and nurse; both would do general housework; a home in preference to high wages; no objection to country. A small girl wants a situation to mind children, and make herself generally useful; wages $3 per month. Call at No. 510 Broadway, 3d floor, front room, for two days.

WANTED.—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young girl to do chamberwork and washing, or to do chamberwork and sewing; can give the best of City reference from her last employer, with whom she lived for two years. Also a situation by a respectable young woman as cook; can give the best of City reference from her last employer, with whom she lived five years. Call for two days at No. 6 East 31st-st., front room.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS LAUNDRESS BY a highly respectable and experienced girl; is thoroughly competent in all kinds of fine washing and ironing; or would be willing to do chamberwork and assist in the laundry; has just left a clergyman's family in Staten Island, where she has been as laundress, with the very highest recommendations. Apply at No. 10 Tillary-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A RESPECTAble young woman; is an excellent plain cook and understands her work thoroughly. Has no objection to assist in washing, or as laundress and chambermaid. Can fill either situation and give entire satisfaction. Has got three years' and-a-half reference. Call or address a note, for two days, to No. 237 4th-av., between 19th and 20th sts.

WANTED—BY A NEAT, RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman, a situation as cook, washer and ironer, or general housework; will be found fully competent for her duties, and not afraid of work; could fill a place as laundress and chambermaid; well recommended in City and country. Apply at No. 378 6th-av., first floor, front room.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS CHAMBERMAID and fine washer and ironer, or as laundress in a small family, or as child's nurse; is capable of taking the entire charge of a baby from its birth; understands how to fulfill a situation thoroughly; no objection to travel; three years' reference. Apply at No. 145 6th-av., between 10th and 11th sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A YOUNG WOman, as ladies' maid and seamstress; can cut and fit ladies' and children's dresses; understands doing up muslins and French fluting, and hair dressing, or would like to wait on a lady going to France or Europe. Has good City reference. Call at No. 97 12th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

WANTED.—TWO RESPECTABLE AND SMART women wish to obtain work by the day; they are first-rate washers and ironers; excellent house cleaners; can give the best of City reference as to honesty and capability. Call or address Mrs. HOWES, No. 162 Madison-street, in the rear house, first floor. Also family washing taken in the house and done in the best manner

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A RESPECTABLE young woman, as seamstress; is capable of doing all kinds of family sewing, and willing to assist in light work, if required. City reference. No objection to the country. Call at No. 192 7th-av., between 23d and 24th sts., for two days.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL, A SITUation as cook in a private family; she thoroughly understands her business; has no objections to assist at the washing and ironing, if required. The best City references. Call at No. 213 East 23d-st., between 1st and 2d avs., top floor.

WANTED.—A SITUATION BY A STEADY, RESpectable person as nurse—she is well experienced in children; can take charge of an infant, and a nursery, or grown children, and plain sewing; has the best City reference. Call at No. 373 1st av., between 22d and 23d sts., over the druggist-store, Room No. 6.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A RESPECTAble young woman, to do chamberwork and waiting, or chamberwork and to assist in washing and ironing; the best of City reference can be given. Apply at No. 212 East 21st-st., second floor, front room.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A MOST RESpectable middle-aged woman, as cook, washer and ironer, in a private family. Can give the best of City reference. Apply to Mr. MORGAN, No. 3 Myrtle-av., Brooklyn.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FAMILY SEAMStress by a very competent girl; is a nice hand at children's clothing, shirt making, ladies' clothing and family sewing. Call at No. 254 7th-av., north of 26th-st., second floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOman as chambermaid and seamstress, or as child's nurse and seamstress; the very best of City reference can be given. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 149 35th-st., between 7th and 8th avs., from 10 to 5 o'clock.

WANTED—BY THREE RESPECTABLE YOUNG girls situations; one as chambermaid, nurse and seamstress; the other as waitress; good references from their last places. Call for two days at No. 76 5th-st., near 1st-av.

WANTED—BY A NEAT, RESPECTABLE GIRL, a situation as good plain cook; is a first rate washer and ironer, and can make bread, biscuit and pies; in a small private family. Call at the office, No. 302 8th-av., near 26th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOman, as first-class cook; understands her business in all its branches; has the best of City Reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 88 29th-st., near Lexington-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOman, as cook; has no objection to assist in washing and ironing; has the best of City reference from her last place. Apply at No. 359 2d-av., third floor, front room, between 22d and 23d sts.

WANTED—A MIDDLE AGED WIDOW LADY, with one child, a girl aged eight years, wants a situation as housekeeper and assistant in a widower's family, or in any household requiring a faithful person, at any light work. Call at No. 169 East 24th-st., west of 1st-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A RESPECTABLE young woman, as first-class cook; understands French and American cooking. The best of City references. Can be seen at No. 60 West 32d-st., in the rear, first floor.

WANTED—A GIRL FIFTEEN OR SIXTEEN years of age to do light work and make herself generally useful. None need apply unless they can come well recommended for honesty, &c. No. 29 Henry-st., New-York.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOman, a situation as wet nurse. The best of City reference given. Inquire at No. 293 Rivington-st., of Mrs. ROBINSON, for three days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS NURSE BY AN EXperienced woman, who can give the very best references. Apply to W. T. Hatch, No. 292 Broadway, or No. 77 Clark-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A SITUAtion as waitress and chambermaid, or as the latter and laundress; has three years' City reference in one place. Call at No. 327 6th-av., near 21st-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A WOMAN AS a first-class cook; understands her business thoroughly, and can be seen at No. 89 West 11th-st., for a few days, rear house.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS NURSE AND seamstress by a young woman; or to sew and take care of children in a private family. Apply at No. 27 Park-st., 1st floor, for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPETENT woman as cook; the best of City reference can be given. Can be seen for two days at No. 39 West 13th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.—FIRST-CLASS FAMIly Office. WESLEY & CO.'S Select Female Office, No. 292 4th-av., near 22d-st. A lady in attendance. There never was a more respectable, experienced and well-recommended a class of girls to be found waiting for situations than there is at present—Scotch, English, Welsh, Protestant, and others. Ladies, please observe we do not advertise to a private number.

MALES.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN FROM THE West, 19 years of age, a situation in some wholesale grocery, hardware or commission store, as assistant book-keeper, shipping or entry clerk; best of City or Western reference given if required; salary not so much of an object as permanent employment. Address CINCINNATI, Box No. 198 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A GARDENER'S SITUATION, BY A man of thirteen years' practical experience in green-houses, graperies, flower grounds, and well understands the laying out of new grounds to order; well experienced in the planting of fruiting trees and shrubberies; understands the care of cattle. City reference this last seven years. Any parties in want of such a man may address M. GARDNER, No. 9 John-st., N. Y.

WANTED—A WAITER'S SITUATION IN A private family by a single young man, who understands his business perfectly; has the best of City reference for honesty, sobriety and good temper; is not afraid of work; would go to the country or travel. Address M. O., Mr. Green's drug-store, 14th-st., corner of Broadway, for two days.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, IN A RESPECTable private family, a situation as coachman; he thoroughly understands his business, in all its branches, and perfectly the care and management of horses; is an excellent driver; the best of City reference as to capability, honesty and sobriety. Address F. O. B. Box No. 206 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A GERMAN MAN AND HIS WIFE, without incumbrance, situations. The woman is an excellent cook; also, chambermaid and waitress, or seamstress; can turn her hand to anything; the man is a first-class waiter; is willing to make himself useful about the house. Has the best of reference. Apply at No. 424 Broadway, up stairs.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN, BY a single man, who is a most competent groom and steady driver; has had long experience in the care and treatment of horses both in this and the old country; is not afraid of hard work; can give the best of City reference. Apply at No. 654 Broadway, or address M. E., Box No. 206 *Times* Office.

WANTED.—A HIGHLY RECOMMENDED YOUNG man wishes a situation as coachman and groom; understands the care and treatment of horses perfectly; understands all kinds of farm-work and gardening, and would make himself in every way useful. A steady place (not high wages) wanted. Call at No. 129 Waverly-place.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A SINGLE MAN AS coachman and groom, no objection to work in a garden if required, or make himself generally useful; understands the care of horses, and is a good driver; understands his business in all its branches. Address H. W. Box No. 207 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A COACHMAN'S SITUATION BY A single young man 24 years of age, to take care of a team of horses, carriage, &c.; understands the care and management of horses; is a good City driver; has four years' recommend from his last employers. Address, for two days, T. C., Box No. 191 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT man, a situation as waiter, in a private family, who perfectly understands his business in all its branches; has lived with some of the best families in the City; can produce the best of City reference. Call or address, for two days, at No. 871 Broadway, in the fruit store.

WANTED—BY A COLORED MAN, A SITUATION as Waiter in a private family; he is master of his business; can be seen at MRS. GREEN'S Intelligence Office, No. 820 Broadway, for 3 days.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

MALES.

A FIRST-RATE GARDENER, HAVING learned his business in one of the most practical establishments in England, and had charge of some of the best gentlemen's places in the United States, middle aged, married, with but a small family, is now desirous of a situation; he can lay out in the most modern style a new garden and pleasure grounds, has a thorough practical knowledge of grapes, under glass or out—fruit in every department, as also green-houses and orchards, with every minutiæ of the vegetable garden, and works hard himself. Terms moderate. References—George Pearce, Esq., Barclay-st., New-York; Mr. George C. Thorburn, Newark, N. J., or J. M. Thorburn & Co. Address JOHN MASTERS, Newark, N. J., or J. M. Thorburn & Co., No. 15 John-st., New-York.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG MAN, a situation as coachman and gardener, or groom; understands his business perfectly, as his present employer can certify. No objections to country. Also, a situation by a young man to take care of horses, milk cows and farming generally; is a good driver, a good plain gardener, and is willing to make himself useful. Good references. Wages for garden work, $10 per month. Call or address COACHMAN, No. 510 Broadway, third floor, for two days.

WANTED—A PORTER'S SITUATION, BY A strong, healthy young man, 22 years of age; of industrious habits; can read and write; understands the care of a horse and driving; would devote his whole time to his employer; wages not such an object as to have steady employment. Call at No. 135 1st-av., corner of 9th-st.; or if more convenient, address J. M., B No. 192 *Times* Office. Can be seen until engaged.

WANTED—BY A MARRIED ENGLISHMAN without family, a situation as groom and coachman in a private family; understands the care and treatment of horses in all their different branches, and is a careful driver. Also, by the woman, as cook, washer and ironer in the same family. Have got good reference from their late employer. A letter addressed E. P., Box No. 212 *Times* Office, for two days, will be attended to.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A VERY ACTIVE young man as carpenter on a farm; has a practical knowledge of building, fencing, painting, repairing farming implements; would make himself generally useful. The best of reference given by calling at Mr. Campbell's dry goods store, No. 178 3d-av., near 17th-st., for two days. Here is a chance for farmers seldom met with.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN AND to be generally useful by a very respectable and deserving young man; will take care of a horse and wagon, work in the garden, or be willing to do anything around the place; understands his business; is not afraid of work, and for honesty and good conduct, refers to the last gentleman he lived with. Apply at No. 10 Tillary-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN AND groom, by a respectable man, who perfectly understands the care and treatment of horses; is a most competent groom and steady driver; will also make himself useful; has had long experience in the care and treatment of horses; has the best of City reference from his last employers; has no objections to the city or country. A note addressed to J. R. D., Box No. 200 *Times* Office, will be promptly attended to.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN IN A private family, by a sober, steady man, without incumbrance; a man who thoroughly understands his business as to the management of horses in all their diseases, and has the best of City reference; has no objection to go South or to the country. Any address left for P. C., Box No. 202 *Times* Office, will be punctually attended to for two days.

WANTED—A MAN AND HIS WIFE, WITHOUT family, want situations; the man as coachman and his wife as laundress, in a small family; both understand their business perfectly well; have the best of City reference from their last place, where they lived six years and six months. Address J. C., for two days, Box No. 190 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young man, 21 years of age, as groom, or can drive, and understands the care of horses; would make himself generally useful around a gentleman's establishment; no objection to country or City; the former preferred; good City references. Address M. E., Box No. 196 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN OR groom by a respectable man who perfectly understands his business in all its branches; has good City reference; would make himself useful if required. A note addressed T. C., to Mr. R. CAMPBELL, No. 50 4th-av., will be attended to for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WAITER IN A private family, by a young man who has lived with some of the best families in New-York. A note address to W. G., at Mr. John Morris' grocery store, corner of University-place and 12th-st., will be promptly attended to.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER BY A man of long practice, near this City; he is also a practical farmer and stock raiser. References good. Address, until employed, GARDENER, Box No. 198 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN AND groom by a Protestant man, with six years' experience; is a careful driver, sober and honest; would prefer a short distance in the country; has the best of reference. Address J. G., Box No. 202 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN AND groom, by a Protestant man, with six years' experience; a careful driver, sober and honest; has no objection to go a short distance in the country. Address J. G., Box No. 195 *Times* Office.

WANTED.—A PROTESTANT MAN OF RESPECtability wants a situation as coachman in a private family; is an excellent City driver; the best of City reference as to capability, honesty and sobriety. Country place preferred. Address R. H., No. 79 Bleecker-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN; HAS five years' reference from his last employer, for honesty, sobriety and capability. Address J. R., Box No. 199 *Times* Office.

WANTED—DRUGGISTS.—WANTED A SITUAtion in a retail store by an experienced and practical apothecary, with the best of City reference. Address PHARMACY, Box 192 *Times* Office, for two days.

WANTED—SITUATION IN A WHOLESALE store by a boy between 15 and 16 years of age, just from the country; wishes a permanent situation. Call at No. 229 Broadway, Room No. 28, third floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WAITER, BY A steady single man, (English;) has good City references. Address WILLIAM, waiter, care of Grocery Store No. 591 Houston-st., near Broadway.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE MARRIED couple, a situation to take charge of a farm house, for which they are fully competent. Good reference. Address a note to Box No. 200 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE man as coachman or groom; can give the best of City reference. Apply or address COACHMAN, for two days, at No. 96 West 27th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A MAN WHO has had several years' experience at the clock and watch business. Address C. G. P., Box No. 197 *Times* Office.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—A NEAT GIRL TO COOK, WASH AND iron, in a small private family. Apply at No. 138 East Broadway.

A NUMBER OF YOUNG MEN WANTED—To peddle an article of almost universal use. An industrious man can make a good living with very little trouble.
JERVIS' INFORMATION EXCHANGE, NO. 229 BROADWAY.

WANTED—IN A PRIVATE FAMILY, LIVING eight miles from 26th-st., an intelligent, competent Protestant nurse, accustomed to the training and government of children. Apply at No. 113 West 23d-st., on Wednesday, between 9 and 2 o'clock.

WANTED—A BOY IN A LAW OFFICE, ABOUT 17 years of age, who can write a good hand and come well recommended. One that resides with his parents in South Brooklyn preferred. Address LAWYER, Box No. 202 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A [FIRST-RATE WAITRESS TO serve in a gentleman's family, one who understands her business perfectly; none need apply if not fully competent. Call to-day, Wednesday, between 12 and 2 o'clock, at No. 17 West 16th-st.

WANTED—TWO PROTESTANT GIRLS; ONE AS cook and assistant washer and ironer, the other as waitress and to assist in ironing. None but Protestants need apply, at No. 42 East 16th-st., between the hours of 9 and 12.

WANTED—A VERY SUPERIOR COOK. SHE must be able to get up dinners and suppers in the best manner. The highest wages given. Call at No. 110 5th-av., from 9 to 12; gate in 16th-st.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR WAITING AND TO ASsist in chamberwork. None need apply but such as are fully competent and can bring the best City references. Apply at No. 11 West 20th-st.

WANTED—A LAUNDRESS.—SHE MUST BE A very good washer and a smart ironer; none but a competent person need apply from 9 to 12 o'clock, at No. 110 5th-av., at gate 16th-st.

WANTED—A GIRL TO DO GENERAL HOUSEwork; she must be a good cook, washer and ironer, and willing to do all that is asked of her. Colored girl preferred. Wages $8 per month. Apply at 74 4th-st.

WATCHMAKER WANTED—TO WHOM WILL be given a permanent situation and good salary. None but the best workmen need apply, to
TIFFANY & CO., No. 500 Broadway.

COOK WANTED—IN A SMALL PRIVATE family; must be a good washer and ironer, and have the best of references. Good wages given. Call at No. 58 East 29th-st.

WANTED—A NEAT, TIDY, GOOD DISPOSITION girl, for nurse; Scotch preferred. Inquire at St. James' House, Room No. 17, corner 14th-st. and 4th-av.

COOK WANTED—IN A FAMILY OF SIX PERsons. Apply at No. 34 West 33d-st., between 9 and 12 o'clock in the morning.

TO CYLINDER PRESSMEN.—WANTED, A good, active and steady man. Apply at No. 13 Frankfort-st.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED ENGLISH HOSTler. Apply to C. W. MOORE, No. 26 Park-place.

WANTED—A GIRL AS SEAMSTRESS AND TO take care of children. Apply at 98 West 48th-st.

FANCY GOODS.

HUGHES, DUPUY & CREHANGE,
Importers, No. 37 Maiden-lane.
Have now in store their FALL IMPORTATION, to which they will receive constant additions during the season. It comprises in part a desirable and complete assortment of
SILK NETS, FANCY COMBS AND HAIR-PINS, HEAD-DRESSES AND ORNAMENTS, STEEL GOODS, SHAWL AND SCARF PINS, BELT SLIDES, BUCKLES AND CLASPS, DRESS BUTTONS, BRUSHES, GARTERS.
ALSO,
Busson Accordeons, Violin Strings, Portemonnaies, Purses, Sacs, Watch Guards, Lacets, Steel-Pens, Gilt and Fancy Jewelry, and the
LATEST PARIS NOVELTIES,
all of which they offer to the trade at the lowest market prices and on the most favorable terms.

DRY GOODS.

BEEKMAN & CO., NO. 473 BROADWAY
Fall styles in Embroideries and Laces,
French Needlework, Sets and Collars,
Lace Sets in Point d'Alençon and Point Applique, &c.
Thread and French Lace Falls, round and square.
Embroidered, plain and hemmed Handkerchiefs,
A full assortment, and very low.
Pineapple Handkerchiefs, a fresh invoice just opened.
Ladies' Traveling and Breakfast Sets.
Valenciennes, Point Applique, Point d'Alençon and Thread Lace, by the yard.
Edgings, Insertions, Bands, &c., &c., &c.
This stock will be found complete.
Ladies will do well to call before purchasing.

FALL AND WINTER ENGLISH HOSIERY,
Full assortment of Ladies', Gentlemen's and Children's
AT LOW PRICES.
Lambs' Wool and Merino Hose and Half-Hose.
Bleached and Colored Cotton Hose and Half-Hose.
Silk and Raw Silk Hose and Half-Hose.
ALSO,
Merino, Lambs' Wool, Cotton and Silk Drawers and Under Garments of every kind.
LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos. 255 to 261 GRAND-ST.,
Nos. 461 to 467 BROADWAY,
Nos. 47 and 49 CATHARINE-ST.

AT NO. 294 CANAL-STREET.
Brandreth Buildings.
NEW CLOAKS!! NEW CLOAKS!!!
GRAND OPENING DISPLAY
For three days,
Tuesday, Wednesday, and Thursday,
Sept. 27, 28, and 29.
Ladies are invited to inspect
THE LARGEST AND RICHEST STOCK IN THE CITY
OF PARIS AND NEW-YORK CLOAKS,
Expressly for first-class retail trade.
ELLIOTT, (late McKenzie,)

ARNOLD, CONSTABLE & CO.
Will offer on Monday, Sept. 26:

300 Stella Shawls, at	$5 worth	$7
400 Stella Shawls, at	$6 worth	$9
500 Stella Shawls, at	$7 worth	$11
300 Stella Shawls, at	$8 worth	$12
200 Stella Shawls, at	$9 worth	$13
200 Stella Shawls, at	$10 worth	$15
100 Stella Shawls, at	$14 worth	$20

These goods have been purchased at the recent auction sales, and are the greatest bargains ever offered in this City. Canal-st., corner of Mercer.

NO. 691 BROADWAY.
WILKES & MOYNAN
Opened this morning
100 pieces FANCY SILKS, in
CHECKS, PLAIDS, BAYADERE STRIPES,
At 70 cents, 75 cents, and 85 cents per yard
Also, 50 pieces ENTIRE NEW STYLES at $1 and $1 25
These goods are 20 per cent. below importation prices.
CALL AND SEE.
Also, a lot of all wool Delaines at 31 cents per yard. Very cheap and desirable.

CURTAIN MATERIALS, UPHOLSTERY
Goods, Lace Curtains, Draperies,
WINDOW SHADES, GILT CORNICES,
Tassels, Bands, Loops, Brackets, &c., &c.
BELOW USUAL PRICES.
LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos. 255 to 261 GRAND-ST.

BLACK CLOTH CLOAKS!
STRIPED CLOTH CLOAKS!
LIGHT-COLORED CLOTH CLOAKS!
IN GREAT VARIETY AND STYLE,
At JAMES G. AITKEN'S,
No. 303 CANAL-ST.

TRIMMED STRAW BONNETS!
COLORED VELVET BONNETS!
ROYAL VELVET BONNETS!
MISSES' BONNETS!
TO SUIT EVERYBODY!
JAMES G. AITKEN,
No. 303 CANAL-ST.

SILKS FROM AUCTION,
AT 75 CENTS PER YARD.
These goods are in new designs and 25 per cent under regular price.
ARNOLD, CONSTABLE & CO.,
Canal, corner of Mercer.

BEEKMAN & COMPANY,
No. 473 BROADWAY,
Will open on Monday morning
A SUPERIOR ASSORTMENT OF DRESS GOODS,
In Ottoman Velours, Solferino Crossovers, Irish Poplins, English Poplins, Merinos, Muslin de Laines, Bayadere Imperials, &c., &c., at very reasonable prices.

HEAD-DRESSES! HEAD-DRESSES!!
and CAPS!!
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MANTILLAS AND CLOAKS,
All of which have been selected by herself in Paris, and are of the latest Parisian novelties.
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The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 28, 1859.

THE NEW-YORK TIMES.

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Amusements this Evening.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—Ernani.

LAURA KEENE'S THEATRE—Sea of Ice.

WINTER GARDEN—Dot.

NEW BOWERY THEATRE—Garibaldi—Four Lovers—Vidocq.

BARNUM'S MUSEUM—Afternoon and Evening—Father and Son—The Nervous Man.

PALACE GARDEN—Fair of the American Institute.

HOPE CHAPEL—Waugh's Italia.

WOOD'S MINSTRELS—No. 444 Broadway—Ethiopian Entertainments.

ACADEMY OF DESIGN—English and French Paintings.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

The Galway steamer, touching at St. Johns, N. F., brings news two days later from Europe. The departure of the *Great Eastern*, from Holyhead, for Portland, was officially announced for Oct. 28. Almost simultaneously with this notice, the death of Mr. Brunel, the engineer, to whom the first conception of the noble vessel is due, has occurred, resulting from a stroke of paralysis. His health had been failing for some time, insomuch that he was unable to be present at the great banquet on the ship last month owing to serious illness. Nothing urtherfhad been received from the Zurich Conference. The deputations from Modena and Parma, sent to tender the Sovereignty of the Duchies to the King of Sardinia, had fulfilled their mission, and obtained in reply an answer similar in all respects to that previously vouchsafed the Tuscans The aspect of affairs in Italy was far from tr'anquilizing. The Spanish Expedition to Morocco was on the eve of departure. The movement of Consols at the latest moment was 95⅜@95⅜. Cotton and Provisions were dull; Breadstuffs at an advance.

The foreign consuls at Cuidad Bolivia, Venezuela, have appealed for protection to the Governors of the French, English and Danish West India Islands, in a document which appears in the St. Thomas papers. They characterize the contest now going on in that country as one of violence, death and pillage, without any political object. Acts of atrocity are numerous—in the provinces amounting to the annihilation of whole communities. Nothing but foreign intervention, it is contended, can save the country from entire destruction.

Advices from Jamaica, to the 30th ult., represent that the Governor was about to appoint a special commission to try the late rioters at Falmouth, numbering some 120 persons. There is no indication that the disturbances will be revived.

Our regular Utah correspondent presents a melancholy picture of that ill-governed territory. The execution of the laws is entirely defeated by the boldest acts of outrage and criminal violence, which the judicial authorities cannot, and the executive powers will not repress. The United States Circuit Court, at its August term, had endeavored to bring the leaders of these outlaws to justice; but strong in the connivance of the Federal Government, the miscreants had not only derided the process of the tribunal, but had selected persons in attendance upon it for vengeance, and had murdered them within gun-shot of the Court-house. Among other evidences of this disorganization, which have been thrust upon the reluctant attention of President Buchanan, is a letter from Ex-Marshal Dotson, setting forth the lamentable state of affairs in the Territory, and the need of a radical change of policy.

Some difficulty is apprehended in Kansas, in the coming Constitutional election, relative to the manner of making the returns. The Acting Governor's Proclamation directs them to be made to him, in accordance with a law of the Legislature, while the President of the Constitutional Convention directs them to be made to him, as provided for by the Constitution itself. The Republican Central Committee of the Territory asserts that the intention of the Acting Governor is to divide the returns, so that a pretext may be found by the next Congress for refusing to admit Kansas into the Union; and recommends that two certified copies of the returns be made out, one of which may be forwarded to the Governor, and the other to the President of the Convention.

The absence of two Republican members from the important meeting of the Board of Supervisors, left the Democrats in the majority, and the latter elected their own candidates for Registrars in the 1st, 2nd, 3d, 4th, 5th and 6th Wards. Several Americans were chosen, but not a single Republican is on the list. The Board was in session from 12 M. to 8 P. M. A notice of discontinuance in a test suit brought by McSpedon & Baker for the recovery of a heavy claim against the County for articles furnished the Commissioners of Record, was served upon the Board, and with it the papers in a new suit between the parties, directing the Supervisors by *mandamus* to raise by tax $193,820 20 for the compensation of McSpedon & Baker for articles furnished the Commissioners of Record. The Committee on Annual Taxes was directed to defend the suit, and $500 was appropriated for the employment of counsel. The Board adjourned to 7 o'clock this evening, with the understanding that then the balloting shall be resumed, whether all are present or not.

In the case of Ella Burns, proceedings have been renewed by the production of testimony on behalf of the father's claim to his child. His own affidavit and those of many others were read, including some medical testimony as to the injurious tendency of such a training, as the child was subjected to, upon her health. Her father was cross-examined by the defence, without eliciting anything important. In the Hudson City tar and feather case the jury were discharged, after having been shut up many hours, and still being unable to agree. It is understood that three were for acquittal, the remainder voting for $10,000 damages against certain of the defendants, except one of the jury, who was for $15,000 damages.

The American Institute's Annual Exhibition at Palace Garden was opened yesterday, though not by any means fit to be opened. The promise for an instructive display of novelties at some early future day, is fair. The steam engine will be up by to-night, and then the machinery can be afforded power, as it is conditive to use it. The Cattle-Show at Hamilton Park was terminated by a spirited turn-out of saddle and draft horses in competition for premiums. So much of the Horticultural Show as is still fresh and sightly goes down to the Palace Garden to-day.

The house at the corner of Little-Water and Worth-streets, formerly known as Crown's Corner, and always recognized by the Police as the resort of the most desperate characters among those who frequent the Five Points, was the scene, yesterday afternoon, of a cruel and as yet mysterious homicide. The body of an unknown man was found in bed in a room occupied by John H. Benjamin, under circumstances which seem to leave no doubt that he was choked to death. Beside the body were found some naturalization papers, bearing the name of James Magee. Various arrests were made last night of persons suspected of complicity in the affair. An investigation will be entered upon to-day.

The Stock Market fell off in prices losing all the additional advance noticed in yesterday's report. The Western list closed weak. New-York Central 81¼ and Missouri Sixes 84 ⅜ cent., a decline on each of ¼ ⅜ cent. from Monday. The Foreign Exchanges settled down at 110¼ on London; 5.18¾ on Paris. The Bullion shipment by the *Persia* is reported $468,800. Money Market steady.

Flour opened briskly at improved prices, but closed heavily, with a downward tendency. A more active demand prevailed for Wheat and Corn, which was freely met by holders, who made some concessions to buyers, especially of Corn. Coffee, Cotton, Dyewoods, Metals, Rice, Tallow and Tobacco were quiet. Fish, Hay, Hops, Provisions, Sugars and Molasses were in fair request, generally. Hides, Leather and Naval Stores were moderately inquired for. Fish Oils were actively sought after, as was likewise Whalebone, the latter, in part, for export. The Freight engagements were moderate.

The Emperors and Italy.

The Oracles at Zurich are dumb. The diplomatists, French, Austrian, Sardinian, are at their posts, but they are devoting themselves to eating the elaborate dinners of the Hotel Baur, and have left the fate of nations to the telegraphic clerks and the correspondents of the Press.

But the world is not to be given over thus remorselessly to doubtful and desperate speculations on a question which involves the issues of peace and war in Europe for many a year to come. The Emperor Napoleon, the "deliverer of Italy," and master of the position, has spoken his mind from the appropriate locality of St. Sauveur, and in a fresh explanation of that most mysterious convention, the Treaty of Villafranca, throws some gleams of light upon the hardly less mysterious protocols supposed to have been discussed, or to be still discussing, by the plenipotentiaries of the lately belligerent sovereigns.

In an article published in the *Moniteur* on the 9th of September, and which we reproduced yesterday, Napoleon III. recapitulates the circumstances in which he found himself forced, on the morrow of Solferino, to elect between saving something to Austria in Italy and risking everything for Italy and Europe. He claims for himself, in the strongest terms, the credit of having been governed in his final choice by a strict regard to the real interests of the Italian people, as well as by an imperative consideration for the welfare of France. He now maintains that his motives have not been fairly appreciated; and that the Italians, while accepting their political salvation at his hands, have put him into an unpleasant attitude by refusing to take that salvation just as he gave it, and consequently by stultifying him in respect to his antagonist, with whom the compact of Villafranca was concluded, Francis Joseph of Austria.

The publication of this article excited a great and as we cannot but think an exaggerated anxiety in Paris, where it was interpreted by many persons to signify nothing less than the abandonment of the Italians to their fate, and the inauguration of a new Austro-French alliance, or at least of an *entente cordiale* between Paris and Vienna. In Italy its tenor was quite differently, and, as we believe, much more truly estimated. So far as it affects the French Emperor and his part in the great drama now playing out in Europe, it appears to us that the manifesto of St. Sauveur is both rational and temperate. To comment upon it is simply to rewrite the history of the current year.

Napoleon had warned Austria in January that her disposition to deal with Italy as an outlying Province of her Empire, though it might be tolerated as a corollary of the treaties of 1815 by the other Powers of Europe, would not be endured by France. France under Louis XVIII., or Louis Philippe, might have governed herself by a timorous regard to systems which had been established expressly with a view to curb her spirit and control her influence. France under Napoleon III. knew herself to have the right of protecting her own frontiers from insidious aggression, and of maintaining the independence of neighbors whose independence was essential to her own.

This was the sum and substance of Napoleon's speech to Baron Hubner at the Tuileries on New-Year's Day last, as subsequent events have furnished a commentary upon its meaning. Of course the Austrian Court did not so read the words of the nephew of the victor of Austerlitz. For Austria, and for all who sympathized with Austria throughout Europe, Napoleon III., in asserting the authority of France as a great Power, was really aiming at an assertion of the supremacy of France over all other Powers, great and small. The peace of Villafranca gave a death-blow to these imaginings, not less decisive than was administered at Solferino to the military pretensions of Francis Joseph. By offering peace to his antagonist in the very hour of victory, Napoleon III. did all that in him lay to prove that he aimed not at the dominion of Europe, but simply at the restoration of France to her just place as the first of European nations; a place which belongs to her not merely in virtue of her greater wealth, her larger homogeneous population and her traditional rank, but also through her higher civilization and her wider intellectual influence upon the world. It was indispensable to the attainment of this object by the French Emperor that he should not desert the cause which France through him had taken up, of Italian Independence. Had a general European war been precipitated by the perseverance of France in her Italian campaign, this cause must have been seriously jeopardized. France had once before freed Italy from the northern sway, and had then been forced to see the liberty which she had won for the Italian States snatched from them through the victory of a great Anti-Gallican coalition. It certainly was not irrational for the third Napoleon to hesitate at attempting what the first had failed to achieve, and if in 1815, England, arbitress of Europe and victorious at Waterloo, had used her triumph only to aid in riveting the chains of Austria on the limbs of Italy, liberated by Napoleon I., it can be no ground of objection at least with Englishmen against the peace of Villafranca, that Napoleon III. shrank from exposing the independence of Italy, in 1859, to the chances of another despotic crusade, to which England had already almost threatened to become a party.

The French Emperor seems, accordingly, at Villafranca to have succeeded in convincing his Austrian antagonist that it was time for foreign powers to cease contending for the possession of a territory which no foreign power could ever hope to enjoy in peace. The most obvious explanation of those mysterious conferences in the house of Signor Morelli will prove in the end, we are convinced, the nearest to the truth, and it will be found by the historian of fifty years hence that nothing could have been more natural than the propositions entertained by these potentates at their interview. The whole Italian question was referred back to the Italian people. The Austrian Emperor, educated in the Imperial traditions of his house, shrank of course with a distrust which the elect of France could hardly be supposed likely to share, from the notion of submitting the sovereign claims of his kinsmen, the Central Italian rulers, to the verdict of the Central Italian populations; and the military master of Verona insisted with an almost pardonable pride on the retention of fortresses and a dominion which the sword had not yet struck from his grasp. The French Emperor appears to have relied on the drift of general European opinion to move Francis Joseph on to a point from which he might be able to see these particular questions more clearly. In this particular, Napoleon appears to have been disappointed; and [illegible] is the real failure of his diplomacy at Villafranca.

Central Italy, Tuscany, the Duchies, have now proved their fitness to dispose of their own destinies. They have refused in the calmest and most decided manner to receive back the rulers who have played false to their thrones, false to the people over whom their sceptres stretched, false to the God from whom they pretended their power to be derived. The people of Venetia are chafing under a yoke which no flowers can make endurable, and which no considerations of policy can make them accept as their destiny. Francis Joseph, if we are to judge from the signs of the times at Zurich, has become freshly blinded by fatal counselors to all these things. He persists in seeing Italy, Tuscany, the Romagna, the Duchies, Venetia, as he saw them through the angry smoke of Magenta and of Solferino. This simple fact would suffice to explain the failure of the Zurich conferences. But it certainly does not imply any treachery to Italy on the part of the French ruler or of France. The attitude of Italy throughout these trying months, the sharp crisis of her modern history, has been such as to command the wonder and the worship of the world. With a calmness which England in her days of revolutionary torment did not equal, with a wisdom which the States of Holland, in their final dealings with the tyranny of Spain, did not surpass, the Italians, as Massimo d'Azeglio justly and proudly says, have borne themselves through these stern times of trial in a way "to touch the heart of every honest man, however severe his judgments upon, however hostile his feeling towards Italy."

To threaten such a people with all sorts of pains and penalties for declining to take their destiny ready-made at his hands would be the most suicidal thing which the French Emperor could possibly do. Neither the despotism of legitimacy, nor the unjust influence of Austria in Italy, can receive any strength from Napoleon. We incline, therefore, to the belief that the course of events will prove the manifesto of St. Sauveur to be what leading Italians have accepted it as being—a simple statement of the actual situation in Italy, and not at all a menace for the future. The solution of that situation rests with the national action of Italy, and whether by war or by diplomacy, that solution will be reached with grander results of good to Italy than any foreign benefactor could ever confer.

Vegetable Journalism.

We congratulate our antiquated and slightly dilapidated neighbor of the *Herald*, upon having at last actually achieved something worth bragging about. He has raised a gigantic *pumpkin*. Now that he has gone into the vegetable business we have hopes of him. He has evidently found his vocation at last, and can hardly fail, with due diligence, to achieve as brilliant success with pumpkins as our neighbor of the *Tribune* has long since done with the kindred squash. The fact is Bennett has advantages over Greeley in this line of business, which must tell powerfully upon the vegetable competition that has sprung up between them. His familiarity with sub-soiling operations, with all manner of creepers and crawlers, and especially with every kind of manure, gives him a prodigious start in this exciting race. He begins late in life, it is true,—but he makes a splendid beginning.

Bennett, after all, shows a great deal of pluck. We have indulged in gibes and jocose sneers now and then at his expense; but he must be perfectly aware that we fully appreciate his great qualities. He is as ambitious as Lucifer or Fernando Wood,—and almost as persevering. He is envious, however, and frets incessantly at anybody else's successes. For some three or four years back, he has seemed to be losing the mild, angelic temper that used to characterize him, and we had begun to fear that the Times might unwittingly have troubled his digestion and disturbed his equanimity. We see our mistake now. It was other glories that moved him—higher trophies than those of journalism which disturbed his sleep. The gigantic Squash of Greeley loomed ever before his vexed and aspiring soul! With a steadiness of nerve, and a close, steadfast secresy of purpose worthy of the Sphynx or the Third Napoleon, he determined to ascend these heights of fame, and there, in the presence of the world, meet his crested and exultant rival face to face. And he has done it! He has beaten him out and out! The *Herald* pumpkin beats the *Tribune* squash, all to eternal smash!

Such splendid success has the usual effect of prosperity; it makes Bennett magnanimous. He offers to strip his establishment of its most splendid ornament for our behoof. He says he will send us a galvanized pumpkin for a war reporter! What would the *Herald* do after such a bereavement? Who would get up those splendid leaders about marching an army from France *across Hanover*, to reach the Rhine? Who would do the bragging about the *Herald's* splendid career, and what fearful things it proposes to accomplish hereafter? We are not half so malicious as our generous but slightly dilapidated neighbor imagines. We wish him no harm. We will not ruin his establishment by accepting his offer.

Naturally enough poor Bennett sighs for a notice of his pet pumpkin in the columns of the Times. "If the Times," he says, "will *say* something handsome about these pumpkins, we will *do* something handsome in return." Now the wish is perfectly natural,—but the promise, like everything else in the *Herald*, is perfectly preposterous. Bennett do "something *handsome!*" That is a joke a good deal bigger than the pumpkins.

But the request does us injustice. We have already said something handsome "about those pumpkins." Bennett ought to have learned by this time that the Times never allows itself to be beaten *in news*, whatever may happen in pumpkins. It was as early with its intelligence of Bennett's pumpkin victory, as of the victory at Solferino. We had a special reporter on hand when that pumpkin took the prize, just as we did when Napoleon crooked the pregnant "elbows of the Mincio," and when the French rear guard ran away from Castiglione. Let our old neighbor put on his spectacles, and look at the Times of last week Thursday, page 5, second column, and he will there read, in the midst of a long account of the Fair, as follows:

"One long table was devoted to specimens from Blackwell's Island—among them some okras, twice the usual size. Another table was occupied, half by productions from Blackwell's Island, and the other half from Mr. James Gordon Bennett's premises. *One of Mr. Bennett's California pumpkins, weighing 160 pounds, took a special premium of $5.*"

What can he want more "handsome" than that? We intend hereafter to have a special reporter watch perpetually the growth of Mr. Bennett's pumpkins. We shall give him special instructions to keep away from the melons, lest the "sympathies of youth" should overcome his native virtue, and the delicate vegetables should perish before they had reached that stage of ripeness and worth which would render them fit presents for the Times Establishment. But the growing pumpkins shall receive attention. They shall be reported. We shall, in justice to the *Tribune*, see to it that they take no Plum Gut route to victory, and that no undue advantages are taken in the matter of guano.

As for *beets*, nothing but our native modesty prevents us from remarking that the *Herald* never has equalled the specimens of them which have been displayed in the columns of the Times for the past six months. It was quite unnecessary, moreover, for the *Herald* Editor to go to raising *onions*:—he has found, in our beats, abundant cause to wipe his weeping eyes without the artificial stimulus of that exciting vegetable.

The State of Mexico.

In yesterday's Times we published full and faithful dispatches from our correspondent in the City of Mexico, in which the history of events in that region is brought down to the 1st of the present month. The interest attached to affairs in that country does not abate. From this correspondence it appears that Mr. Otway, the English Minister, has been absolutely and peremptorily recalled, through dispatches forwarded by a special messenger; yet this functionary not only retains his official position, but continues his discreditable connection with the clergy faction, and hangs on to his office to complete the ruin of his countrymen in Mexico. Such an exhibition of official misconduct on the part of an English Minister is probably unknown in the recent history of the English Government; and the only consolation we have in its contemplation is, that it will force that Government to sever all connection with the Miramon usurpation, and join the United States, sooner or later, in sustaining the Liberal Party.

Mr. Otway and the clergy are doomed to disappointment in their efforts to make out Dr. Duval a Mexican citizen, and his assassination a military execution. The documents relative to the nativity of Dr. Duval, his citizenship, the robbery of his watch, money, &c., with other facts, sworn to by a person who was with the Doctor during his last moments, we are authorized to state, *are now in the State Department at Washington.* It was deemed best not to make this fact known until Mr. Otway and the clergy had gone far enough in the matter to be caught in their own toils. They have done this effectually, and our Government will doubtless soon be called upon to act in the matter.

The attempts of the Miramon *régime* to create an additional public debt of $80,000,000, to which our correspondent refers, ought to attract the attention of the United States, but more especially that of England, as she has already but little less than $100,000,000 actually invested in that country, the greater portion of which is due in bonds. But neither England nor any other power having claims on Mexico—neither the great capitalists nor the fraudulent importers, who have accumulated such vast fortunes in that country—can, at the present time, protest with any show of reason against such measures as the Church Party may see fit to adopt to sustain itself. The whole power and influence of those officials who have represented foreign governments in Mexico, in connection with private capitalists of all classes, have, in the main, been exerted to sustain the bigoted and inhuman rule of this same Church party, that immense fortunes might be accumulated by a few private individuals, and by all of which means, the public debt has remained unpaid, and public credit has been destroyed. Were it not that a large body of honest traders in Mexico who have, in the aggregate, a heavy interest at stake would suffer unjustly, it would be nothing more than retributive justice to allow the work of financial ruin to go on until the last hope of foreign bondholders should be destroyed, and the fortunes of such men as Otway, Gabriac, Barron, Jecker, Escandon, and others, be forced from them even to the last dollar.

Although the general tenor of our last advices from Mexico is of a melancholy cast, there are unmistakable signs that the liberal cause in Mexico is making steady progress, and, notwithstanding the threats and note of preparation for a determined continuance of the struggle on the part of the Monarchists, there is no reason to believe that they will succeed in checking the downward tendency of their interests, except temporarily, from some such movement as the departure of Mr. McLane, or the act of some traitor in the Liberal cause.

The faction in the City of Mexico was, doubtless, in possession of all the facts relative to the departure of Mr. McLane on the 1st September, and, though he left an accredited Minister, the fact of his leaving without consummating a treaty will stimulate that faction, to make capital out of the fact, take advantage of the time, and, as we anticipated, renew their efforts against Vera Cruz.

The Election of Registrars.

The Board of Supervisors presented, yesterday, an edifying spectacle. Its action illustrated forcibly the chance of fair play which justice and decency have, when they come in collision with party greed. The Board of Supervisors, as our readers know, is so constituted that neither political party can have a majority of it. Its members are equally divided. The object of this provision is to prevent its action from being controlled by partisanship. To that Board was assigned the appointment of Registrars, or Inspectors, under the new Registry law—whose duty it is to enroll the persons entitled to vote. The appointment was given to this Board in order that so important a duty—one involving the honesty and purity of our elections—might be assigned, not to men of any one party exclusively, but to a fair representation of all. It has been generally understood that, for the purpose of making these appointments, an informal agreement had been entered into, by which, in each Ward, the party having the ascendancy should have the majority of the Registrars, and the other party the minority.

Yesterday, however, two Republican members were absent, and the Democrats proceeded to appoint *all the Registrars*,—following the lead and acting in the temper of Ex-Alderman Purdy, who scouted the insinuation that considerations of honor and fair-dealing could have any weight with him and his political brethren in the Board, and declared that he would vote for none but Democrats. And so the work was done. The lists were made up of Democrats exclusively, an American being thrown in here and there as a sop to the Native Cerberus, but the Republican Party having not a single Registrar on the roll. After six Wards had been thus supplied with Democratic officials, the minority of the Board resorted to the usual device of making motions, calling the roll, &c., &c., to prevent action, and finally succeeded in arresting the process of appointment, which is to be renewed, probably, whenever the convenient absence of Messrs. Voorhees and Little can be again secured.

For the effect of this action upon purely party interests we have no special concern. But we very deeply regret that a Board, upon which our citizens have relied for fair and honest proceedings more than upon any other branch of the City Government, should have plunged itself, upon the first opportunity, more recklessly and more indecently into the slough of partisanship than even the avowedly party Board have ever dared to do. Mr. E. F. Purdy, who was the captain of the conspiracy, took the broadest and the basest ground possible in the contingency. He effectually and even openly discarded every obligation, every duty, every consideration of justice and common fairness, every thought of regard for the purity of elective franchise and the welfare of the City, in a blind, senseless, degrading servitude to his party. We are never surprised to hear such sentiments avowed by some greedy, hungry hanger-on of a political faction, for in politics as in common life, hunger and avarice know nothing of reason or of conscience. But Mr. Purdy has not that poor excuse. He demeans himself voluntarily, and because he likes it. His attempt to excuse his action by denouncing the law, is absurd and will be futile. The character of the law has nothing to do with the question. He will probably congratulate himself on having defeated the object for which the law was enacted,—the prevention of illegal voting. If he succeeds in his purpose, he may elect his party ticket, but he will only confirm the public detestation of his schemes and distrust of his integrity.

Mischief in the Mediterranean.

Some of our readers may remember that we called attention some three months since to a gradual revival then going on in Spain of the question of Gibraltar, as curiously coincident with orders given by the Spanish Government for the construction in London of heavy iron gun-boats, suitable for sea-coast operations. The English journals received by this week's mails inform us that the concentration of military forces by Spain in the neighborhood of the Rock of Gibraltar, has now excited the grave anxiety of the British Government, and that questions on the subject propounded to the Cabinet of Her Catholic Majesty, have met with replies so evasive and unsatisfactory that their publication caused a slight fall in Consols in the London market. If Spain and England were the only Powers concerned in the settlement of the ownership of Gibraltar, it might not, perhaps, be worth while to dwell very particularly upon this incident; for although there can be no doubt that the actual power of the Castilian Monarchy is very decidedly in advance of the prevalent reputation of Spain, still the result of a single combat between the Lion of the South and the Lion of the Seas, could hardly be doubtful; and few Spanish statesmen would think of inviting such a passage of arms.

But other States, largely interested in the freedom of Mediterranean commerce, and of the seas in general, must, in the natural course of things, be brought, one day or another, to ask very seriously by what tenure of really respectable right England can pretend to constitute herself the jailer of that great African strait. The original robbery of the Keys by Admiral Rooke, a century and a half ago, and the confirmation of that robbery by the peace of 1783, can hardly be permanently pleaded against the manifest claim of Spain to the integrity of the Spanish soil. Had the peace of 1783, which gave us in America so much, left England in possession of Staten Island, or Sandy Hook, we should hardly be disposed to sit down forever under favor of her frowning batteries and her foreign flag. It is one of the penalties of such a policy as was pursued by England during the last century, that it projects the mistakes of an age of violence into the midst of an epoch where natural law is daily recognizing a loftier and wider sway; and menaces the peace of a great commercial era with the inevitable consequences of great national crimes. The price which England has already paid for the possession of such posts as Gibraltar and Malta, has not sufficed to make good titles which are intrinsically inconsistent with the rights of other nations and the natural development of the world.

Beginning at the Wrong End.

Experienced accountants, it is said, have arrived at the conclusion that $200,000 may be subtracted from the present expenditure of the City without the least detriment to the public service. Acting on this information Mr. Haws has addressed a circular to the heads of the various Departments asking for a return of the salaries and emoluments of all the *employés*, as well as of all other expenses connected with it, and requesting them to furnish him at the same time with suggestions as to the best means of cutting down the expenditure. Commenting on this very praiseworthy performance, the *Journal of Commerce* says:

"Nobody looks for retrenchment, however, by the turning out of such partisans and shoulder-hitters from the snug and sinecure offices which they hold as a reward for eminent muscular services at the polls. That is a stretch of self-denial which nobody can expect. But there are no outstanding pledges or obligations to prevent the Heads of Departments from cutting down items of expenditure where no political friendships are involved."

Though this has an air of philosophy about it which may possibly impress the youthful mind, we are sorry to differ from our cotemporary as to the "pet partisans" and "the shoulder-hitters." If we may not expect to have the proposed retrenchment begun by turning these out of their ill-gotten offices, there is no use in our expecting anything, and we may as well sit down quietly under our calamities. The persons in whose tenure of their places no political friendships are involved, are most likely honest, capable men, whom each dynasty of rowdy superiors relies on to do the duties of the office. It is they who do most of the work and get least of the money. If we ask to have these turned out, we may as well shut up the public offices at once, and rely on nature and Providence for our paving and lighting and sewerage. It is the "pet partisans and shoulder-hitters" who plunge us into our present extravagance. It would be impossible for any bureau or office to be conducted with an approach to economy whilst a large portion of its *personnel* is composed of the knaves and pugilists who help candidates on election day. If a grand parade of the fraternity were held in the Park, and any banker or merchant in the City were asked to select his clerks from amongst them, he would regard it as an imposition either on his solvency or his sanity. They are expensive because it takes five times as many of them to do whatever there is to be done, as it would take of persons who were selected solely on account of their capabilities,—because they are ignorant, lazy and idle. No one supposes five Tammany Hall pugilists, or Tombs "shysters," or keepers of corner groceries, can keep books, or file papers, or do any other duty of a public office, half as well as one properly-trained clerk. In addition to their incompetency, their roguery entails enormous expense on us. They steal, erase, forge, falsify, and do everything else that needs to be done to fill their own pockets.

We, for our part, tell Comptroller Haws, and all others whom it may concern, that if their reforms do not begin by the summary expulsion of at least three-fourths of the persons who owe their places to "political friendship," they may as well let matters stand as they are. If they are sincere in their desire to relieve the City of a portion of its present enormous burden of taxation, they will show it by opening their batteries on the pugilists. This is precisely what we expect of them; and if we cannot have this, we do not expect anything. Until there is reform in the appointments, there can be no reform in anything, for the badness of the appointments is the source of nearly all the waste and extravagance.

Death of Mr. Isambert K. Brunel, Engineer of the Great Eastern.

By the *Circassian*, arrived at St. Johns yesterday, we are informed of the death, from paralysis, on the 16th inst., of Mr. Isambert Kingdom Brunel, the illustrious engineer. He was immediately of French descent, his father, Mark Isambert Brunel, who was also renowned in the same science, being a native of Rouen. Isambert, the son, was born at Portsmouth, England, in 1806, where the elder Brunel was employed in constructing the docks of that famous seaport and arsenal. While very young he was sent to France and educated at the College of Caen, in Normandy. On his return to England, in 1826, he was engaged to assist his father in the construction of the Thames Tunnel, of which he was resident engineer. During the progress of this stupendous work he was, on several occasions, exposed to imminent danger from the irruption of the water, especially in 1828, when, being surprised by the current about six hundred feet from the mouth of the tunnel, he was seized by the water and thrown upon the beach, sustaining, however, but little injury. Some years before the completion of the tunnel, namely, in 1833, he was appointed to construct the Great Western Railroad, upon which he employed all the resources of science, and displayed a skill as an engineer which was never before and has never since been equalled. The famous Box Tunnel, on this road, was entirely his work. The longest suspension bridge in England, that of Hungerford, over the Thames, was designed and built by him. He assisted Mr. Stephenson in floating and raising the Conway and Britannia tubular bridges, one of the most difficult enterprises on record. He was also engaged in the construction of the Tuscan end of the Sardinian Railway, and during the late war with Russia was employed to construct and organize the hospital of Renkioi, situated on the Dardanelles, and intended to afford accommodation to no less than three thousand sick and wounded at one time. These are only a portion of the land works to which he has devoted himself. Most of the large docks at all the principal seaports of Great Britain were either wholly constructed or completed by him. Nor was his genius confined to railroads, bridges and tunnels. He was also the constructor of the *Great Western*, the first colossal steamship which traversed the Atlantic, and whose arrival in the waters of our Bay will be well remembered by most of our readers. That famous ship was then considered a monster of the deep, being 236 feet in length by 35 feet 6 inches in breadth. Since her time the *Great Britain*, the *Persia*, and all of the Collins line, have exceeded her in length, especially the *Persia*, which is 390 feet long. The *Great Eastern* is nearly three times her length, and to this last crowning work of ocean navigation Mr. Brunel's fame is also intimately attached. It was originally supposed on this side of the Atlantic that he was her builder, but such is not the case. Mr. Scott Russell designed her lines and constructed the iron hull of the ship, and considers himself responsible for her merits or defects, as a piece of naval architecture. He is also responsible for the paddle-wheel engines of 1,000-horse power, by which she is propelled. But Mr. Russell acknowledges that it is to Mr. Brunel, as the Company's engineer, that the original conception is due of building the mammoth ship. The idea of using two sets of engines and two propellers, was also his. It was his idea, also, to introduce a cellular feature, like that at the top and bottom of the Britannia Bridge, into her construction. These are the main characteristics which distinguish the *Great Eastern* from other ships, and these are Mr. Brunel's. The launching of the ship, her rigging and masting, her cabins and her outfit, were under Mr. Brunel's superintendence. Besides the regret which will be felt at his death—involving, as it does, such a loss to engineering science—it must naturally be a source of grief not only to his friends, and fellow artists in the construction of the monster vessel, but to the public at large, in England and in this country, who share so much interest in her success, that he was not spared to witness it, and be a living partaker in her renown. He was not able to be on board of her at the exciting time of her liberation from the Thames, and her triumphal progress till she emerged into the Channel. Possibly he heard of the disastrous explosion on board, a short period before his decease, but the dispatch which informs us of his death contains no particulars.

Mr. Brunel was elected in 1830 a member of the Royal Society. He was also an associate of the Institution of Civil Engineers, of the Society of Arts; and a member of the Astronomical, Geological and Geographical Societies of England. He received from Louis Phillippe, some years since, the cross of the Legion of Honor.

The Rowdyism at Syracuse—Card from Marshal Rynders.

TO THE PUBLIC.

I regret that a sense of justice to myself compels me to notice the many slanders which have been circulated against me since the meeting of the late Democratic State Convention. It was my intention not to notice them in any manner, but a continued reiteration of misrepresentations and falsehoods has induced me to publish the following statement, made by those who witnessed all that occurred on the occasion referred to. ISAIAH RYNDERS.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

The undersigned delegates and citizens of the City of New-York, who were present at the late Democratic State Convention in Syracuse, deem it an imperative duty to the public, and especially that intelligent portion of it who depend upon the daily records of the Press for their knowledge of passing events, to make this concurrent statement of what transpired at Weiting Hall on the occasion referred to.

The New-York *Daily News*, in its issues since the adjournment of the Convention, has charged Isaiah Rynders, the U. S. Marshal of this district, with the premeditated design and effort to break up the Convention by the importation and admission of a gang of hired bullies to Syracuse. It is due to Capt. Rynders to say that in no manner, either by word or action, did he contribute to the disturbance which took place, and that the only part taken by Capt. Rynders in the meeting presided over by Mr. Alvord was his rising to second the motion made by John Cochrane for the call for the ayes and noes. At this juncture of the proceedings, the riotous persons who had obtained admission to the floor of the Hall, immediately surrounded Capt. Rynders, and threatened him with personal violence. A few moments subsequent to this, in the tumult that occurred, Mr. Strykek was pushed from the platform, and the regular delegates, including Capt. Rynders, quietly withdrew from any further participation in the proceedings.

John Kelley,	Peter Masterson,
John Brown,	Abram Hyatt,
Thomas Dunlap,	John Richardson,
Thomas Byrnes,	Wm. N. McIntyre,
John Clancy,	John Cochrane,
David Kissner,	Andre Froment,
Peter B. Sweeney,	J. Y. Savage, Jr.,
John Vandervoort,	Bryan McCahill,
Bernard Kelly,	R. T. Compton.

Postponement of the New-Jersey Wife-Poisoning Case.

In the New-Jersey Court of Oyer and Terminer, at Belvidere, yesterday, before the Hon. Edward E Whelpley, Circuit Judge, the case of the Rev. Jacob S. Harden, indicted for murder, was called on, when Mr. Vliet, the prosecuting attorney, asked for a postponement. On Friday last he called upon Dr. James R. Chilton, of New-York, a very important witness for the State, and found him sick in bed. He also called upon his physician, and was informed by him that it was impossible for Dr. Chilton to attend at Belvidere at present. Mr. Shipman, counsel for the prisoner, asked the Court to postpone the trial until the next regular term, in December, but Judge Whelpley, after consultation with his associates, denied the request, and set down the trial for Tuesday, the 25th of October next.

Dr. Chilton is the chemist who analyzed the contents of the stomach of the wife of the prisoner, and although the State does not rely upon his testimony exclusively to show that she died of poison, yet it is considered prudent and advisable to produce him in order to do away with any prejudice which might otherwise be brought to bear upon the case. The court-room, yesterday, was densely crowded.

Academy of Music.

Verdi's admirable opera of "Ernani" will be played here to-night, with a superb distribution, namely: Mme. Gassier, Signor Stefani, Signor Amodio and Signor Junca, in the leading *rôles*. Few operas in the modern repertoire possess the native strength and vigorous originality of this work. When heard to advantage, as it will be to-night, it cannot fail to afford unbounded delight.

Singer's No. 2 Sewing Machine, $100.
SINGER'S No. 1 SEWING MACHINE, $90.
SINGER'S STANDARD MACHINE for manufacturing purposes are well known to be without any successful rival in the market. Much has recently been published in regard to various stitches made by Sewing Machines. SINGER'S MACHINES make the best stitch ever invented, and do it in the best style.
FAMILY SEWING MACHINES at $50 and $75, are capable of performing, in the best style, all the sewing of a private family.
HEMMING GAUGES REDUCED TO $4.
I. M. SINGER & CO., No. 458 Broadway, N. Y.,
No. 150 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

Grover & Baker's Noiseless Family Sewing Machines.
Temporarily at No. 501 Broadway, New-York.
No. 162 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

Rogers & Raymond,
(Nos. 121, 123 and 125 Fulton, corner of Nassau-st.,) desire to offer, at the commencement of the Fall
A FEW SEASONABLE WORDS,
brief and to the point,
TO PURCHASERS OF FALL CLOTHING,
Our stock comprises every variety of men's business and dress clothing, includes all the best fabrics, foreign and domestic, was cut out by fashionable artists in the latest styles, and made up by superior workmen, affords a broad field of selection for merchants, mechanics, clerks, farmers, professionals, travelers, sporting men, &c., and with all these merits has another of paramount importance, viz.:
CHEAPNESS!
No house in the Union, manufacturing clothing of equal excellence,
SELLS AT SO LOW A FIGURE,
or presents such a diversity of attractive styles.
☞ We have one price for each article, and make no reduction therefrom.
ROGERS & RAYMOND,
to meet the demands of a large increasing trade in
BOYS' CLOTHING,
present for the Fall of 1859, the most extensive and attractive stock in this department, they have ever submitted to the public.
HEADS OF FAMILIES ARE INVITED
to examine our new styles of dress, school and office clothing for boys and youths, and our fancy suits for very young boys.
THE PRICES WILL PLEASE
economical parents as much as the articles will please their sons.
ROGERS & RAYMOND
would suggest to gentlemen who prefer clothing made to measure, that their
ORDER DEPARTMENT
is furnished with a very superior stock of Fall and Winter goods and supplied with capital workmen, and that as regards
FASHION AND FIT,
as well as cheapness, their clothing made to order is guaranteed to give the highest satisfaction.
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The Original Bridgewater Paint of New-Jersey.
Established 1850.
Fire and waterproof.
Dépôt No. 72 Maiden-lane, New-York.
Bridgewater paint, on iron, tin, roofs, bricks, canvas, muslin, paper, &c., forming a coating spark and cinder proof. For ornamental ironwork of cemeteries, store fronts, we challenge competition. It contains silica in so just a proportion that turpentine, linseed or the cheaper oils make it perfectly soluble. We are selling a paint with sixty per cent. of silica as one of its component parts, while the English and Prussian chemists are experimenting to get cheap soluble silica. We are practically using it in the Bridgewater paint. See the American and English analysis at our dépôt. It is the only paint that can protect iron or other metallic surfaces.
The painting trade supplied on liberal terms at the dépôts, No. 72 Maiden-lane and No. 7 Liberty-st., New-York. HICKS & BETTS, Agents.

Hill, Inimitable Cutter of Hair and Whiskers in every imaginable style to suit the various countenances, and executed in a manner so neat as to be not only a comfort, but an ornament of man. No. 1 Barclay-st. Closed on Sundays.
HILL'S Hair Dye, black or brown, 50 cents a box, natural, glossy, soft and durable. Warranted best in use. Dépôt No. 1 Barclay-st., near Broadway, and sold by all druggists in the United States.

Barry's Tricopherous
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BEST AND CHEAPEST ARTICLE
For DRESSING, BEAUTIFYING, CLEANING, CURLING, PRESERVING and RESTORING THE HAIR. Ladies, try it. For sale by all druggists and perfumers.

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KAIFER'S COMBINATION MACHINE,
For Soroll and Circular Sawing, Mortising and Boxing,
Is now on Exhibition.
See advertisement under the head of "Machinery."

Spalding's Prepared Glue,
USEFUL IN EVERY HOUSE.
FOR SALE EVERYWHERE.
Manufactured by H. C. SPALDING,
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New Sewing Machines.
$5, $6 50, $10, $15, $20. ALL KINDS.
$25, $30, $35, $50, $65, $75, WARRANTED.
$95 and $100. AGENT WANTED.
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Rupture Cured by Marsh & Co.'s Radical CURE TRUSS. Also, Silk Elastic Stockings for varicose veins, Supporters and Shoulder Braces. Instruments for deformities made to order. No. 2 Vesey-st., Astor House, New-York, and MARSH, CORLISS & CO., No. 5 West 4th-st., Cincinnati, Ohio. Ladies' private rooms and female attendants.

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Tolman's Self-Ventilating Spring Bed and Hair Mattress Combined.—Best invented. Air admitted, as by bellows, beneath, to be forced through top by body's pressure, expelling all impurities. Exhibited at No. 678 Broadway, and at Am. Ins. Fair.

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Are now prepared to supply new
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GLASS SHADES of all sizes, for covering clocks, flowers, &c., &c., constantly on hand and made to order. Dépôt No. 156 William-st., corner Ann-st.

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Celebrated Sewing Machines.—Family machines—Prices reduced from $80 to $50.
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They are the favorites for families.—*Times.*
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HATTER,
No. 216 BROADWAY.

F. Y. S. **Improved French Yoke Shirts,**
F. Y. S. At BALLOU'S Shirt Emporium.
F. Y. S. The finest Winter underwear,
F. Y. S. At BALLOU BROTHERS, No. 409 Broadway.

Finkle & Lyon's Sewing Machines.—Warranted to give better satisfaction than any other machine in this market, or money refunded.
N.B.—PRICE REDUCED TO $50. No. 503 Broadway.

Geo. Saunders' Metallic Tablet Razor Strop.—This inimitable article may be obtained of the sole manufacturers, J. & S. SAUNDERS, No. 7 Astor House, and of the various agents throughout the City.

Genin's Fall Style Hat.
GENIN, No. 507 Broadway.

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Published on THURSDAY MORNING, Sept. 29, 1859.

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A NEW BOOK
BY A
SOUTHERN AUTHORESS.
NOW READY:
BEULAH,
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AUGUSTA J. EVANS, Mobile, Ala.
One large and neat duodecimo volume.
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From the New-York Evening Post.

The scene of this story is laid in one of the Southern cities on the Gulf. Beulah, the heroine, is an orphan of the Jane Eyre type, endowed with such extraordinary strength of will and intellect, and so resolute a spirit of independence, that she conquers her way from the destitution and menial duties of childhood to the highest rank in the literary and social life. Proud, sensitive and self-reliant, she spurns all offers of aid and protection, the acceptance of which might lead the world to doubt that she was the author of her own success, and and many of her acts have an appearance of wayward obstinacy that make her a puzzle to her friends. Not the least strange part of her conduct is her treatment of her generous, but stern-willed guardian, Dr. Hartwell, whose hand, notwithstanding her affection for him, she repeatedly and unaccountably refuses. The contrast of these characters, and the well-planned conflict of wishes between them, are represented with *most effective skill, and give a continuous and absorbing interest to the story.* But it is not the importunities of her lover, nor the severe experiences of poverty and the taunts of vulgar and ill-bred acquaintances in the circle in which, while pursuing her education, she is compelled to move, that alone annoy the heroine. Her active mind is early perplexed with the thirst for knowledge and skeptical questions as to the subject of religion and the destiny of the soul. Her doubts on the most abstruse metaphysical problems she endeavors to satisfy by study and inquiry, and though she seems to have mastered the learning of the profoundest thinkers on the subject, she at last finds rest only in the teachings of revelation.

It is the evidence of the possession of this learning on the part of the writer, not less than the attractions of the story, that gives interest to the question of authorship. The writer, Miss EVANS, is a lady of Mobile, hardly twenty-three years of age, who, it is said, can fairly lay claim to the accomplishments and genius which she has bestowed on her heroine. *She has, at any rate, established a rank among the best novelists of her sex whom our country can boast, and we do not remember any work of fiction which has been produced in this country for years which is written with more power and is more full of promise than "Beulah."* She has achieved a decided literary success, a success which will at least be as cordially recognized at the North as at the South.

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ILLUSTRATIONS.—1. Purgatory Cliffs. 2. Newport—From Brenton's Cove. 3. Dumpling Rocks and Fort. 4. Windmill. 5. The Old Vernon House. 6. Fort Adams—Approaching from Sea. 7. Chateau Sur Mer—Seat of William S. Wetmore, Esq. 8. The Pirate's Cave. 9. Malbone-Place—Residence of Mr. J. Prescott Hall. 10. View from Spouting Rocks. 11. The Harbor, North—Steamer Metropolis. 12. The Perry Monument. 13. The Ocean House. 14. Whitehall. 15. Scene from Sachuest or Second Beach. 16. Beach Cliff—Seat of Mr. Delancey Kane. 17. Easton's or First Beach. 18. The Old Mill. 19. The Hanging Rocks. 20. The Glen.
II. STORIES AND PICTURES OF THE HUDSON. To be continued.
ILLUSTRATIONS.—1. Mouth of the Spyt den Duivel. 2. King's Bridge—from Below. 3. Railway at Spyt den Duivel. 4. The Harlem River and Croton Aqueduct. 5. Residence of Mr. Strange, above Hastings. 6. Academy of Mount St. Vincent. 7. Font Hill, formerly the Residence of Edwin Forrest, Esq. 8. Section of the Palisade Rocks—in Front. 9. Yonkers—from the Railway below. 10. Down the River below Yonkers. 11. On the Neppehaan, or Saw-Mill River, at Yonkers. 12. The Old Manor House at Yonkers. 13. Residence of Mr. Lilienthal, near Glenwood. 14. Chestnut Grove, Glenwood—Residence of James G. Colgate, Esq. 15. Up the River, from a Summer-house at Glenwood. 16. North, from the Pier at Hastings.
III. THE BELLS OF DAMBEC.
IV. OF POLITICS AND OF POLITICIANS.
V. THE NEW WORLD.
VI. SONG.
VII. BALLOONERY.
VIII. THE EMPTY CUP.
IX. THE ROMANCE OF A POOR YOUNG MAN. To be continued.
X. TO MY CHILD.
XI. THE HEART-HISTORY OF A HEARTLESS WOMAN. Mrs. S. P. KING. To be continued.
LITERARY NOTICES:
1. NATIONAL SERIES OF READERS.
2. A LIFE FOR A LIFE.
3. THE HISTORY OF HERODOTUS.
EDITOR'S TABLE:
1. EDITORIAL NARRATIVE HISTORY OF THE KNICKERBOCKER.
2. GOSSIP WITH READERS AND CORRESPONDENTS.
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NUMBER EIGHT.
The PULPIT AND ROSTRUM is an elegant pamphlet serial, giving phonographic reports of the best Sermons, Orations, &c., &c. $1 for 12 numbers; single number 10 cents.
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A PERFECT RUSH OF ORDERS
FOR
THE SHILLING HAIR TONIC.

THE SHILLING BENZINE
Also goes well, superseding already the old-fashioned high-priced articles recommended as equal, but far from being so. Emphatically, the SHILLING BENZINE is of better quality than any other. A single trial will convince.
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At only 12 cents. Wholesale at No. 159 Water-st. Retail at No. 616 Broadway, and No. 175 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

A NEW POEM,
Entitled "AT RICHMOND,"
BY WILLIAM ALLEN BUTLER,
Author of "Nothing to Wear,"
Will appear in
THE INDEPENDENT,
This Week.
Published on THURSDAY MORNING,
At No. 5 Beekman-st., New-York.

STEARNS & MARVIN'S
WILDER PATENT
SALAMANDER SAFES.
These Safes are free from dampness; have been in use over seventeen years, and have never failed to preserve their contents.
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THE FINE ARTS.
BEAUTIFUL, USEFUL, ENTERTAINING.
THE
MELACHROMATYPIC
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This new art consists in
TRANSFERRING OIL-PAINTING
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Every one, even those having no idea of painting or drawing, can
LEARN THIS IN LESS THAN ONE DAY.
It will be taught by the undersigned for
ONLY FIVE DOLLARS.
No apparatus is necessary.
Samples ready for examination.
Also, materials to be had at the atelier.
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PHILANTHROPICAL LETTERS
TO THE MILLION.
Dedicated to Father Dayman.
NO. III.
First Independence—my God; or, Religious Independence and Religious Tyranny.
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FREDERIC A. BRADY, Publisher,
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A large and complete stock of SCHOOL, CLASSICAL and MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS,
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"WATTS' NERVOUS ANTIDOTE"
For epilepsy, mental and physical debility, delirium tremens, nervous headache, neuralgia and any nervous affection. If it ever fails we will refund the price. PYNE & CO., Sole Proprietors, No. 109 Nassau-st., New-York.

HECKER'S FARINA IS IN THE HIGHEST repute as a delicious and wholesome food at all seasons of the year. It is a pure preparation from wheat, without the admixture of any other grain, and hence is invaluable in the Summer season. Extensively used at the Astor House, St. Nicholas, Metropolitan and other first-class hotels and saloons, it is rapidly becoming an indispensable dish on all good tables.
Manufactured and sold at the Croton Mills, No. 201 Cherry-st., New-York. A liberal discount to dealers. For sale generally by grocers and druggists.
HECKER & BROTHER
☞ HECKER & BROTHER'S Flour and Farina are now exhibited for competition at the Fair of the American Institute, Palace Garden.

ON THURSDAY AND FRIDAY, SEPT. 29 and **30, 1859**, being the Solemn Festivals of the New Year with the people of the Hebrew Faith, my store will be closed on those days.
M. H. LICHTENSTEIN, Ribbon Store,
No. 387 Broadway.

IT IS NOT A DYE!
MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S
WORLD'S HAIR RESTORER.
The only preparation that has a
EUROPEAN REPUTATION.
Warranted not to contain deleterious substances.
This pleasant and valuable preparation has been used for many years by hundreds of the most distinguished and wealthy persons, who have previously tried all the nostrums of the day without success, some even seriously injuring their hair and health. This is entirely different from all others.

"IS THERE ANY VIRTUE
IN
MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S HAIR RESTORATIVE?"
We can answer this question by saying that we have already seen persons who have derived benefit from it.
"Persons personally known to us have come voluntarily and told us of good results to either themselves or friends, who have used it before it became known in St. Louis."—*St. Louis Presbyterian.*

"Mrs. S. A. Allen's Hair Restorative has given universal satisfaction wherever it has been used. It can be used with perfect safety, and its perfect freeness from all soiling renders it a very desirable article for the toilet."—*Christian Witness and Christian Advocate, Boston, Mass.*

"Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer is worthy of confidence."—*Philadelphia Christian Chronicle.*

"Incomparably the best preparation we have ever used."—*N. Y. Evangelist.*

"All are compelled to acknowledge Mrs. S. A. Allen's as the Hair Restorer."—*N. Y. Independent.*

"Mrs. S. A. Allen World's Hair Restorer has taken its place at the head of all articles of the kind."—*Michigan Christian Herald.*

"Dispel all doubts as to its efficacy."—*Knoxville Presbyterian Witness.*

"There never has been a prescription or remedy for improving the hair, published in the *Advocate*, which was so fully indorsed by men of unquestionable standing as is that of Mrs. S. A. Allen."—*Buffalo Christian Advocate*

The Rev. E. R. Fairchild, D. D., Coresponding Secretary American and Foreign Christian, Union, New-York City.
"Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Zylobalsamum have been used in my family with beneficial effects, and I take pleasure in commending them to such as have occasion to use such preparations."

"Another objection to dyes is the unlife-like color and appearance they cause the hair to assume, and the only way to have gray hair assume its natural youthful color is to use that which will be effectual and yet not a dye. Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer will do this."—*U. S. Journal.*

The Rev. J. West, No. 6 Washington-place, (Pacific-st.,) Brooklyn.
"I am happy to bear testimony to the value and efficacy of this preparation of Mrs. Allen's, in the most liberal sense, and also thankfully acknowledge the use of it in curing my baldness and grayness."

"Those of our readers whose hair is turning gray or losing its color, and who are opposed to using a dye, will find in Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer a preparation that will specially change the hair to its natural color, and at the same time render it soft. It is superior to any heretotore produced for restoring and beautifying the hair, possessing none of the burning qualities of a dye."—*Philadelphia Mercury.*

The Rev. J. A. H. Cornell, Corresponding Secretary Board of Education R. D. Church, No. 337 Broadway, New-York, and New-Baltimore, Greene Co., N. Y.
"Some time since I procured a bottle of your World's Hair Restorer, &c., for the use of a relative, and I am happy to say that it prevented the falling of the hair, and restored it from being gray to its original glossy and beautiful black."

"There is no hair preparation, we believe, that has more popularity than Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer. Why is this? Simply because it is a preparation of real merit, and has never failed in a single instance to produce the good effects ascribed to it on the part of its proprietor. Its sales are constant and most extensive, and we begin to think that it is denominated most appropriately the World's Hair Restorer."—*New-ark Register.*

Mrs. D. W. Clark, wife of the Rev. D. W. Clark, Editor *Ladies' Repository*, Cincinnati, O.
"I have been using Mrs. S. A. Allen's Zylobalsamum with much satisfaction in dressing my own and my children's hair. After trying various articles manufactured for the hair, I feel no hesitation in recommending yours as the best I have ever used. It gives the hair a soft, glossy appearance, and retains it in any position desired."

"From individual causes that have come under our own observation, we are satisfied that Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer performs all that it promises, and that instead (as is the case with other restoratives extensively used and highly recommended) of being a useless waste of time and money, it is just what it is represented to be, and will perform all that its proprietor engages it to perform. We therefore most cordially commend it to the notice and the use of those of our readers who need a remedial agent of this character."—*St. Louis Leader.*

The Rev. C. A. Buckbee, Asst. Treas. Am. Bible Union, Editor *Bible Union Quarterly*, New-York City.
"I very cheerfully add my testimony to that of numerous other friends. I have found the Zylobalsamum superior to anything I ever used for the hair, and would fully commend it to all."

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S WORLD'S HAIR RESTORER.—As we were traveling in Massachusetts, a short time since, we met a lady whose appearance indicated that she had attained the age of 60. So we inferred, and but for her beautiful hair we should have added several years. After some conversation, she spoke of her hair, informing us that two years ago at least one half of it was gray, and that she had feared that before then the whole would have turned or fallen off. But our friend read the papers, and acquainted herself with the various remedies for decaying hair, and at length determined to obtain Mrs. Allen's Restorer. She did so, and applied it according to directions, and before a year had passed she assured us that she had as luxurious, even, and beautiful head of hair as when she was but 16 years old. Her statement was confirmed by other members of the family, while we were informed that in the same neighborhood there were other instances where the same happy and signal effect had been produced by applying Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer.—*Providence Daily Tribune.*

The Rev. A. Webster, Editor *Christian Era*, Boston, Mass.
Having used numerous specifics to little purpose, I discarded all, believing them to be of no value. So I regarded your World's Hair Restorer and Zylobalsamum, yet personal friends prevailed on me to use it. I have done so for several months past with good effect and entire satisfaction. I am now neither bald nor gray; my hair was dry and brittle, but has regained the softness of my earlier years.

"Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer is the best preparation extant for the various diseases incident to the hair and scalp, and is warranted to restore the hair and whiskers, however gray, to their natural color. It having been before the public for many years, and its efficacy in restoring, invigorating and beautifying the hair, fully established by hosts of persons throughout the country, has led to the manufacture of many worthless imitations, which have been successfully palmed off in numerous instances upon the public as genuine."—*Brooklyn Morning Journal.*

The Rev. H. V. DEGEN, Editor *Guide to Holiness*, Boston.
"Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer, found among our other advertisements, we insert from actual experiment. That it promotes the growth of the hair where baldness had commenced we have now the evidence of our own eyes. We can testify to its effects."

"Those unsuccessful with other articles can try this with success."—*Boston Transcript.*

"It is just what it purports to be."—*Cleve. Leader.*

We might swell this list, but if not convinced, TRY IT. We export these preparations to Europe even, and they are superseding all others there as well as in the United States.
It does not soil or stain. Sold by all the principal wholesale and retail merchants in the United States, Cuba, and Canada.
DEPOT, NO. 355 BROOME-ST., NEW-YORK,
where address all letters and inquiries.
Some dealers try to sell articles instead of this, on which they make more profit. Write to dépôt for circular, terms and information. Genuine is signed *Mrs. S. A. Allen*, written in ink. Beware of counterfeits.
For more information send to Depôt for Circular.
Sold everywhere.

32. HEALTH OF AMERICAN WOMEN. 32.
From the New-York Tribune.
The Graefenberg Family Remedies are most reliable. In the universal and distressing diseases of Women, the remedies are gentle, judicious, and surely effective.
THE GRAEFENBERG MARSHALL'S UTERINE CATHOLICON
is offered as a certain cure for all irregularities, weakness, tumors, ulceration, inflammation, discharges, falling and other local derangements of the uterine organs, as well as the constitutional troubles arising from them.
Letters and testimonials from clergymen and public men of distinction can be seen at the rooms of the Graefenberg Co., No. 32 *Park-row, New-York, and convincing references to persons in the City will also be given at the same place.*
Price, **$1 50** *per bottle; five bottles for* **$6.** *It can be safely sent by express. Address* JOSHUA F. BRIDGE, M. D., *Secretary and Consulting Physician, Graefenberg Company,* No. 32 PARK-ROW, NEW-YORK.
DR. J. F. BRIDGE *may be consulted professionally, or by letter, at his rooms in the Graefenberg Institution, No.* 32 *Park-row. Office hours,* 9 *to* 1 *and* 3 *to* 4.
☞ If an *extended* opinion is required by letter, $1 must be inclosed to insure reply.

100,000 BOXES SOLD IN ONE MONTH.
MEYER'S
MIRACULOUS VERMIN DESTROYER.
IT THOROUGHLY EXTERMINATES
BUGS, ROACHES, ANTS, MOTHS, FLEAS,
MOSQUITOES, RATS, MICE, &c.
IT IS USED ALL OVER THE CITY
WITH IMMENSE SUCCESS
AT METROPOLITAN HOTEL,
ASTOR HOUSE,
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THE CITY PRISON, (TOMBS,)
THE NAVY-YARD,
THE POLICE STATIONS, &c.
* For sale by the Manufacturer, JOSEPH MEYER, No. 612 Broadway, and all Druggists.

NEW-YORK TYPE FOUNDRY.
Nos. 63 and 65 Beekman-st., corner of Gold.
CHAS. T. WHITE & CO.,
Book, News and Fancy Type, Rules, Ornaments, Presses, and everything requisite for a
COMPLETE PRINTING OFFICE,
for sale upon the most reasonable terms.
A specimen book will be sent, upon application, to those wishing to order; also, estimates in detail furnished for News and Job Offices.

TARGET PRIZES! TARGET PRIZES!
A fine assortment of beautiful and useful
SILVER-PLATED TARGET PRIZES,
Companies or individuals furnished at the lowest prices. LUCIUS HART, Nos. 4 and 6 Burling-slip.

DISEASES OF THE LUNGS AND THROAT.
Persons who are afflicted with these diseases are respectfully invited to call upon E. W. VONDERSMITH, M. D., who has been very successful in curing persons that have been pronounced incurable. Office for the treatment of pulmonary diseases only, No. 158 Bowery.

A
POPULAR ESSAY
ON THE
DISEASES INCIDENT
TO
TRADES AND OCCUPATIONS.

It is our purpose to write, as briefly as possible, concerning the disorders and diseases incident to certain occupations, including their causes, symptoms and mode of cure. We shall do this in plain language, and in a straightforward way. Our purpose is two-fold—firstly, to give some curious facts not generally known; and, secondly, to bring more forcibly to view the ready relief at hand in RADWAY'S REMEDIES. We frankly avow that the trouble we are taking is a business transaction, meant to benefit both the public and ourselves.
The diseases springing from various trades arise either from the very nature of the occupations, from the materials handled or used, or from both these causes. Scarcely any of these pursuits are necessarily unhealthy, but men will be as imprudent in their business as in their pleasure, and suffer for their neglect of precaution.
Let us first look at those who suffer from poisonous materials.

COPPERSMITHS, BRASS-FOUNDERS, BRAZIERS AND PINMAKERS,

from their manipulation of copper and its compounds, take into their system either the impalpable dust of its oxides or salts, or their fumes. The result is a copper disease, whose symptoms may vary more or less in violence, sometimes creeping slowly along until the system is utterly destroyed, or else opening an avenue to more apparent diseases. The victim to the copper disease notices, perhaps, on rising in the morning a slightly acrid taste in the mouth, a slight constriction of the throat, the tongue dry and parched, and, sometimes, sickness at the stomach. He thinks he has caught cold, and, probably, takes some advertised expectorant, which leaves him worse than before. At times there comes an attack of colic. If dysentery is at all epidemic, he is very liable to be attacked, and his tormina and tenesmus, as the doctors call them, namely, his pain in the bowels and disposition to stool, are exceedingly violent. Often a thirst which he cannot account for, or a distended abdomen, or black stools, slightly streaked with blood, or an undefinable anxiety, is the commencing symptom, and is scarcely noticed. Cramps sometimes make their appearance in the limbs and stomach, either alone or accompanied by some of the symptoms previously enumerated. A headache at the close of work, or during the day, is quite common. A preventive of these would be the use of a respirator, which checks the passage to the lungs or stomach of the dust or vapor, and gloves, to keep it from the pores of the skin. A generous diet should be used, the bowels kept open by moderate doses of RADWAY'S REGULATING PILLS; a dose should be taken in the morning and evening of RADWAY'S READY RELIEF, and the use of RADWAY'S RENOVATING RESOLVENT persevered in, until the system is rid of the poison.

TYPE-FOUNDERS, PEWTERERS, PAINTERS, PLUMBERS AND GLAZIERS, AND WORKERS IN LEAD MANUFACTORIES OR SHOT TOWERS,

are exposed to the lead disease. This, like the copper disease, may produce a series of insidious but scarcely noticed symptoms, ending sometimes in paralysis, or more especially with painters and white-lead makers, in what is generally called painter's colic. These all, at times, will notice in their mouth, more particularly at rising, a sugary and slightly astringent taste, constriction of the windpipe, pain and uneasiness in the region of the stomach, and occasionally nausea, followed sometimes by vomiting.

COACH PAINTERS,

or those who use much vermillion, will have a tendency to diarrhœa, for, unlike copper, this shows its effects more in the small intestines; and the bladder and urinary passages will be seriously affected, sometimes merely producing painful urination, and at others, bloody or high colored urine. The REGULATING PILL and the RESOLVENT must be mainly relied on, and the parties should never go to work on an empty stomach. For the more painful symptoms the READY RELIEF will be necessary, and will by no means belie its name. It should be used internally and externally. In painter's colic, the REGULATING PILLS should be used to produce a free evacuation, and afterwards more moderately, to keep up regular action; and from the very start, the READY RELIEF given in full doses, in flax-seed or slippery-elm tea, or gum-water. The diet should be light, chiefly beef-tea, (not beef soup) or chicken broth, from which the fat has been skimmed. In paralysis, the persistent use of the REGULATING PILLS, with the READY RELIEF, well and steadily rubbed into the affected limb or part for at least fifteen minutes, three times per day, and a generous, but digestible diet, will effect a cure. In all external application the palm of the hand is the best thing to rub with, and a female hand, from its softness, should be preferred.

DYERS AND CALICO PRINTERS

are liable to several severe symptoms. Those who use muriate of tin sometimes perceive its effects in their systems. They observe an austere taste in their mouth, which is apt to turn into a well defined metallic one, together with nausea, especially after rising from a meal. Their pulse is more small and hard, and beats more frequently than natural. One very common symptom is a frequency of stools, not diarrhœa, for during some months this may be unattended by pain, and the consistency of the evacuations be normal. Twitching of the face and extremities is less common, but a more dangerous symptom, for unless promptly met, it may be followed by paralysis of the parts attacked. The treatment in this is the same as in the copper disease, viz: RADWAY'S READY RELIEF, REGULATING PILLS and RESOLVENT.

TINSMITHS

are sometimes affected in a manner similar to dyers, but in a less degree. Their attacks are rare. If peculiarly susceptible they may take the lead poison from the solder, but we never knew but one case of that kind. The acrid fumes of charcoal, in this and similar trades, sometimes produce inflammation of the bladder, which may be effectually combated by the RELIEF and REGULATING PILLS.

PAPER-STAINERS AND TAXIDERMISTS

occasionally suffer some most distressing symptoms—the former from the showy greens they use, and the latter from their constant handling of arsenic or the corrosive chloride or mercury. A fœtid breath is not uncommon, with a rather austere taste at times, considerable increase of saliva, or constriction of the lower part of the throat, which seems to extend into the breast frequent hiccough, sometimes a fainting sensation, which comes and goes very suddenly, very black and offensive stools, or high-colored urine. These are some of the symptoms which may occur separately or together. It is a curious fact that some people engaged at these occupations grow quite plump, and apparently enjoy the best of health, having especially a fresh and clear complexion. If, however, they go into any other employment, or refrain from work for some weeks, they are very apt to be visited with many or all of the above symptoms. In either case the RESOLVENT should be used, along with the REGULATING PILLS, the relief being resorted to in order to remove immediate pain or distress.

ELECTROTYPERS, GLASS-STAINERS AND CARD-ENAMELERS, MANUFACTURERS OF CHEMICALS, GOLD AND SILVER PLATERS AND REFINERS,

are liable to many of the above symptoms. Electrotypers are especially liable to derangement of the bladder.

PRINTERS AND TYPE-FOUNDERS,

from their constant handling of type-metal, contract the effects of antimony. This is shown by the temporary paralysis of the fingers and hands, copious stools, cold night-sweats, loss of strength, tenderness of stomach, bowels and throat. Sometimes though drinking nothing but water, they feel a confused, semi-intoxicated sensation in the head. The treatment here is gentle purging with RADWAY'S REGULATING PILLS, aided with the READY RELIEF as a drink; when the disease has become chronic the RENOVATING RESOLVENT must be used as an adjuvant to the RELIEF and PILLS.

MASONS AND BRICKLAYER'S ASSISTANTS, AND MORE ESPECIALLY LIMEBURNERS AND WHITEWASHERS,

are constantly liable to vomiting, pains in limbs or temporary palsy, which latter sometimes becomes permanent. A milk-diet, mucilaginous drinks, and the use of the READY RELIEF will remove most of these symptoms, the RESOLVENT being also necessary where palsy supervenes. Sometimes costiveness follows, demanding the use of the REGULATING PILLS. The particles of lime in the eyes are very apt to produce conjunctivis, which will yield to an eye-wash, made of sassafras pith and water, into which the READY RELIEF is put, in the proportion of six drops to every two table-spoonfuls, increased gradually to ten drops. A dose or two of the REGULATING PILLS will materially assist in subduing the inflammation.

POWDER-MAKERS

are subject to heart-throbbing and heart-disease, with looseness of bowels; and both these and

THE MAKERS OF LOCO-FOCO MATCHES

are liable to a very troublesome skin-disease, developing itself on the scalp, and sometimes in little patches, on the back of the thumbs or fore-fingers, or at the lower extremity of the spine, attended with itching, and scaling off of the cuticle. In the former cases the REGULATING PILLS will be found sufficient, conjoined with the READY RELIEF; in the latter the RESOLVENT internally, with the RELIEF applied externally, diluted at first, but gradually increased to its full extent. The REGULATING PILLS may be advantageously used, if indicated by the state of the stomach and bowels.
The effect of alkaline contact is sometimes shown on

SOAP-BOILERS,

in colic, convulsions and diarrhœa. The READY RELIEF will remove these. Lemonade should be used occasionally as a drink, and oranges or any ripe fruit slightly acid will be found to be a pleasant as well as a valuable adjuvant. Buttermilk answers a good purpose in these cases.

BLEACHERS

INSTRUCTION.

FRENCH AND ENGLISH BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL,
No. 26 West 39th-st., near 5th-av.

Mrs. WILLIAMES will reopen her School on Wednesday, Sept. 14.

An omnibus will be provided for pupils residing at a distance.

MISS HAINES

Respectfully informs her friends and the public that her School,

NO. 10 GRAMERCY-PARK,
EAST 20TH-ST.,

Will commence on Tuesday, Sept. 20.

A punctual attendance of her pupils is requested. Those who have confided their daughters to Miss HAINES in past years, may be assured of her continued desire and, as she trusts, increased ability to impart to her pupils a substantial, useful and accomplished education. She has the aid of teachers of acknowledged talent, and it will be their united aim to contribute, as much as possible, to the personal happiness, as well as moral and intellectual improvement, of those committed to their care.

ALONZO FLACK, A. M.,
Principal of the
HUDSON RIVER INSTITUTE,
At Claverack, Columbia County, New-York,
Offers Board and Tuition for $120 per year.
Term opens Sept. 15.
Male and Female.

THE MISSES ROHR AND MRS. TUFFS
Will reopen their
FRENCH AND ENGLISH BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL,
No. 33 West 33d-st., near 5th-av.,
On MONDAY, Sept. 19.

PROF. ELIE CHARLIER'S
FRENCH INSTITUTE FOR YOUNG GENTLEMEN
No. 48 East 24th-st.,
Will reopen on Thursday, Sept. 15.

Boarding and Day School, Classical and Commercial. Fifteen teachers are attached to the establishment; German and Spanish taught. The French is the language of the school. There is a primary department.

MR. GEO. C. ANTHON'S

CLASSICAL, FRENCH AND ENGLISH SCHOOL, (with Gymnasium under special teacher,) No. 872 Broadway, corner 18th-st., reopens Sept. 5. Circulars at Randolph's, No. 683 Broadway, at No. 156 2d-av.; at Christern's, No. 763 Broadway, and at the school. There is a preparatory department for boys from 6 to 8 years old.

SELECT FRENCH AND ENGLISH PROTESTANT SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES—No. 30 West 25th-st., opposite Trinity Chapel. This school, under the direction of Mlle. ROSTAN, of Paris, will be reopened on Thursday, Sept. 15. Mlle. Rostan is grateful for the encouragement given by her friends and patrons, which has enabled her to make valuable additions to the library and important improvements in the accommodations for her pupils, and she hopes that parents confiding their daughters to her care will find that effort is spared to give them a thorough finished education. The young ladies residing in the family shall enjoy the best opportunities for the acquisition of a practical knowledge of the French and other modern languages, and will share in all the comforts and privileges of a pleasant home. For further information, testimonials, &c., apply to Mlle. ROSTAN, No. 30 West 25th-st. Circulars sent if desired.

MISS HAVENS RESPECTFULLY INFORMS her friends and patrons that, having removed from No. 81 9th-st., she will reopen her Boarding and Day School for young ladies in the new and commodious establishment, No. 250 Madison-av., Murray Hill, second house north of 39th-st., on Wednesday, Sept. 14. Her facilities for imparting a thorough and finished education to her pupils will continue to be unsurpassed in the City. French is taught with especial regard to its conversational use. Her school circulars, with references and terms, may be had at her residence; of R. N. Havens, Esq., No. 17 Nassau-st.; and at the book-stores of Messrs. Lockwood, No. 411 Broadway, and Randolph, No. 683 Broadway.

N. B.—A stage is provided for day scholars residing at a distance from the school.

THE REV. H. D. WARD AND MRS. WARD, having removed to the beautiful village of Flushing, beg to announce that they are prepared to receive into their family eight young ladies, to be educated in the best manner, with and as their own children, sharing in all the privileges of a pleasant home and the refined associations of literary society. The house and grounds are among the most attractive of this lovely and healthful region. Address the Rev. H. D. WARD, or the Rev. J. CARPENTER SMITH, Rector of St. George's Church, Flushing, N. Y.

THE VAN NORMAN INSTITUTE—AN English and French Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies, Nos. 3 and 5 West 38th-st., Murray Hill, two doors from 5th-av., will reopen on the 14th of September next. The spirit, aims and practical life of the school may be learned from its prospectus, to which attention is earnestly invited. For full information, references, &c., apply for prospectus to the Rev. D. C. VAN NORMAN, LL.D., Principal.

PARKER AND BERTHET'S SCHOOL, No. 23 East 21st-st., corner of Broadway, will be reopened Sept. 12. Pupils are prepared for College or the counting-room. All the modern languages are taught by native professors, and in one department French is always spoken. There is a Primary department under an experienced female teacher. Circulars at Lockwood & Son's Bookstore, No. 411 Broadway.

JOHN MACMULLEN'S CLASSICAL, FRENCH and English School, No. 900 Broadway, corner of 20th-st., reopens on Monday, Sept. 5. Miss SARAH SEDGWICK (formerly of 9th-st.) conducts the primary department with her well-known ability. Circulars at Crown's, No. 699; Christern's, No. 763, and Lockwood's, No. 411 Broadway. Arrangements made for boarders.

A GERMAN LADY, OF MUCH EXPERIENCE in teaching, and who has resided for a number of years in Paris and London, wishes to give instruction in the German, French, English, and Italian languages; best references can be given. Address, L. E., No. 8 Livingston-place, between 15th and 16th st., near 2d-av., or apply personally from 1 to 3 o'clock.

IRVING INSTITUTE, TARRYTOWN, N. Y.—A BOARDING-SCHOOL FOR BOYS.—The Forty-fourth semi-annual session will commence on Wednesday, Nov. 2. Circulars may be obtained of W. W. Rose, No. 68 Cedar-st., and of S. P. York, No. 79 Murray-st., New-York; also, by applying to the Principal, D. S. ROWE, M. A.

FRENCH PROTESTANT BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES—No. 32 West 18th-st. Mrs. LEVERETT will reopen her school for the coming year on Wednesday, Sept. 15. A punctual attendance of the pupils is particularly requested. Applications may be made to Mrs. L., personally or by letter, at the above address.

ROCKLAND FEMALE INSTITUTE—NYACK, ON THE HUDSON.—The next term will begin Sept. 8. The Annual Catalogue and Circular are just published, and may be had of Messrs. Clark, Austin & Smith, No. 3 Park-row; T. J. Crowen, Esq., Broadway, corner of 4th-st.; or by addressing L. D. & C. F. MANSFIELD, Principals.

CLASSICAL AND ENGLISH SCHOOL—No. 20 East 31st-st. JAMES WEIR MASON, Term commences Sept. 13. Personal instruction by the Principal and thorough drilling in the English branches. For circulars and further information apply at Carter's bookstore, No. 630 Broadway, or after Aug. 29 at the school.

MRS. OKILL WILL REOPEN HER Boarding and Day School for young ladies on Wednesday, the 14th Sept., at Nos. 9 and 10 Clinton-place. Mrs. O. will be in the City on and after the 1st of Sept., to receive applications. Previous to that time letters addressed to her residence will be received by her.

SCHOOL AND HOME EDUCATION.—French and English, Classical and Commercial School, with fine playground and gymnasium, Nos. 47 and 49 West 26th-st., between Broadway and 6th-av. Mr. LOUIS ERNST takes charge of a limited number of boys. Reopened Sept. 12.

BOYS' BOARDING SCHOOL AT NEW-ROCHELLE.—One hour from the City of New-York. As this institution has just commenced on the Fall term, it is a favorable time for pupils to enter. Terms moderate. For circulars address the Principal,
R. LOCKWOOD.

J. JAY GREENOUGH'S PRIVATE SCHOOL for boys, No. 21 West 27th-st.—The twenty-sixth year begins Sept. 12. The number of scholars is limited to twenty-five in each department. The course of instruction is systematic, thorough and efficient. Circulars at the bookstores or at No. 83 East 23d-st.

CLASSICAL AND ENGLISH SCHOOL, NO. 60 West 33d-st., between 6th-av. and Broadway, reopens on Monday, Sept. 12. Two departments, each under the exclusive charge of one of the Principals.
JOHN AERELL. JOHN GOSMAN.

THE NEW-YORK HIGH SCHOOL.—AN English, French, Spanish and Classical Boarding and Day School for young gentlemen, reopens on Monday, September 12, at Nos. 973 and 975 Broadway, Madison square. P. M. W. REDFIELD, Principal.

$32 50.—ASHLAND INSTITUTE AND MUSICAL ACADEMY—Catskill Mountains. Students (either sex) received any time. Particulars of W. Sandford, Esq., No. 239 Water-st., or the Rev. H. J. Fox, A. M., Ashland, N. Y.

B. A. SMITH'S SCHOOL FOR BOYS.—LEXington-av., near 37th-st. Term commences Sept. 12. Instruction thorough in all branches; discipline efficient. Philosophical and chemical lectures, with apparatus. Terms, from $10 to $25 per quarter.

UNIVERSITY GRAMMAR SCHOOL.—Entering its twenty-third year—embraces primary, commercial and classical departments. For circulars, call on the Janitor. ISAAC FERRIS, Chancellor.

THE MISSES PALACHE'S FRENCH AND English Boarding and Day School, No. 183 West 28th-st., between 9th and 9th avs., will reopen on Monday, Sept. 12.

MME. F. REICHARD'S FRENCH AND English Boarding and Day School for young ladies, No. 22 West 22d-st., near 5th-av., will reopen on Thursday, Sept. 15.

MRS. MACAULAY, NO. 43 EAST 21ST-ST., (between Broadway and 4th-av.,) will reopen her French and English Boarding and Day School Monday, Sept. 19.

BOARDING SCHOOL FOR BOYS, AT STAMFORD, CONN.—Z. B. NICHOLS, Principal. Winter Term commences Nov. 1. For circulars containing particulars address the Principal.

LYON & KARGE'S COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE—No. 926 Broadway, between 21st and 22d sts., an English, Classical, French and German School, reopens Sept. 12.

THE COLLEGIATE AND COMMERCIAL Institute, No. 244 West 19th-st., will commence its fourteenth year on Monday, Sept. 5.
JOHN H. BROWN, A. M., Principal.

THE MISSES WALKER WILL REOPEN their day school for young ladies, No. 132 Madison-av., one door below 32d-st., on Monday, Sept. 19.

MADISON ACADEMY—MADISON-AVENUE, cor. 28th-st.—Will be reopened on Wednesday, Sept. 14. Rev. S. R. DAVIS, Principal. Residence, 163 Lex.-av.

J. F. WORTH'S CLASSICAL AND ENGLISH School, No. 237 4th-av., (one door above 19th-st.,) will be reopened on Monday, Sept. 12.

THE FALL TERM OF THE MISSES BUCKNALL'S SCHOOL, No. 23 Gramercy-park, will commence on Thursday, Sept. 15.

MISSES L. M. & M. R. GREEN, NO. 1 5th-av., will reopen their Boarding and Day School for young ladies, on Tuesday, Sept. 20.

INSTRUCTION.

MRS. WILLIAMES,
NO. 26 WEST 39TH-ST.,

Would inform her friends that her "PRIVATE CLASS" will commence the 1st Monday in October (meeting three times a week.)

This Class offers peculiar advantages to Young Ladies who have left school, and wish to pursue with masters a course of HISTORY, LITERATURE, LANGUAGES and MUSIC. For the latter accomplishment, the most distinguished talent is secured.

MRS. MEARS-BURKHARDT'S
FRENCH AND ENGLISH
BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES
NOS. 32 AND 30 WEST FIFTEENTH-ST.,
Below 5th-av., New-York.
REOPENS ON THURSDAY, SEPT. 15.

Mrs. MEARS-BURKHARDT will be at home to receive parents and guardians who may wish to confer with her on and after Sept. 5.

Circulars may be obtained on application as above, as also at the bookstore of Roe Lockwood & Son, No. 411 Broadway, and the music store of C. Breusing, No. 701 Broadway.

HARP LESSONS,
$30 PER QUARTER.
MR. APTOMMAS,

Being about to form new Harp-Classes for the season, requests that those who desire to avail themselves, will give intimation of their intention as soon as possible.

Private Lessons, $60 per quarter. Pupils that have no Harps of their own, can be accommodated with conveniences for practising, or supplied with instruments.
CONSERVATOIRE DE LA HARPE,
No. 162 West 31st-st.

COOPERSTOWN SEMINARY, AT COOPERSTOWN, N. Y.
Term begins Nov. 11. $120 per year.
R. C. FLACK, A. B., Principal.

FRENCH LANGUAGE.—BY THE DESIRE OF some parties, and hoping to meet with success with the public, Madam DON BERNARD (née De Rochefermoy) will open, on Oct. 3, at her Young Ladies' Boarding and Day School, No. 1 West 24th-st., junction of Broadway and 5th-av., several special French Classes of Grammar, Literature and Reading. MONDAYS and THURSDAYS will be dedicated to those who are advanced, and who wish to perfect themselves. Pupils prepared in order to become teachers. TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS will be devoted to beginners. Madam DON BERNARD, formerly French Teacher of the Rutger's Institute, New-York. Her testimonials of success can be seen at her residence. Application from 9 to 2.

SCHOOL FOR BOYS—LITCHFIELD, CONN.—Under the care of Rev. Dr. RICHARDS & SONS, assisted by Werner Bjerg, Esq., late instructor in the Government School of Denmark. A teacher provided for every nine pupils. This is an English, French, German and Classical Boarding-school, on moderate terms. Boys fitted for college or business. For circulars address the Principals, or R. A. Watkinson, Esq., Law Office, No. 20 Nassau-st.

CEDAR GLEN BOARDING SCHOOL—FOR YOUNG LADIES—Sing Sing, Westchester Co., N. Y.—Mr. and Mrs. VAN RENSELLAER will reopen their school on Wednesday, Sept. 28. References: Rt. Rev. Horatio Potter, Bishop of N. Y., Gen. Stephen Van Rensellaer, Mrs. Sarah J. Hale, Mrs. Lincoln Phelps, and others. For circulars apply to Messrs. D. APPLETON & Co., No. 348 Broadway.

AMER. SCHOOL INST., NO. 346 BROADWAY, New-York. Schools supplied with competent teachers, and parents with school circulars. References: Hon. Theo. Frelinghuysen, Dr. Lowell Mason, Wm. Hall & Sons, et. al. Teachers of French, German, and music, wanted. Also, other teachers.
SMITH, WOODMAN & CO.

LESSONS IN OIL PAINTING AND PASTILE.—Ladies desiring to join a class of four can do so at the residence of a lady professor, near Union-square. Terms, $15 each per quarter of ten weeks. Private pupils attended; terms, $25 per quarter. Address ART, care of Mr. Dechaux, No. 709 Broadway, to whom reference is kindly permitted.

INSTRUCTION.—A LADY WISHES TO GIVE lessons on the piano to a few pupils at their residences. Terms, $10 per quarter. Address MUSIC, Box No. 166 *Times* Office.

RIDING ACADEMY.—C. F. DICKEL'S RIDING Academy, Nos. 5, 7, 9 and 11 West 13th-st., near 5th-av., is now open for the reception of pupils and exercise riding daily.

A TEACHER—GRADUATE OF YALE—WISHES a few private pupils after 3 o'clock P. M. Highest testimonials and references. Terms moderate. Address A. B. C., Brooklyn Post-office.

MISSES MARSHALL'S BOARDING AND Day School for young ladies, No. 141 West 38th-st, bet. 7th and 8th avs., will reopen on Monday, Sept. 12.

MRS. T. V. CAUCHOIS, NO. 279 WEST 22d-st., will reopen her French and English Boarding and Day School on Monday, Sept. 19.

MISS BUNCE'S SCHOOL FOR YOUNG children and misses, No. 181 East 15th-st., (near Stuyvesant-square,) opened MONDAY, Sept. 12.

THE MISSES DANFORTH WILL RECEIVE their pupils Sept 15, at No. 51 24th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

MISS BALLOW WILL REOPEN HER school for young ladies, at No. 24 East 22d-st., between Broadway and 4th-av., on Thursday, Sept. 15.

MISS F. B PRIEST'S SCHOOL, NO. 77 East 16th-st., near Stuyvesant-square, will reopen on Monday, Sept. 19.

MISS MORSE'S FRENCH SCHOOL FOR young ladies, No. 1,076 Broadway, opens Sept. 12.

SCHOOL FURNITURE.—MODERN STYLES of school furniture manufactured and for sale by N JOHNSON, No. 490 Hudson-st., New-York. Illustrated circulars forwarded on application by mail or otherwise.

TEACHERS.

A LADY, THOROUGHLY CONVERSANT with the German, English and French languages, and to whose care the education of the children of a noble family in Germany had been intrusted, is desirous of devoting her time, in the capacity of a daily governess, to instructing young ladies and children in the above-named languages, and in the ordinary English branches, including music; she is willing to live in a family who would consider one or two hours' daily instruction to the children as an equivalent for board. Address S. M., Box No. 169 *Times* Office.

RESIDENT OR VISITING GOVERNESS.—An English lady, arriving from Europe, and having the highest City references, wishes to form an engagement; she is thoroughly competent to instruct in all English branches, perfect mistress of music, having studied under the very best masters, speaks French and German with pure accent, as she resided in Paris and Germany some years, and has also had much experience in teaching. Address L. Y., care of Mrs. LEVERETT, No. 32 West 18th-st., or Box No. 3,831 Post-office.

A LADY, EXPERIENCED IN TUITION, and thoroughly competent to give instruction in the higher branches of English, French, (which she speaks), and Music on the Piano, desires a re-engagement as resident Governess in a private family; no objection to go South; best reference given. Address TUITION, box No. 1,504, Post office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS TEACHER, BY A young man, a graduate of a New-England college, in a school or private family. Has the best of recommendations as to capacity and moral and religious character. Is also a good gymnast. Address W., Box No. 479 New-York Post-office.

WANTED—TO GO TO ALABAMA, A LADY TO teach plain and ornamental penmanship, vocal music, guitar, embroidery, drawing and painting, (including Grecian.) Salary $25 a month, board and traveling expenses. Address E. B. C., Dayton, Marengo Co., Alabama.

WANTED—BY A LADY EXPERIENCED IN teaching, a situation as visiting governess in New-York City; is competent to instruct in all the English branches, rudiments of music, and various kinds of fancy work. Terms, $300 per year. Address E. K., Broadway Post-office.

A LADY WHO UNDERSTANDS THOROUGHly how to teach, and has had considerable experience, wishes to form an engagement as daily governess. Her acquirements are English, French, German, Italian and drawing. Unexceptionable references. Address O. Y. X., Box No. 3,805 Post-office, New-York.

A GERMAN LADY, JUST RETURNED from Europe, wishes to find an engagement in an Institute where she could give lessons on the piano and in singing; also, if required, in French and German. Reference—Messrs. Scharfenberg & Luis, No. 769 Broadway, corner of 9th-st.

A YOUNG LADY WHO HAS HAD EXperience in teaching, and is competent to give instruction in the higher English branches, French and Music, desires a situation as teacher either in a private family or Seminary. Good reference given. Address box No. 207 Middleburgh, Vt.

A YOUNG LADY DESIRES A SITUATION as governess in a family, in New-York, Brooklyn, or vicinity, or as assistant in a school. Instruction given in English branches, French and music. City references given. Address, L. P. M., Box No. 4,014 New-York Post-office.

A FRENCH GENTLEMAN, WHO IS AN experienced teacher of his own and the Spanish language, and who is conversant with English, is desirous of an engagement in a first-class school in or near the City. Address C. M. T., Hallet's Printing-office, No. 107 Fulton-st.

A GERMAN LADY OF MANY YEARS' experience in teaching German, French, music and the English branches, highly recommended by a number of respectable families, wants a situation as governess. Would like to go in the country. Apply at B. Westermann & Co.'s bookstore, No. 440 Broadway.

AN EXPERIENCED TEACHER DESIRES an engagement as governess, being thoroughly qualified to teach English, French—which she speaks fluently—music and drawing. No objection to go South or West. Address Box No. 2,277 Post-office, New-York.

TO TEACHERS—A GENTLEMAN PARTIALLY engaged in a school, wishes to assist a teacher during two or three of the morning hours. Address ENGLE, No. 68 Monroe-st., New-York, appointing an interview.

ASTROLOGY.

N. B.—WHO HAS NOT HEARD OF THE CELEbrated Madame PREWSTER? She has been consulted by thousands in this and other cities with entire satisfaction. She feels confident she has no equal. She tells the name of future wife or husband; also, that of her visitor. If you wish truth, give her a call at No. 251 3d-av., above 21st-st. Ladies 50 cents; gentlemen $1.

GUTTA PERCHA CEMENT ROOFING,
Is the CHEAPEST and most DURABLE ROOFING in use.
Is FIRE and WATER PROOF.
Is adapted to ALL KINDS of ROOFS, whether OLD or NEW.
Sent to any part of the country, with full printed directions for application. JOHNS & CROSLEY,
No. 510 Broadway, opposite St. Nicholas Hotel

$40 NEW SEWING MACHINES. $40
We have just introduced the Parker Machine, under authority of the Grover & Baker Sewing Machine Co. Double thread, lock stitch, and warranted superior.
VERNON & CO., No. 409 Broadway.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE BY
S. EDDY & CO.,
No. 51 Liberty-st., opposite the Post-office.

The following lots, that will pay largely as an investment or speculation:
Lots on 5th-av., and 75th, 76th and 77th sts.
Lots on 5th-av. and 85th-st.
Lots on 5th-av. and 105th-st.
Lots on 5th-av. and 110th-st.
Lots on 75th and 76th sts., between 4th and 5th avs.
Lots on 78th and 79th sts., between 4th and 5th avs.
Lots on 106th-st., between 4th and 5th avs.
Also, six entire blocks fronting on, and near Central Park, and a large number of lots in the vicinity of Harlem.

SHERIFF'S SALE—BROOKLYN LOTS.—I WILL sell at public auction, at city salesroom, No. 343 Fulton-st., opposite the City Hall, in the City of Brooklyn, on the 1st day of October, 1859, at 12 o'clock, noon, the following described land and premises: all those certain lots, pieces or parcels of land situate, lying and being in the Tenth (late Sixth) Ward of the City of Brooklyn, County of Kings and State of New-York, beginning at the northerly corner of Dykeman and Conover streets, thence running northeasterly along Conover-street one hundred feet, thence northwesterly, parallel with Dykeman-street, one hundred feet, thence southwesterly parallel with Conover-street one hundred feet to Dykeman-street, and thence southeasterly along Dykeman-street one hundred feet to the corner of Conover-street, the place of beginning. GEORGE REMSEN, Sheriff.

FOR SALE—AN ENGLISH BASEMENT HOUSE, with all the modern improvements, with extra marble mantles, butler's pantry, and two flights of stairs, &c. The lot is 18 feet 9 inches in front and half the block deep, situated in West 35th-st. between 5th and 6th avs. Very cheap, and on easy terms. Apply to JOHN CULYER, No. 231 Thompson-st.

Also, for sale, an English basement house, No. 162 West 25th-st., with all the modern improvements, and on easy terms. The property will pay 10 per cent. on the whole amount of the purchase money. Apply to JOHN CULYER, No. 231 Thompson-st.

HOUSES FOR SALE OR TO LET.—TWO of the four new houses on 15th-st., 150 feet east of 2d-av., and looking upon Stuyvesant-square. They are four stories high, twenty feet wide, seventy-five feet deep, with Philadelphia brick fronts, built and finished in the best manner, and are the roomiest, best lighted, and most convenient houses of their size in town. They will be let from now to May 1, at the reduced rent of $1,000 a year. Apply to THOMAS MACFARLANE, No. 180 10th-st., or to A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO., No. 7 Pine-st.

FOR SALE.—ON EAST TWENTY-THIRD-STREET —A first-class house.

ON WEST SIXTEENTH-ST.—A brown-stone house, between 5th and 6th avs.

ON THIRTY-FIRST-ST.—A first-class house, near 5th-av.

ON WEST FIFTEENTH-ST.—A three-story brick house.

ON EAST TWENTY-NINTH-ST.—A three-story brown-stone house, near 4th-av.

ON EAST FIFTY-SEVENTH-ST.—A three-story brick house, near Irving-place. Apply to A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO., No. 7 Pine-st.

FOR SALE.—A NEAT TWO-STORY ATTIC AND basement house, situated at No. 118 Bank-st. Price, $5,500. Also, for sale, a two-story house, with an alley to the rear, and full lot, situated at No. 112 Bank-st. Price, $4,500. Also for sale, a large house, No. 4 Carroll-place, Bleecker-st. Price, $15,000.

Also, a large house, situated in West 21st-st., near 5th-av. Price, $22,000. Apply to
JOHN CULYER, No. 231 Thompson-st.

A GOOD CHANCE FOR SPECULATORS.—In another column our readers will see the advertisement of a block of ground to be sold by the Messrs. BLEECKER & TOMPKROW. This is a good property for purchasers to make money out of, either presently or remotely. The lots lie on the 3d and 4th avs.—both Railroad thoroughfares—on the high grounds north of Yorkville, overlooking the East River, Harlem and Long Island.

FOR SALE—THE HOUSE AND LEASE OF LOT No. 197 Henry-st.; the house is three-story, brick, with all the modern improvements and in first-rate order; the ground-rent is only $150 per annum, and has then seven years unexpired. Will be sold low to close an estate. For particulars, apply to CROMWELL & BIRDSALL, No. 209 Front-st., THOS. W. BIRDSALL, No. 31 Pine-st., or EDWARD WOOD, No. 180 Fulton-st.

FURNISHED HOUSE FOR SALE CHEAP—the owner going to Europe; a first-class three story and high stoop, brown stone front, in complete order, and replete with all the modern improvements; newly painted and decorated in the best style; delightfully situated, being located near Broadway and 6th av., in one of the most desirable streets up town. Terms very easy. For particulars apply to D. GARRISON, No. 71 West 35th-st., near Broadway.

CENTRAL PARK.—A PARCEL OF GROUND fronting the Park between 96th and 97th sts., being 116 feet 3 inches on the 8th-av., 200 feet deep on the southerly line, 273 feet on the northerly line, and 117 feet 2 inches on the westerly line, being equal to 13 lots. Price $25,000. Apply to F. DUGAN, at the office of P. CALLAGHAN, No. 20 Nassau-st., between the hours of 12 A. M. and 2 P. M.

FOR SALE—THE BUILDING NOW OCCUPIED by the East River Bank, corner of St. Mark's-place and 3d-av., opposite the Cooper Institute. It is finely situated in a rapidly increasing business neighborhood, and is a good chance for investment. Apply at the Bank, or of DE WERRIER, at the St. Mark's Fire Insurance Office, No. 69 Wall-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LEASE—TWO NEW HIGH-stoop brick houses, Nos. 311 and 313 West 25th-st., three stories, basement and counter cellars; have all the modern improvements, and are so arranged as can be occupied by one or two families. Built in the very best manner. Terms easy. Apply to DAVID McMASTER, 32d-st. and 11th-av., New-York.

FACTORY PROPERTY FOR SALE IN PHILADELPHIA.—The subscriber offers for sale, on reasonable terms, his manufactory and lot of ground, fronting on three wide streets. The main building is 4 stories high, 40x172. Size of lot, 103x172. For particulars, at Nos. 1,009 and 1,011 Chesnut-st., Philadelphia.
WM. D. ROGERS.

FOR SALE—A DESIRABLE SITUATION FOR A boarding-house or hotel in White Plains, opposite the new Court-house; lot 110 feet by 200 deep; building in good order; good water and fruit. Terms reasonable. Apply to J. F. JENKINS, Surveyor, White Plains, or M. K. COUZENS, No. 51 Liberty-st., New-York, or to J. H. TRAYNIER, on the premises.

FOR SALE—ON THE HEIGHTS, BROOKLYN first-class House on Pierpont-st., Willow-st., Columbia-st., Montague-st., near Wall-st. Ferry; also on Carroll Park, No. 24 and 31 Places, and on Clinton-av., No. 102 and No. 110 Ryerson-st., and several Cottages. Full particulars at No. 2 Metropolitan Bank, Pine-st.,
JOHN BRAINERD.

FOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS BROWN-STONE front house in 48th-st., near 6th-av., containing all the modern improvements. Also a good brick front house in 36th-st., near 8th-av. One also in 44th-st., near 9th-av., and one in 33d-st., near 10th-av. To a cash customer either of the above places will be sold at a bargain. Inquire of H. JELIFF, No. 253 9th-av.

FOR SALE—THE FIRST-CLASS FOUR-STORY brown stone house and lot, No. 284 2d-av., between 17th and 18th sts., opposite the residence of Gov. Fish; the house is 26 by 64 feet, in good order, and replete with all the modern improvements. Lot 26 by 100 feet. Apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 14 Pine-st.

EXTRA LARGE HOUSE ON SECOND-AVENUE FOR SALE CHEAP.—For sale, the extra large three-story brick house and lot No. 137 2d-av., just north of St. Mark's-place. The house is 37 feet 6 inches by 62 feet; lot 125 feet deep; stable on the rear, with entrance on 9th-st.

FOR SALE—A HANDSOME THREE-STORY brown-stone house on 29th-st., near 4th-av.; house 22x55; lot 100 feet deep; house in elegant order; well arranged and well built; price $13,000; also, two fine basement houses near Madison-av., on 33d-st., $12,500.
KINSHIMER, No. 343 4th-av.

CAIRO CITY LOTS FOR SALE—OR WOULD be exchanged for New-York City property. Four lots of land in Alexander County, State of Illinois, first addition to the City of Cairo, block 2, Nos. 6, 7, 8 and 12. These lots are well situated on the Mississippi levee. Apply to C. T. CURTIS, No. 56 Murray-st.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR COUNtry seat near New-York, lots or Western lands, 2 elegant brownstone houses, first-class in every respect; also, marble store and Nos. 102 and 110 Ryerson-st., Brooklyn. Full particulars at No. 2 Metropolitan Bank, Pine-st. JOHN BRAINERD.

GREENPOINT PROPERTY FOR SALE.—A two-story house, with store attached, suitable for any kind of business; good cellar; grape vines, &c.; to be sold at a bargain. Apply to C. MONTROSS, Java-st., 5th lot east of Union-av. No agents need apply.

TENTH-STREET, NEAR FIFTH-AVENUE.—For sale or to rent furnished, the valuable house and lot No. 39 10th-st., between 5th and 6th avs. The house is handsomely located, in good order, and replete with all the modern improvements. Possession immediately. Apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., 14 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—A THREE-STORY AND BASEMENT house, in 37th-st., near Broadway; in first-rate order, with all the modern conveniences; price, $9,000; furniture will be sold with it, if desired. Address No. 2,200 Post-office, New-York.

FOR SALE—THE FOUR-STORY BRICK ENGlish basement house and lot, No. 199 West 35th-st., in perfect order, with all the modern improvments; house 18 by 50, lot 98 feet. Two-thirds can remain on bond and mortgage.

FOR SALE—A SPLENDID HOUSE ON WEST 54th-st. near 6th-av., a full sized lot, 3 story Basement, high stoop house with all the improvements, Gas fixtures &c. Price $10,000, $4,000 can remain.
KINSHIMER, No. 343 4th-av.

FOR SALE—THE TWO-STORY HOUSES NO. 162 West 25th-st. and Nos. 112 and 118 Bank-st., and the three-story house No. 35 West 35th-st. Apply to D. CURTIS & DYCKMAN, No. 36 Beaver-st.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—A VERY DEsirable property, in the 9th Ward, near Bedford-st., now renting for over $1,200, in fine order. Apply to KINSHIMER, No. 343 4th-av.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE OF ALL DESCRIPtions, at the Real Estate Agency of SILAS SEYMOUR, Consulting Engineer and General Agent, No. 33 Pine-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—A FURNISHED HOUSE, WITH LOT. Price, $9,000. No. 79 West 22d-st. Inquire on the premises.

UP TOWN LOTS, WITH A BUILDING Loan, for sale, well situated on a 100 feet street. Apply to E. MARTINDALE, No. 167 Broadway, 3d story.

PAINTS, OILS AND BRUSHES.

MINERAL OIL.—THIS IS A VERY SUPERIOR Coal Oil, unsurpassed in quality and cheapness, by any other in market. There is nothing more beautiful in color, or more brilliant or durable in burning. It does not explode, and burns in the usual Kerosene lamps, and being uniform, purchasers will always obtain the same excellent article. Barrels, 40 gallons. Agents,
JOHN W. QUINCY & CO., No. 98 William-st.

BRUSHES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION AT the Brush Factory, No. 329 Pearl-st., Franklin-square. All articles sold at the lowest factory prices. Paint Brushes of a superior quality constantly on hand Machine Brushes made to order. J. K. HOPPEL.

WEDDING & VISITING CARDS

AT EVERDELL'S THESE CELEBRATED cards, splendidly engraved, can only be had—Broadway, corner of Duane-st.

TO LET.

TO LET IN BROADWAY—THE FIRST-CLASS 5-story English basement dwelling, No. 1,082 Broadway, containing 25 rooms and all the modern improvements, well adapted for a large private family or a genteel boarding-house; newly painted and papered throughout. Apply at PRIOR'S drug-store, corner of Broadway and 31st-st., or to EDMUND HURRY No. 68 William-st.

TO LET, IN BROOKLYN—THE PLEASANT cottage, with tea room, gas fixtures, dumb waiter, and very convenient, and in good order, near to Myrtle-av. cars, and only 15 minutes to Wall-st. Ferry; possession now; No. 102 Ryerson-st. JOHN BRAINERD, No. 2 Pine-st.

TO LET—THE NEAT FRAME HOUSE, NO. 3 Philips-row, Skillman-st., Brooklyn, north side of Myrtle-av., convenient to the cars; possession will be given on the 1st of November next; rent low, and furniture would be disposed of if required. Apply on the premises, or to Box No. 3,455 N. Y. Post-office.

TO LET—THE SALOON NO. 210 WILLIAM-ST., 100 feet deep, with a room adjoining 30 feet square; seven bedrooms and a large front basement, all fitted up in the best manner; workshops for light manufacturing purposes, in No. 206 William and No. 113 Nassau-st. Inquire of M. J. GILHOOLY, No. 78 Nassau-st.

TO LET.—THE BUILDING NO. 861 BROADWAY, near 17th-st., facing Union Square. Store 25 feet front, plate glass windows; three stories above the store finished for a dwelling; basement has a vault under the sidewalk, all plastered and finished with patent vault lights. Apply to Mr. JACKSON, No. 891 Brordway.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO RENT—NO. 45 East 31st-st, between Madison and 4th avs.; three story, high stoop. A portion of the rent taken in board, if desired. Inquire on the premises, or of WM. C. BARRET, Esq., No. 14 Wall-st.

TO LET—WITH GAS FIXTURES, AND ALL THE modern improvements, the house No. 136 East 21st-st., near 3d-av., except the parlor floor, which is occupied by two persons only; rent about $30 per month. KINSHIMER, No. 343 4th-av.

TO LET—FROM ONE TO TEN YEARS, THE NEW building corner 7th-st., opposite the new Tompkins Market. The location is unsurpassed for any kind of business. Possession at once. JOHN BRAINERD, No. 2 Pine-st.

TO LET—ON THE WEST SIDE OF THE CITY, A very nice house, with gas fixtures; rent $650. Furniture for sale—price $300—on easy terms. A gentleman will board. A fine chance for a smart woman. KINSHIMER, No. 343 4th-av.

TO LET—A FIRST-CLASS NEW THREE-STORY high-stoop house in 53d-st., between Broadway and 8th-av. Will be let with gas-fixtures to a good tenant, at $500 per annum. Apply to the owner at No. 522 Broadway, opposite St. Nicholas Hotel.

TO LET—THE BEAUTIFUL RESIDENCE, NO. 66 Hammond-st.; also, No. 294 West 14th-st.; also, No. 151 East 50th-st., modern house. Apply at No. 192 Broadway, from 11 to 12 o'clock of PETER A. H. JACKSON.

TO LET IN BROOKLYN—THE COTTAGE NO. 134 Vanderbilt-av., near Myrtle; 13 rooms; rent low; immediate possession. S. EDDY & CO., No. 51 Liberty-st.

TO LET—SECOND FLOOR AND BACK BASEment of House No. 126 Orchard-st. Rent $16 per month. Inquire on the premises.

TO RENT—TWO OFFICES ON THE THIRD floor, fronting the Park, in the *Times* Building. Apply at the *Times* Office.

STEAM POWER—WITH LARGE ROOMS TO let at No. 213 Centre-st.

COUNTRY RESIDENCES.

FOR SALE AT ELIZABETH, N. J.—A SYMmetrical and graceful house, located in the most beautiful part of the city. The house is new, and was erected in the most substantial manner by the present occupant; is most conveniently arranged, has water, gas, &c.; about eight minutes' walk from the New-Jersey Railroad depôt. The lot is 76x160 feet, situated on a corner, and is tastefully laid out and planted with ornamental and fruit trees, &c. A very desirable residence. Price, $7,000. Terms easy. Apply to G. B. WHITELSEY, No. 25 William-st., Room No. 23, or No. 223 Broadst., Elizabeth, N. J.

FOR SALE—AT NORTH ORANGE, N. J., A spacious dwelling-house, having 16 rooms, with extensive cellarage, and two-story kitchen, wash-room and two bedrooms. The premises embrace more than an acre of ground, are very pleasantly located, within five minutes' walk of railroad station and on the stage-route, and contain a variety of choice fruit trees. Apply to J. F. TRIPPE, Esq., No. 90 Warren-st.; J. S. KING, Esq., No. 58 Exchange-place, or S. C. HAY, Esq., No. 88 Broadway.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR CITY property—A handsome country seat at New-Rochelle, 8 minutes' walk from the Neptune House and from the depôt; a very good house, with no hou

RAILROADS.

NEW-YORK AND HARLEM RAILROAD.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.
On and after Wednesday, Sept. 21, 1859, trains will leave 26th-st. station, New-York, as follows:
For Williams' Bridge—7:45 A. M., 11 A. M.; 2:30 P. M.; 3:30 P. M. For White Plains—12:30 P. M.; 5 P. M., 6:15 P. M., from White and Centre sts. For Dover Plains—4 P. M. For Albany—8:30 A. M.—Mail Train.
RETURNING, WILL LEAVE
Dover Plains—5:30 A. M.
White Plains—5 A. M., 7 A. M.; 5 P. M.
Williams' Bridge—6:40 and 9:30 A.M.; 1 and 3:40 P. M.
Albany—9:15 A. M.—Mail Train.
WM. J. CAMPBELL, Superintendent.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW-JERSEY—Connecting at New-Hampton with the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad, and at Easton with the Lehigh Valley Railroad.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.—Commencing May 16, 1859.—Leaves New-York for Easton and intermediate places from Pier No. 2 North River, at 7:30 and 11:45 A. M., and at 4 P. M.; for Somerville, by above trains, and at 6:45 P. M. The above trains connect at Elizabeth with trains on the New-Jersey Railroad, which leave New-York from foot of Cortlandt-st., at 7:10 and 12 M., and 4 and 6 P. M.
The 11:45 A. M. train from New-York makes a close connection at Easton with the Lehigh Valley Railroad, and thence via East Pennsylvania Railroad to Reading without change of cars, and connects at Reading direct for Pottsville and Harrisburgh.
Passengers for the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad will leave at 7:30 A. M. only; for Lehigh Valley Railroad at 7:30 A. M. and 11:45 only.
JOHN O. STERNS, Superintendent.

NEW-YORK AND ERIE RAILROAD.—ON and after MONDAY, Sept. 19, 1859, Passenger Trains leave Pier foot of Duane-st. as follows, viz.: Dunkirk Express, at 6 A. M., for Dunkirk, Buffalo, Canandaigua, and principal intermediate stations. Mail Train, at 9:30 A. M., for Dunkirk and Buffalo, and intermediate stations. Way Passenger at 3:30 P. M., for Newburgh, Middletown, and intermediate stations. Night Express at 4:30 P. M., for Dunkirk, Buffalo, Canandaigua, and principal stations. The Express Trains connect at Elmira with the Canandaigua and Niagara Falls Railroad; at Binghamton, with the Syracuse and Binghamton Railroad, for Syracuse; at Corning with the Buffalo, Corning and New-York Railroad, for Rochester at Buffalo; at Great Bend with the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad, for Scranton; and at Buffalo and Dunkirk with the Lake Shore Railroad, for Cleveland, Cincinnati, Toledo, Detroit, Chicago, &c., and the Canada Railroads.
CHAS. MINOT, Gen'l. Supt.
NATHANIEL MARSH, Receiver.

NEW-YORK AND FLUSHING RAILROAD—Leave Fulton market slip for FLUSHING, per steamer MATTANO, at 9 A. M., 1 P. M., 4 P. M., and 6 P. M., connecting with cars at Hunter's Point. Returning—leave Flushing at 6:30, 8 and 10 A. M., and 3 and 5 P. M. Extra trains leave Hunter's Point for Flushing at 7:15 and 11:15 A. M.; returning, leave Flushing at 1 P. M.; passengers by this train will cross the 34th-st. Ferry. Fare 15 cents. Fare from Fulton-market slip, 25 cents. All above trains stop at the way stations, Calvary Cemetery, Winfield, Newtown and West Flushing. On Sundays cars leave Hunter's Point for Flushing and all way stations at 9:30, 11, 4, 6 o'clock; returning, leave Flushing at 8:30, 10, 3, 5:30 o'clock. Excursion tickets for the trip, 25 cents.
O. CHARLICK, President.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD.—FROM SEPT. 15, 1859. Trains will leave Chambers-st. Station as follows: Express Trains 6 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.; for Hudson 3:20 P. M.; for Sing Sing 9:45 A. M., and 4 and 10:30 P. M.; for Poughkeepsie 7:15 A. M. and 1:15 P. M.; for Tarrytown 2:45 and 6:45 P. M.; for Peekskill 5:30 P. M. The Hudson, Poughkeepsie, Peekskill, Sing Sing and Tarrytown Trains stop at most of the way stations. Passengers taken at Chambers, Canal, Christopher and 31st sts. Trains for New-York leave Troy at 4:45, 8:38 and 10:35 A. M., and 3:55 P. M. Albany about 15 minutes later. On Sunday at 6 P. M.
A. F. SMITH, Superintendent.

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD.—ON AND AFTER MONDAY, Sept. 19, 1859, trains going East leave Brooklyn for Greenport at 10 A. M.; leave Brooklyn for Riverhead at 10 A. M.; leave Brooklyn for North Islip and Deer Park at 10 A. M. and 3:30 P. M.; leave Brooklyn for Farmingdale at 10 A. M. and 3:30 P. M.; leave Brooklyn for Syosset at 12 M. and 4:30 P. M.; leave Brooklyn for Hempstead at 10 A. M., 12 M., 4:30 and 5:30 P. M.; leave Brooklyn for Jamaica at 10 A. M., 12 M., 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, and 6:30 P. M.

NEW-JERSEY RAILROAD—FOR PHILADELPHIA AND THE SOUTH AND WEST FROM JERSEY CITY—Mail and Express Line. Leaves New-York at 7, 9 and 11 A. M., and 4 and 6 P. M.; fare $3. New-Jersey Accommodation, 12 M.; fare $2 25. Tickets sold for Cincinnati and West, and for Baltimore, Washington, Norfolk, &c., and through baggage checked to Washington in 7 A. M. and 6 P. M. trains.
J. W. WOODRUFF, Assistant Superintendent.

STEAMBOATS

TIME TABLE—SEPTEMBER, 1859.

SHREWSBURY AND LONG BRANCH, HIGHLANDS, PORT WASHINGTON, MOUNT'S AND BROWN'S DOCK, FAIR HAVEN AND RED BANK.—The new and splendid steamer HIGHLAND LIGHT, Capt. H. B. PARKER, will run as follows from foot of Robinson-st.:

LEAVE NEW YORK.			LEAVE RED BANK.		
We'day..Sept. 7, 11	A. M.		Wed'ay..Sept. 7, 2	P. M.	
Thurs...Sept. 8, 12		M.	Th'day..Sept. 8, 4	P. M.	
Friday..Sept. 9, 12:30	P. M.		Friday..Sept. 9, 4:30	P. M.	
Saturd..Sept. 10, 1:30	P. M.		Sat'day..Sept. 10, 5	P. M.	
Sunday..Sept. 11, 7	A. M.		Sunday..Sept. 11, 3	P. M.	
Mond'y..Sept. 12, 7:30	A. M.		Mo'day..Sept. 12, 2:30	P. M.	
Tuesd'y Sept. 13, 8	A. M.		Tu'day..Sept. 13, 3:30	P. M.	
We'day..Sept. 14, 8	A. M.		Wed'ay..Sept. 14, 3:30	P. M.	
Th'day..Sept. 15, 8	A. M.		Th'day..Sept. 15, 4	P. M.	
Friday..Sept. 16, 9	A. M.		Friday..Sept. 16, 4:30	P. M.	
Sat'day..Sept. 17, 10:30	A. M.		Mo'day..Sept. 19, 7	A. M.	
Tuesd'y Sept. 20, 9	A. M.		Tu'day..Sept. 20, 1	P. M.	
Wed'ay..Sept. 21, 10:30	A. M.		Wed'ay..Sept. 21, 2:30	P. M.	
Th'day..Sept. 22, 11	A. M.		Th'day..Sept. 22, 3	P. M.	
Friday..Sept. 23, 12		M.	Friday..Sept. 23, 4	P. M.	
Sat'day Sept. 24, 3	P. M.		Mo'day..Sept. 26, 7	P. M.	
Tues'y..Sept. 27, 8	A. M.		Tu'day..Sept. 27, 2:30	P. M.	
Wed'dy..Sept. 28, 8:30	A. M.		Wed'ay..Sept. 28, 3:30	P. M.	
Th'day..Sept. 29, 8:30	A. M.		Th'day..Sept. 29, 4	P. M.	

NORTHERN PASSENGER ROUTE BY steamers FRANCIS SKIDDY and COMMODORE, from foot of Liberty-st., EVERY EVENING, except Saturday, at 6 o'clock, to Troy, thence *via* Rensselaer and Saratoga Railroad to Whitehall, there taking Lake steamers AMERICA, UNITED STATES or CANADA, for all ports on Lake Champlain, Montreal and Ogdensburgh. Fare to Rutland, $3 50; Burlington, $4 75; Plattsburgh, $5 50; Rouse's Point, $6 25; Ogdensburgh, $7; Montreal, $8 25. Apply, for through tickets, at Troy Steamboat Office, foot of Liberty-st.

DAILY FOR HARTFORD, DIRECT—FROM Peck-slip, East River, at 4 o'clock P. M., steamers CITY OF HARTFORD, on TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS and SATURDAYS; and GRANITE STATE, on MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS and FRIDAYS.
DANIEL A. MILLS, Agent.

FOR FLUSHING, COLLEGE POINT, ST. RONAN'S WELL.—The steamer ENOCH DEAN leaves Fulton Market Slip on and after Sept. 19, at 10½ A. M. and 4½ P. M. Leaves Flushing at 8 A. M. and 2 P. M. Low fare, 15 cents. Excursion tickets to go and return, 25 cents.

CHANGE OF HOUR—FOR SAG HARBOR—Landing at Orient and Greenport. The steamer CATLINE every TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY AFTERNOONS at 5 o'clock, from Oliver-st. Pier, No. 33 East River. Freight taken.

IF YOU WISH TO ENJOY A MOST DELIGHTFUL excursion trip, and take a view of the beautiful scenery on the East River, the public Islands, with the improvements, Hell Gate, &c., take the fast-sailing steamer ENOCH DEAN. See advertisement.

FOR NEW-HAVEN.—THE STEAMER ELM CITY will leave Peck-slip, East River, EVERY DAY, at 3 P. M. The steamer TRAVELER, EVERY NIGHT, at 11, arriving in time for the early morning trains.
RICHARD PECK, Agent.

WEST POINT, CORNWALL, NEWBURGH, POUGHKEEPSIE, RONDOUT, &c.—Steamboat THOMAS POWELL, foot of Jay-st., at 3¾ o'clock.

DAY BOAT FOR ALBANY AND TROY.—Steamer METAMORA, from foot of Jay-st., every TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, at 7 A. M.

IRON AND HARDWARE.

RYLAND'S SUPERIOR "R B" IRON WIRE. W
BRIDGE WIRE, SPRING WIRE, TINNED WIRE AND GALVANIZED TELEGRAPH WIRE.
CAST-STEEL WIRE, WIRE RODS, BOILER RIVETS, &c.
For sale by J. J. EAGLETON, 84 John-st., New-York.

BUILDING MATERIALS.
J. B. & W. W. CORNELL & CO.'S IRON WORKS,
Nos. 135 and 143 Centre-st., New-York.
J. B. & W. W. CORNELL & CO. are manufacturers of
IRON FRONTS for STORES, IRON BEAMS.
FIRE-PROOF CEILINGS, FLOORS and PARTITIONS.
CAST and WROUGHT IRON RAILINGS, for Dwellings, Offices, Parks and CEMETERIES, of various designs.
L. L. CADY'S PATENT CHILLED-IRON BANK VAULTS, DOORS and SAFES.
WINDOW LINTELS, CORNICES and COLUMNS.
CAST-IRON BEAMS and GIRDERS.
SOLID ROLLED and RIVETED BEAMS, of various dimensions.
IRON DOORS, VAULT DOORS, SHUTTERS, SASHES, SKY LIGHTS and FLOOR LIGHTS.
Designs for any of the above will be furnished on application.

BOILER AND PLATE IRON.
RIVETS, LAP-WELD BOILER FLUES, &c., &c.
A full assortment of
EXTRA-SUPERIOR QUALITY—AMERICAN MANUFACTURE. Also, a full stock of common grades.
SPECIAL CONTRACTS solicited, and executed with promptness, at LOWEST RATES.
Orders received for importation.
WALLACE & BULKLEY,
10 and 12 Albany-st., corner of Washington, New-York.

TO PROPERTY HOLDERS AND OTHERS ABOUT ERECTING OR ALTERING BUILDINGS.—Iron building fronts, with and without rolling shutters; interior columns; wrought and cast iron girders and beams; illuminating tile and vault covers; iron shutters and doors; court-yard and office railing; iron door and window lintels and sills, about one-third the price of brown stone.
JACKSON & THROCKMORTON,
Architectural Iron Works,
Nos. 55 to 67 Goerck-st., New-York.
East Broadway stages pass in rear of office; South-st. stages pass in front of the office. Manufacturers of the iron work of *New-York Times* Building and balance of the block; Union Bank, Nos. 498 and 500 Broadway, &c., &c. Particular attention paid to vault extensions and other alterations. References—*New-York Times* vault, *Express* vault, 21st-st. and Broadway vault, &c.
N. B.—Every description of fine Iron Work for building purposes.

SWEDES IRON—ASSORTED, RECEIVED DIRECT from the Swedish iron masters, by C. E. HABICHT, No. 127 Pearl-st.

NORWAY IRON.—BEST QUALITY FOR NAIL-rods, received from Norway. For sale by C. E. HABICHT, No. 127 Pearl-st.

BANCA TIN, INGOT COPPER, SPELTER, Antimony, Lead, Mt. Hope Cut Nails, &c.
JOHN W. QUINCY & CO., No. 98 William-st.

O. AMES & SON'S SHOVELS AND SPADES—For sale by JOHN W. QUINCY & CO, No. 98 William-st.

SHIPPING.

NORTH ATLANTIC STEAMSHIP CO.
REGULAR THROUGH LINE
to
SAN FRANCISCO,
via
PANAMA RAILROAD,
and connecting only with steamers GOLDEN GATE, GOLDEN AGE, JOHN L. STEPHENS, and SONORA, of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company at Panama.
DIRECT TO ASPINWALL.

The splendid steamships BALTIC, ADRIATIC and ATLANTIC, having been entirely refitted and adapted to the California Trade, will hereafter run as above, leaving this port on the
5TH AND 20TH OF EACH MONTH,
from the foot of Canal-st., North River.

THE BALTIC,
4,000 tons burden, A. G. GRAY, Commander, will leave on
THE 5TH OCTOBER, AT 2 P. M.,
to connect at Panama with the well-known and superior steamship JOHN L. STEPHENS, F. R. BABY, Commander.

THE ATLANTIC
will follow on the 20th October.
An experienced Surgeon is attached to each ship.
Through freight and passengers will be immediately forwarded upon arrival of the steamer at Aspinwall.
Each of the above steamships has capacity for 600 to 800 tons freight, which will be taken at moderate rates.
It is believed that the accommodation afforded by the above ships are unsurpassed by any in the world.
An extra ship is always in reserve at Panama, so that there will be no detention in forwarding passengers, baggage and freight.
For freight, apply at the office of the Company, No. 88 Wall-st.
For passage apply at the only office of the Companies, on the wharf foot of Canal-st., to WM. H. WICKHAM.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.
FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.
Chief Cabin Passage.....$130
Second Cabin Passage.....75
FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.
Chief Cabin Passage.....$110
Second Cabin Passage.....60
The ships from Boston call at Halifax.
PERSIA, Capt. Judkins. CANADA, Capt. Lang.
ARABIA, Capt. J. Stone. AMERICA, Capt. Millar.
ASIA, Capt. E. G. Lott. NIAGARA, Capt. Anderson.
AFRICA, Capt. Shannon. EUROPA, Capt. J. Leitch.
These vessels carry a clear white light at mast-head; green on starboard bow; red on port bow.
PERSIA, Judkins, leaves N. Y. Wednesday, Sept. 28.
ARABIA, Stone, leaves Boston Wednesday, Oct. 5.
ASIA, Lott, leaves New-York Wednesday, Oct. 12.
CANADA, Lang, leaves Boston Wednesday, Oct. 19.
AFRICA, Shannon, leaves N. Y. Wednesday, Oct. 26.
EUROPA, Leitch, leaves Boston Wednesday, Nov. 2.
PERSIA, Judkins, leaves N. Y. Wednesday, Nov. 9.
AMERICA, Millar, leaves Boston Wednesday, Nov. 16.
ASIA, Lott, leaves New-York Wednesday, Nov. 23.
Berths not secured until paid for.
An experienced Surgeon on board.
The owner of these ships will not be accountable for Gold, Silver, Bullion, Specie, Jewelry, Precious Stones or Metals, unless bills of lading are signed therefor and the value thereof therein expressed. For freight or passage, apply to E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

FOR THE SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST VIA CHARLESTON, S. C.—SEMI-WEEKLY UNITED STATES MAIL SIDE-WHEEL STEAMSHIP LINE.
Cabin Passage.....$15 | Deck.....$6
The splendid steamship MARION, W. J. FOSTER, Commander, will leave Pier No. 4 North River, on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 28, at 4 o'clock P. M. precisely.
Through tickets to the following places:

To New-Orleans	$39 75	To Augusta, Ga	$20 00
To Mobile, Ala	35 00	To Atlanta, Ga	23 00
To Montgomery, Ala	26 00	To Columbia, S. C	20 00
To Memphis, Tenn	33 50	To Charlotte, N. C	25 00
To Nashville, Tenn	30 00	To Jacksonville, Fla	21 00
To Knoxville, Tenn	27 00	To Pilatka, Fla	23 00

For freight or passage, apply to SPOFFORD, TILESTON & CO., No. 29 Broadway.
The NASHVILLE, Capt. MURRAY, succeeds SATURDAY, Oct. 1.

FOR ALEXANDRIA, WASHINGTON AND GEORGETOWN.—The New-York and Virginia screw steamship Company's new and first-class steam ship MOUNT VERNON,
F. C. SMITH, Commander,
will leave Pier No. 12 North River, for the above ports, on SATURDAY, Oct. 1, at 3 P. M.
Cabin passage, with unsurpassed accommodations. $7 50
Freight 8 cents per foot on measurement goods. Other articles in proportion, and received on Fridays and Saturdays.
No commission charged for forwarding.
No bills of lading signed after departure of steamer.
For freight or passage apply to
H. B. CROMWELL & CO.,
No. 86 West-st.

FOR THE SOUTH—
NEW-ORLEANS AND MOBILE,
MONTGOMERY, ATLANTA, ALBANY, COLUMBUS, MACON, AUGUSTA, AND VARIOUS PLACES IN FLORIDA, *via* SAVANNAH, Ga.—The favorite steamship AQUARIUS, Capt. M. S. WOODHULL, will leave on SATURDAY, Oct. 1, at 4 P. M., from Pier No. 4 North River. Through tickets can be had for the following places. Fare as low as by any other steamers from New-York to Savannah. Accommodations superior. New-York to New-Orleans, $39 75; Mobile, $35; Montgomery, Ala., $30; Atlanta, Ga., $28; Albany, Ga., $28; New-York to Columbia, Ga., $23; Macon, Ga., $21; Augusta, $20; Savannah, $15. For freight or passage apply to SAM'L L. MITCHELL & SON, No. 13 Broadway.

THE NORTH GERMAN LLOYD'S STEAMship NEW-YORK, H. J. VON SANTEN, Commander, carrying the United States Mail, will sail positively on SATURDAY, Oct. 1, at 12 M.,
FOR
BREMEN *via* SOUTHAMPTON,
Taking passengers for
LONDON, HAVRE, SOUTHAMPTON and BREMEN, at the following rates:
First Cabin, $100; Second Cabin, $60; Steerage, $35.
For freight or passage, apply to
GELPCKE, KEUTGEN & REICHELT,
No. 84 Broadway.

REDUCED RATES.—THE NEW-YORK AND Virginia Steamship Company's steamships will receive freight every day for Tennessee, North Carolina, Portsmouth, Norfolk City Point and Richmond, and will leave Pier No. 13 North River, at 3 P. M., as follows:
ROANOKE, Capt. COUCH, on TUESDAY.
YORKTOWN, Capt. PARRISH, on THURSDAY.
JAMESTOWN, Capt. SKINNER, on SATURDAY.
Passage, stateroom included, to Norfolk, reduced to $6. Petersburgh and Richmond, stateroom included, reduced to $8. Meals 50 cents extra.
LUDLAM & HEINEKEN, No. 115 Broadway.
Freight taken on moderate terms.

FOR NASSAU, N. P., AND HAVANA—THE British and North American steamship KARNAK, Capt. BROWNLESS, will sail from the Company's wharf at Jersey City, after the arrival of the steamship *Africa*, which leaves Liverpool Oct. 1 (about Oct. 14.)
Passage Money to Nassau.....$45
Passage Money to Havana.....60
Passage Money between Nassau and Havana.....15
For freight or passage, apply to
E. CUNARD,
No. 4 Bowling Green.

NOTICE.—TO SHIPPERS TO CENTRAL AMERICA AND THE WEST COAST OF SOUTH AMERICA.—OFFICE OF THE NORTH ATLANTIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY.—This Company is prepared to grant through bills of lading in connection with the Panama Railroad Company, on shipments of merchandise to Central America and the West Coast of South America. The same facilities will also be afforded on shipments from Central America to Liverpool by arrangement with the Cunard line. For rates of freight apply at the office of the Company, No. 88 Wall-st., to
I. P. STEPHENS, Secretary.

FOR SAVANNAH, GEO.—THE WELL-KNOWN first-class side-wheel steamship STATE OF GEORGIA, Capt. J. J. GARVIN, will leave Philadelphia for SAVANNAH on FRIDAY, Sept. 30, at 10 o'clock A.M. Very superior staterooms can be secured by letter or telegraph. The KEYSTONE STATE will sail as above for CHARLESTON, S. C., Oct. 5th.
Fare on either ship, $15.
J. HERON, Jr., Agent,
corner of 4th and Chestnut sts., Philadelphia.

ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIP PERSIA—FOR LIVERPOOL.—The PERSIA, C. H. E. JUDKINS, Commander, will sail from the Company's Dock, at Jersey City, with the mails and passengers for Europe, on WEDNESDAY, the 28th instant. Passengers are requested to be on board by 8 o'clock A. M. The ASIA will sail on the 12th October. E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

NOTICE TO CALIFORNIA PASSENGERS.—The ticket-office for the Pacific Mail Steamship Company has been removed from No. 177 West-st., corner of Warren, to the office of the North Atlantic Steamship Company, on the wharf foot of Canal-st.

UNITED STATES PASSPORTS ISSUED through J. B. NONES, Notary Public, No. 262 Broadway, corner of Warren-st. Naturalized citizens must produce certificates.

MACHINERY.

COMBINATION MACHINE
FOR CIRCULAR AND SCROLL SAWING, MORTICING AND BORING.
The attention of the public is invited to the application of "Kaefer's improved method of transmitting motion" to the above machines, one of which is now on exhibition at
THE FAIR OF THE AMERICAN INSTITUTE, PALACE GARDENS.
It is worked by the foot, and forms
THE MOST COMPLETE AND COMPACT COMBINATION OF POWER AND SPEED
Ever invented for use in carpenters' or cabinet-makers' shops, or other places where steam or water power is not available.
THREE HUNDRED MOVEMENTS OF THE SCROLL SAW,
TWELVE HUNDRED REVOLUTIONS OF THE CIRCULAR SAW,
And six hundred of the Borer, are obtained by one hundred tramps of the foot, while the
MORTICING CHISEL,
At the rate of one hundred strokes per minute, descends with
A POWER HITHERTO UNEQUALED.
Machines, also Patent Rights, for all parts of the United States or England, may be had on application to the KAEFER POWER COMPANY,
Harlem Railroad Depot, cor. Centre and White sts.,
Room No. 26; entrance on White-st.

PUMPS AND FIRE-ENGINES.
TO OWNERS OF STEAM-VESSELS, FACTORIES, MINES, &c.
HOLLY'S PATENT PUMPS.
The BEST ROTARY PUMPS yet brought forward. Applicable to FIRE-ENGINES, FIRE-PUMPS FOR FACTORIES, STEAM-VESSELS, &c., and to MINES, QUARRIES, HOTELS, RAILROAD STATIONS, WRECKING, HOUSEHOLD PURPOSES, &c. Arranged to be driven BY STEAM BY BELTS or GEARING, BY HORSE-POWER or BY HAND. Apply to
CHARLES W. COPELAND,
General Agent,
No. 122 BROADWAY, New-York.

BEAUMONT'S STEAM GUAGES,
Perfectly reliable, handsomely made, and warranted, at very low prices.
BEAUMONT'S BAROMETERS only $5 each.
CHAS. W. COPELAND, No. 122 Broadway, N. Y.

FOR SALE—TO CLOSE AN ESTATE, THE STEAM engine, tools and machinery of two-story factory No. 69 Banks-st., near Abingdon-square. A good chance for a machinist or manufacturer. Inquire on the premises. Factory to let—rent $300.

J. T. BARNARD, STEAM KINDLING WOOD FACTORY—No. 365 South and No. 294 Front-st. KINDLING WOOD from the best of yellow pine, at $3 50 per load.

FINANCIAL.

JOHN MUNROE & CO.,
AMERICAN BANKERS,
NO. 5 RUE DE LA PAIX, PARIS, AND
NO. 8 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK,
GRANT LETTERS OF CREDIT FOR MERCANTILE PURPOSES. Also, CIRCULAR LETTERS OF CREDIT on all the principal Towns and Cities of

FRANCE,	BELGIUM,	ITALY,
GREAT BRITAIN,	SPAIN,	GERMANY,
IRELAND,	PORTUGAL,	RUSSIA,
HOLLAND,	SWITZERLAND,	SWEDEN;

ALSO ON

ATHENS,	CONSTANTINOPLE,	ALEXANDRIA,
CAIRO,	BEYROUT,	JERUSALEM,

&c., &c.
BILLS ON PARIS, and Sterling Bills, at short or 30 days' sight, for sale in sums to suit.

BANK-NOTE ENGRAVING.
AMERICAN
BANK-NOTE COMPANY.
NEW-YORK, Sept. 1, 1859.
The business of this Company in New-York having been concentrated in the MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE, the several firm agencies of RAWDON, WRIGHT, HATCH & EDSON, TOPPAN, CARPENTER & CO., DANFORTH, PERKINS & CO., BALD, COUSLAND & CO., JOCELYN, DRAPER, WELSH & CO., and WELLSTOOD, HAY & WHITING, are discontinued, and all communications may hereafter be addressed to the Secretary.
This Company is now prepared to afford to BANKING INSTITUTIONS and THE PUBLIC, THE ADVANTAGES CONTEMPLATED IN ITS FORMATION, both as it regards the SUPERIORITY OF THEIR WORK *and the provisions made for the safety of the trust confided to their care*, and they respectfully solicit a continuance of the patronage heretofore extended to them under their separate Firm organizations.
Offices at NEW-YORK, PHILADELPHIA, BOSTON NEW-ORLEANS, CINCINNATI, MONTREAL and CHICAGO.
CHARLES TOPPAN, President.
WM. H. WHITING, Secretary.

DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO.,
BANKERS,
CORNER PINE AND NASSAU STS., NEW-YORK,
ISSUE
CIRCULAR NOTES AND LETTERS OF CREDIT for travelers, available in all the principal cities of the world.

AUGUST BELMONT & CO.,
BANKERS,
No. 50 Wall-st.,
issue letters of credit for travelers available in all parts of the world, through the Messrs. Rothschilds of Paris, London, Frankfort, Naples, and Vienna, and their correspondents.

DRESSEL, FARRAR & CO.,
Bankers, No. 63 Wall-st.
Foreign and Domestic Exchange bought and sold. Funds for investment on Foreign account. Prompt attention given to all business entrusted us by country Banks and Bankers.

EUGENE THOMSON, NO. 37 WILLIAM-st., offers at PRIVATE SALE the following desirable Insurance Stocks for permanent investment:

Arctic Co	$50 each	Indemnity	$100 each
Atlantic, of Br'lyn.	50 each	Jersey City	50 each
Brevoort	50 each	Knickerbocker	40 each
City	70 each	Lenox	25 each
Columbia Marine	100 each	Long Island	50 each
Commonwealth	100 each	Lamar	100 each
Equitable	35 each	Mercantile Mutual	100 each
Excelsior	50 each	Manhattan	50 each
Firemen's	17 each	Merchants'	50 each
Grocer's	50 each	Resolute	100 each
Goodhue	100 each	Relief	50 each
Harmony	50 each	St. Mark's	25 each
Howard	50 each	Security	50 each
Hanover	50 each	Williamsburgh City	50 each
Home	100 each	Washington	50 each

Also, 100 shares American Express Company.
Securities negotiated at Brokers' Board by
EUGENE THOMSON,
Stock Auctioneer and Broker.

ATLANTIC AND PACIFIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY.—The undersigned commissioners, etc., will attend at No. 177 West-st., corner of Warren-st., on MONDAY, the 3d day of October next, at 12 o'clock M. to receive subscriptions to the capital stock of the Atlantic and Pacific Steamship Company, chartered by act of the Legislature of the State of New-York, passed April 19, 1859.
EDWIN CROSWELL,
SPENCER KIRBY,
D. N. CARRINGTON,
} Commissioners.
NEW-YORK, Sept. 20, 1859.
N. B.—The business of the Company will be the transportation of passengers and freights by steamship between the ports of New-York and San Francisco.

OFFICE OF THE GREAT WESTERN RAILROAD CO. of 1859, No. 54 William-st., NEW-YORK, September 20, 1859.
NOTICE.—THE COUPONS DUE ON THE FIRST of October next, on the ten per cent. Bonds of the Great Western Railroad Company, of Illinois, will be redeemed at maturity, at the office of this Company, upon all Bonds, the back Coupons of which shall have been surrendered, and Stock in this company accepted therefor, in accordance with the compromise and the Act of Incorporation of this Company.
J. N. A. GRISWOLD, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE NEW-YORK AND ERIE R. CO., NEW-YORK, Sept. 6, 1859.
NOTICE.—THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE NEW-York and Erie Railroad Company are hereby notified that the annual election for Directors for the ensuing year will be held at No. 45 Wall-st., in the City of New-York, on TUESDAY, Oct. 4. The polls will be open from 11 o'clock A. M. to 2 P. M.
The transfer books will be closed at 2 o'clock on the 30th September, and open the day after the election.
By order of the Board.
HORATIO N. OTIS, Secretary.

THE NEW-YORK CENTRAL RAILROAD COMPANY, TREASURER'S OFFICE, ALBANY, Sept. 26, 1859.
THE COUPONS APPENDED TO THE Rental Certificates of the Niagara Bridge and Canandaigua Railroad Company, payable on the 1st day of October next, will be paid by this Company upon the presentation thereof at the Bank of Commerce in New-York.
GILBERT L. WILSON, Treasurer.

PACIFIC BANK, New-York, Sept. 26, 1859.
THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR FOUR-TEEN DIRECTORS of this Bank, will be held at their Banking-house, on TUESDAY, the 11th day of October next, between the hours of 12 M. and 1 P. M.
By order of the Board,
N. BUCK, Cashier.

INTEREST NOTICE.—THE SEMI-ANNUAL INterest on the Land Grant Bonds of the "Cairo and Fulton Railroad Company of Missouri," due Oct. 1, 1854, will be paid, on presentation of the proper coupons, at the office of M. K. Jessup, house agent, &c., No. 44 Exchange-place, New-York, on and after that date.
M. BRAYMAN, President.

NOTICE.—THE SINKING FUND BONDS OF THE PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD COMPANY, in exchange for coupons from Ohio and Pennsylvania, and Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad First Mortgage Bonds, are ready for delivery on application to JOHN FERGUSON, Trustee, No. 35 Pine-st., up stairs.

ROSE HILL SAVINGS BANK—CORNER OF 14th-st. and 8th-av. Open daily from 1 to 5 P. M.; Wednesday and Saturday until 7 P. M. All sums deposited as late as the 10th of October will commence to draw interest at once. WM. F. HAVEMEYER,
RICHARD H. BULL, Secretary. President.

$45.000 per cent. interest, (in one or more sums) on bond and mortgage, on first-class productive or unproductive real estate, in this City. Apply to JOHN F. CONREY, office of the People's Fire Insurance Company, No. 66 Wall-st.

GROCERS' BANK.—NEW-YORK, SEPT. 19, 1859.—The Annual Election for Inspectors and Directors of this Bank will be held at the Banking House, on MONDAY next, Oct. 3, between the hours of 12 and 1 o'clock. By order of the Board.
SAMUEL B. WHITE, Cashier.

HOLDERS OF UNITED STATES COUPON 5 per cent. Bonds, redeemable in 1874, issued under act of June 14, 1858, may exchange the same for inscribed stock of same issue, on terms ascertainable on application to DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO.

AMERICAN EXPRESS COMPANY STOCK WANTED—From one to five shares, for cash. State price and number of shares. Address, for 3 days, ENTERPRISE, Box No. 164 *Times* Office.

$20.000 seeking a good investment at a large interest, are invited to examine some Western securities at No. 2 Pine-st. JOHN BRAINERD.

BILLS £1 UPWARDS ON UNION BANK, London, and Royal Bank of Ireland, for sale by WELLS, FARGO & CO., No. 82 Broadway.

SIGHT AND TIME BILLS ON ALL THE Southern cities, purchased by DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO.

WANTED—AMERICAN EXPRESS COMPANY Stock. Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express Stock, by CROMMELIN & GOODWIN, No. 50 Wall-st.

GAS-LIGHT STOCKS PAYING 8 TO 12 per cent. dividend for sale by JOHN B. MURRAY & CO., No. 40 Wall-st.

INSURANCE.

SECURITY
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
No. 31 Pine-st.
CASH CAPITAL—$500,000.
CHEAPEST AND SAFEST
INSURANCE.
DEALERS RECEIVE
75 PER CENT. OF NET PROFITS.
When preferred a discount from the premium will be made in lieu of participation in profits.
JOSEPH WALKER, President,
THOS. W. BIRDSALL, Vice-President.
R. L. HAYDOCK, Secretary.

FURNITURE.

ENAMELED CHAMBER FURNITURE,
In all colors, of superior and warranted manufacture, finished in landscape, fresco, fruit and flowers, at H. F. FARRINGTON'S, No. 368 Canal-st., opposite Wooster. Established 1843.

CHAMBER ENAMELED FURNITURE AT the old-established Eagle Manufactory, No. 634 Broadway, five doors above Laura Keene's Theatre. Elegant suites in all styles and colors, from $25 and upward, superior to any manufactured in this country. Mattresses, wardrobes, &c.

ARE YOU TIRED OF HARD BEDS?—THE Oriental Elastic Spring-bed Bottom—Ulmer's Invention—is the best and cheapest in the market. Call at No. 285 Canal-st., five doors east of Broadway, and examine it. Retail price $3 50. Agents allowed a liberal commission.
ULMER & CO.

ENAMELED CHAMBER SUITES OF FURNiture, in all colors and styles, wholesale or retail, at $25 and upwards; also mattresses and palliasses.
WARREN WARD, No. 277 Canal-st., four doors east of Broadway, New-York.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—ON FRIDAY EVENING, A PAIR OF GOLD-mounted EYE-GLASSES, either in 20th-st., between 5th and 6th avs., or in a 6th-av. stage. The finder will be suitably rewarded on leaving them at No. 33 West 20th-st.

AUCTION SALES.

HENRY L. HOGUET, Auctioneer.
AUCTION NOTICE.
BUFFALO ROBES.
WILMERDING, HOGUET & HUMBERT,
Salesrooms Nos. 26 and 28 Beekman-st.,
Will sell,
On WEDNESDAY, Sept. 28, 1859,
At 11 o'clock,
At No. 53 Exchange-place,
25,000 BUFFALO ROBES,
By order of
Messrs. RAMSEY, CROOKS, SON & CO.
N. B.—These goods are the BLACKFEET and UPPER MISSOURI ROBES, and they are the LARGEST and DARKEST that come to this market.
The skins will be ready for inspection, with catalogues, two days previous to the sale. Terms liberal.
EVERY ROBE IS OF THIS YEAR'S COLLECTION, AND FRESH.

M. C. EDEY, Auctioneer.
LARGE AND AT

THE CITY GOVERNMENT.

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS.

The Appointment of Registrars—Two Republicans Absent—Democratic Registrars Chosen in 1st, 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th and 6th Wards—Not a Republican on the List—McSpedon Baker vs. The County—A Mandamus.

At noon yesterday the Board of Supervisors held its regular meeting, and it was in session until 8 P. M. The principal business to be transacted, it was well known, was the appointment of Registrars, and there were a great many interested spectators present. All the members of the Board except Messrs. VOORHIS and LITTLE (Republicans) were in attendance. An informal meeting was to have been held at 11 A. M., but the members did not come together at that hour.

As soon as the minutes had been read,

Supervisor BLUNT moved that the Board proceed to ballot for Registrars.

Supervisor KENNEDY had some friends to consult with about this matter before it proceeded, and Supervisor BLUNT withdrew his motion.

Supervisor TWEED immediately renewed the motion but as quickly withdrew it.

A notice of discontinuance of the proceedings by Mandamus in the case of McSpedon & Baker *vs.* the Board of Supervisors, was served upon the Board together with the papers in a new suit between the same parties, directing the Board, by mandamus, to raise by tax $193,800 20 for stationery, &c., furnished the Commissioners of Records by McSpedon & Baker, or to show cause why they should not do so before Judge Ingraham in the Supreme Court, at 10 A. M. on the 30th inst.

The Board now proceeded to ballot by Districts for Registrars. The tellers were appointed.

Supervisor TWEED nominated three candidates, and then

Supervisor KENNEDY arose and appealed to the magnanimity of the Democrats not to violate the previous understanding, agreeably to which the nominations were to be equitably divided. The absence of two Republicans left that Party powerless.

Supervisor PURDY knew his duty to the Democratic Party too well to let personal feelings interfere with it. He *would vote for none but Democrats.* He desired to take no advantage, but if members on the other side were absent now, it was the misfortune of war. He thought delay was dangerous. This Registry law had been passed by a partisan Legislature; now let the Democratic Party give it a trial. No party was so competent to give anything a fair trial.

Supervisor BLUNT said that at an informal meeting of the Board a proposition had been made to arrange this matter so that both parties should be equally represented. The Democrats had then said they wanted first to take counsel at Tammany Hall before deciding. Were these the instructions of Tammany Hall?

Supervisor PURDY said they were—to vote for none but Democrats.

Supervisor BLUNT wanted to know whether there was anything fair about this. If the Republican members proposed to act thus he would not vote with them for a moment.

Supervisor KENNEDY—Nor I.

Supervisor BLUNT continued—What would the Democrats grasp next? If the Democrats desired to act in this way he had nothing more to say.

Supervisor PURDY would ask whether it was fair for a partisan Legislature to pass such a law; and he would ask again whether, if twenty thousand Republicans were absent from the City on election day, it would be deemed proper to postpone the election. He denied that he had entered into any understanding with the Republicans about this matter. If Republican members were not here to do their duty, it was their fault, not that of the Democrats.

Supervisor BLUNT said that the Democrats had voted for the bad laws passed by the last Legislature. He contended for fairness, but if Tammany Hall had instructed the Democratic members to take the whole loaf, they must do so.

Mr. KENNEDY spoke at great length of the necessity of a Registry LAW. Where did those 41,000 votes for Fernando Wood at the last election for Mayor come from? Would any one present say that that was within 15,000 votes of the number actually cast for Fernando Wood? Was it not time that the people of New-York endeavored to wipe this disgrace from the State! And now, if the Democrats took any such action as this, the people of the State of New-York would take such vengeance as would make the Democratic Party shrink into such insignificance as such villainy and rascality deserved.

Mr. PURDY told the gentleman to bring his black legislation, and the Democratic Party would go before the people of the State of New-York, and abide the decision that they should render.

The balloting then proceeded with the following result:

REGISTRARS ELECTED—FIRST WARD.

Dist.
1. Michael J. Cody, John A. Hearn, Richard Dooly.
2. M. Meehan, D. Egan, M. Higgins.
3. J. R. Pryor, W. Dacey, Patrick Walsh.
4. Thomas Campbell, Michael Healey, P. Mullins.
5. M. Doran, Patrick James, Philip J. Wood.

SECOND WARD.

1. Charles W. Cruger, J. Codett, J. B. Williams.
2. A. Keating, A. Williams, Patrick McMahon.

THIRD WARD.

1. B. Cole, John Hurley, Jonas R. Harris.
2. Edwin M. Haggerty, G. D. English, T. Monroe.
3. E. B. Shafer, S. W. Swift, W. Downs.
4. G. R. Lansing, Neil Kelly, John Clark.

FOURTH WARD.

1. D. Dougherty, H. Nieman, J. Langdon.
2. E. M. Morris, M. Fagan, F. Davis.
3. J. J. Ware, W. P. Kirk, Daniel Murphy.
4. J. Courtecy, C. Kelly, J. Cusack.
5. F. Ryan, N. Molnneray, T. Fitzgerald.

FIFTH WARD.

1. H. Webber, A. H. McGarner, J. D. Hale.
2. R. McIntyre, J. B. Dupignac, T. Weaver.
3. W. Hevise, W. H. Baker, T. Irvine.
4. H. O'Neile, J. T. Burling, J. Y. Marsh.
5. V. Clark, P. M. Schenck, D. O'Brien.
6. M. Clark, J. Lawall, C. A. Brown.
7. J. McFadden, Laurence, R. Winne.
8. J. H. Sherwood, —— McMurphy, W. H. Bailey.

SIXTH WARD.

1. W. O. Jenkins, R. Wilkinson, Thos. Kivlen.
2. D. Burns, L. Clancy, Pat. Brophy.
3. F. O'Rourke, N. Conway, W. F. Gould.
4. Owen Kinney, E. Rowe, Michael Flynn.
5. J. Donnelly, James Conlan, Ed. Travis.
6. J. Hall, Chas. Gordon, Chas. Cutrell.
7. Thos. Ryan, A. Bingham, Wm. Colman.
8. J. McGowan, Geo. Pierson, J. McClusky.
9. J. Lord, Jas. E. Kerrigan, Henry Ryan.

Frequently while the balloting was proceeding unavailable motions to adjourn were made by the Republican members of the Board. After the announcement of the result in the Ninth District of the Sixth Ward these motions were renewed with similar success, and from that time the proceedings were a farce. Motions to adjourn, to appoint a day for the next meeting, or to ballot for Registrars in some of the uptown Wards, were frequently made, supported by long speeches and lost, and during the whole of the afternoon no further progress was made in the choice of Registrars.

During these proceedings, a motion to give the Committee on Annual Taxes power to defend the new suit commenced against the Supervisors by McSpedon & Baker, and to appropriate $500 for the employment of counsel in the case, was offered by Supervisor KENNEDY and carried.

The talking against time and the motions to adjourn continued to monopolize the time of the Board until 8 P. M., when the members gave way to a sense of weariness and consented to adjourn to 7 P. M., this evening, with the express understanding that then the balloting should be resumed, whether all the members were present or not. By the terms of the Registry Law, six are a quorum, for the transaction of business relating to the selection of Registrars.

The action of the two Republican members, whose absence gave all the power into the hands of the Democrats, was discussed freely. In several of the Districts in which appointments were made two Democrats and one American were chosen. In the others all the Registrars elected are Democrats. There is not a Republican on the list. A committee of the American Council was present, and every name presented by them was placed upon the list.

Central Park Commissioners and the Common Council.

The Central Park Commissioners sent in a communication to the Board of Aldermen on Monday night, setting forth that $237,768 07 of the last issue of the stock of the Central Park Improvement Fund is still unexpended, and that $16,600 of this sum yet remains in the hands of Comptroller HAWS. The liabilities of the Board for laborers' wages, materials, &c., will, with the current expenses for the month of October, and the first half of the month of November, more than consume this amount unless the force of men is materially reduced. The Commissioners desire to keep as large a force at work as they can consistently, because October and part of November are especially favorable for planting trees. They have made extensive arrangements for carrying on this kind of work and for completing the drive, ride and walks of the lower part of the Park. The Commissioners, therefore, ask the Common Council to create and issue of the Central Park Improvement Fund the amount remaining unissued and authorized by the provisions of the Act of April 15, 1859. The matter was referred to the Special Committee of the Aldermen on the Central Park Investigation.

The City Inspector's Bureau.

GARBAGE, STREET-CLEANING AND REPAIRING.

The City Inspector will send a communication to the Board of Aldermen at its next meeting, recommending the passage of an ordinance requiring that garbage boxes, to be approved by the City Inspector, shall be placed in front of every tenement house in which more than three families reside. Mr. DELAVAN complains that the throwing of garbage into the streets interferes seriously with his efforts to keep the streets clean. After the latter have been thoroughly swept during the night, many of them before noon the next day, are anything but tidy in their appearance solely from this cause. The contract for cleaning the streets with SMITH'S sweeping machines will probably be entered into, and go into operation on the 1st inst. Next Thursday the City Inspector will also present to the Common Council a statement, compiled from the reports of all the Health Wardens of the City, with regard to the condition of the streets, their cleanliness and their want of repair.

Health Commissioners.

FINAL MEETING OF THE BOARD THIS SEASON.

The Health Commissioners met for the last time this year, at noon, on Monday. Dr. GUNN reported the arrival of several vessels. The schooner *Susan Canon*, from Sierra Leone, an unhealthy port, had two men sick with bilious remittent fever when she arrived here; one recovered, the other was sent to the Hospital. The Captain of the brig *Suwanee*, arrived here on the 25th ult. from St. Marks, Florida, died on the passage. Two men, sick with bilious remittent fever, were sent to the Hospital on her arrival. One man afflicted with the same disease on the brig *Sea Lark*, from Black River, Jamaica, was sent to the Hospital on the arrival of that vessel. The schooner *Alma*, from Kingston, Jamaica, with eight passengers, all well, was allowed a stream permit. The other vessels will be detained several days for observation in the upper bay. The Health Officer and the City Inspector stated that the announcement of one death from yellow fever in the weekly report of deaths was a mistake. No death from that cause had occurred. The Board adjourned *sine die.*

Croton Aqueduct Board.

APPOINTMENT OF A WATER PURVEYOR.

The Croton Board, on Monday, appointed Dr. AARON B. ROLLINS Water Purveyor, in place of JOHN P. FLENDERS, removed. The salary is $1,500 a year, and the duties of the office consist in the superintendence of all work relating to the pipes and sewers. The appointment takes effect on the 1st inst.

PROPOSED REORGANIZATION OF THE DEPARTMENT.

The Croton Board will, very soon,—perhaps at the next meeting of the Board of Aldermen,—transmit to the Common Council a communication representing the necessity of a reorganization of the Croton Aqueduct Department. The Commissioners of the Department say that all the other Departments of the City Government have been reorganized since 1849, except their own, which is still constituted precisely as it was when the Department was created. Meantime the City has increased in size vastly, and the work which in 1849 could be readily performed under the existing organization of this branch of the City Government, has now become more arduous. One Water Purveyor for the City in these days, they claim, is not enough, and they ask for a provision enabling them to appoint a Deputy Water Purveyor. Moreover, they desire that there should be some check upon the Registrar of Taxes received in the Tax Commissioner's office, and they request permission to designate a clerk to keep a duplicate set of books in which all the transactions relating to the collection of water taxes may be entered as they are entered by the Registrar in his books.

The Comptroller's Office.

PAY OF THE CITY PARK LABORERS.

Those who chanced to pass through the City Hall about 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon wondered what occasioned the gathering of laboring men who were assembled at the door of the apartments occupied by the keeper of that dilapidated edifice, at that hour. Some said the building was going to be repaired immediately, but those who were better acquainted with the dilatory movements of the City Fathers in all matters requiring speedy action, scouted that idea as soon as it was conceived. Others suggested that a "stride" had brought them together, but the appearance and behavior of the men did not support this conclusion. Those who inquired further ascertained that the Convention was a semi-monthly one, and that the City Chamberlain, through one of his clerks, was paying to each of those then there his wages for laboring at the City Parks during the past two weeks. Each of the laborers thus employed by the Superintendent of Lands and Places—there are about forty of them—to keep the Parks of the City in good condition, receives $1 50 for every day's work. They can work only in fair weather, so that their weekly compensation is not often very much more than it should be, and last week the equinoctial storm reduced it to a very diminutive sum. It costs the City $16,000 to keep its thirteen Parks in order for the present year. Half of that sum is appropriated to the rejuvenation of Tompkins Square, whose grass-plots had grown bald with age, and whose fences, from the same cause, perhaps, were very much broken down.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

CASUALTIES.—The corpse of an unknown man was found, on Sunday afternoon, in the water at Pier No. 1 North River. Deceased appeared to be of middle age. On his person were found three letters, written in California, and addressed to JAMES AHERN, of Edgar, Keene County, Ill., bearing the signature of MARTIN AHERN. There were also passage tickets for California; a seal bearing the initials "J. P. A.;" a temperance medal; a porte-monnaie, and a pair of spectacles. He was a stout man, about five feet seven inches in height, and was dressed respectably, in black cloth coat, light spotted vest, plaid pants, black silk neck-tie and heavy boots. The body had been in the water apparently about five or six days.... A lad 8 years of age, named PATRICK MANSFIELD, was seriously cut about the head on the Hudson River Railroad, near Forty-sixth-street, last evening, from being knocked down by the locomotive. He was taken to his home, No. 334 West Forty-sixth-street .... JOHN MULHOLLAND, a lad 8 years of age, was found drowned last evening at the foot of Tenth-street, East River. An inquest was held by Coroner JACKMAN. It appeared that deceased had been missing from home since last Friday. A playmate named THOMAS WILLIAMS, testified that on that day he saw the lad sitting astride a hawser which secured a steamer to the pier, and two men who were sitting on the string-piece pushed him into the water and he was drowned. Fearing that he too would be shoved overboard, WILLIAMS ran away. Other boys who were near the spot at the time did not notice the occurrence. A verdict was rendered of "Death from drowning by being pushed overboard by some boys to the jury unknown."

BEATEN WITH A SLEDGE-HAMMER.—GEORGE ERVING went into the blacksmith's shop of HORACE WILLIAMS, No. 25 Hammersley-street, on Monday afternoon and asked to have his horse shod. Being busy at the time, WILLIAMS did not immediately attend to his customer. Thereupon the latter waxed wrath, and called WILLIAMS hard names. Similar abusive language was used in response. ERVING thought enough had been said, so to silence his opponent he seized a heavy hammer, and, making an anvil of the blacksmith's head, beat away like an expert at the business. The extemporized anvil being softer than iron, not many blows were needed to hammer a hole in it. Officer HALSTED, of the Eighth Ward, witnessed the difficulty, and arrested ERVING. Justice KELLY committed the accused to answer a charge of felonious assault. WILLIAMS was placed under a doctor's care. His injuries are pronounced to be of a serious character.

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN SLAVE LABOR.—Mr. ATKINS, an English gentleman, who has had extensive experience as a superintendent of the Warwickshire mines in England, and who, for the last eleven years, has had charge of a large mining force of slaves in Virginia, was to have lectured last night in Clinton Hall on the comparative pecuniary and physical position (of both sexes) of the laborers in the mines of England and of the slaves in America. Owing either to a meagre system of advertising, or to an indifference on the part of the public as to the subject, there was no attendance worth considering, and the lecture was postponed until next Tuesday evening, when it will positively be delivered at the same place.

THE CROWD OF SHIPPING IN THE HARBOR.—Monday having been the only real sunny day experienced in New-York for an indefinite length of time, the shipping in the Harbor, whose canvas has been exposed to mildew in the protracted wet weather, improved the occasion to loosen all their sails and hoist them up to dry. During the day there was a cloud of canvas spread to the sun, both on the East and North Rivers. The shipping which lay at anchor in the North River stretched from one side to the other of the channel, the smaller crafts occupying the flats, and shut out all view of the Narrows from persons crossing the river above them.

A BALLOT-BOX STUFFER IN GRIEF.—MRS. JANE MCINTEE lives at No. 168 Eighth-avenue. By some unexplained means she became possessed of a ballot-box, which she made the repository of her treasure—some $300—and placed under her bed. Three weeks ago her money was stolen. Suspicion rested upon MARY LEE, the servant girl. Yesterday Officer ROACH arrested her, and she confessed the theft. $266 were recovered from beneath the kitchen floor, where it had been hid. The remainder MARY had spent in finery. The girl said she was desirous of paying her relatives in Ireland a visit, and had stolen the money to pay her traveling expenses.

TARGET EXCURSIONS.—The Talcott Guard, Capt. G. F. HOPPER, on Monday made its annual parade. The Guard proceeded to Bull's Ferry, dined there, and after a day pleasantly spent, returned to the City, and marched to Military Hall, where speeches were made by the Captain and M. D. RAINEY, Esq. It was altogether an enjoyable occasion. The D. P. RHOADES Guard, the members of which are the employes of the *Tribune* office, and which bears the name of an attaché of that paper, made its fourth annual target excursion to East New-York, accompanied by Shelton's band, last Saturday. More than thirty valuable prizes were distributed, and all returned satisfied with their day's shooting.

MOZART HALL DEMOCRATIC COMMITTEE.—A special meeting of the Young Men's Democratic General Committee was held last evening, CHARLES A. MAY, vice-chairman, presiding. There was a large attendance, 183 out of 160 being present. Monday night next was fixed upon for the election of delegates to the Assembly and Senatorial Nominating Conventions. The details will be advertised the Saturday previous to the elections. The Committee then adjourned.

THE CONDITION OF MR. THOMSON.—Mr. GEO. F. THOMSON, the Editor of the *News*, who was so savagely assaulted a week ago by FRANK MCCABE, a liquor-seller on Broadway and a Tammany Democrat, continues very ill from the effects of his injuries. His physician yesterday positively prohibited the admission of any visitors to his chamber. It is thought that, should Mr. THOMSON recover, his face will be permanently disfigured.

SAFETY OF MR. LAMOUNTAIN AND HIS COMPANION.—A dispatch has been received in this City from Mr. LAMOUNTAIN, who ascended in his balloon, on Thursday last, at Watertown, N. Y., announcing his safe arrival at Kingston, Canada West. Seats in the balloon, for his next ascension, which is to take place in this vicinity, are to be sold at public outcry by one of our leading auctioneers.

BALLOON ASCENSION TO-DAY.—Mr. WISE will make a balloon ascension at noon to-day from Hamilton Park, corner of Third-avenue and Sixty-sixth-street. He will be accompanied by a select party, including reporters from the daily papers. It is the intention of Mr. WISE to take stereoscopic views, if possible, from a considerable elevation.

LECTURE BY THE REV. DR. EDGAR.—A lecture is announced for delivery at the Cooper Institute this evening, by the Rev. Dr. EDGAR, of the Irish Deputation. His subject is "Ireland as it was, and as it is."

BROOKLYN INTELLIGENCE.

ACCIDENT ON A CITY RAILROAD.—The Wallabout Light Guard, (a target company,) Captain ENGINE TALLEY, of Brooklyn, while returning home on the Second-avenue cars at about 7½ o'clock last evening, after having spent a pleasant day at Jones' Woods, met with an accident which caused the instant death of one of the company, and severely injured several others. Two cars, both occupied by the members of the corps, were coupled together, and, when upon the descending grade in Oliver-street, one of the brakes gave way, permitting the cars to press forward upon the horses, which, becoming unmanageable, dashed down the street at a fearful speed. The occupants of the cars were alarmed and a rush was made to escape. Much excitement prevailed, during which a boy named HAZLETT, ten years old, fell under the rear car, the wheels of which passed over his neck and head, causing instant death. PETER MACE, another member of the company, had his left hand badly crushed under a wheel, and several others were more or less injured by jumping to the ground while the horses were going at their greatest speed. The mother of the deceased resides on Myrtle, near Kent-avenue, Brooklyn. The horses, after running several blocks, fell, and one of them had a leg broken.

CHILD BURNED TO DEATH.—At about 9 o'clock yesterday morning, Officer UTTER, of the Fourth Precinct, discovered smoke issuing from dwelling-house No. 154 Navy-street, occupied by JOHN GALLAGHER. He tried to gain admission, but found the door locked. Upon bursting open the door, which was locked, he discovered a bed on fire, and a little girl four years old burnt to death upon it. The fire was quickly extinguished, before other damage had been done to the premises, and the body was placed in charge of the Coroner. It appears that the father of the child, Mr. GALLAGHER, was away from home at work. The mother also was at work in a hat factory, and had locked the deceased in a room alone, and it is supposed that while playing with matches her clothes caught fire, and being frightened, she ran to the bed where she was found.

POLITICAL.—Mr. HASBROUCK, who was recently dismissed by the Board of Police Commissioners for having attended a political Convention in violation of the rules of the Board, was a candidate for the Republican nomination to the Assembly in the Tenth Ward of Brooklyn. The Convention met on Monday night, and out of 73 votes Mr. HASBROUCK received but 27—there being 46 against him. The Republicans generally approve of the action of the Board of Police Commissioners..... The American Primary meetings were held last evening. There was no excitement whatever at the polling places..... The Republican Assembly Convention will be held on Friday evening next.

CITY COURT.—Calendar for this day—Nos. 57—Cain *vs.* Adellman and others; 58—Cain *vs.* Same; 60—Pettigrew *vs.* Pollard and other; 61—Same *vs.* Moore, impleaded; 62—Same *vs.* Same; 37—Grannis *vs.* Schoenck; 44—Travis *vs.* Sharm; 28—Leverich *vs.* Hill; 54—McKinney and other *vs.* The City of Brooklyn; 18—Doty *vs.* Remsen, Sheriff; 3—Searle *vs.* Toucey; 6—Oakes *vs.* Wilson; 39—Hulse and other *vs.* Elkins.

SUDDEN DEATH.—A man, whose name is unknown, fell to the sidewalk on Bridge, near York-street, last evening, in a fit, and received such injuries that he died soon after at the Second Precinct Station, where he was taken by the Police.

INFANT TAKEN FROM THE WATER.—The body of a male child, wrapped in a piece of carpet, was taken out of the Atlantic Basin. The Coroner was notified.

[Advertisement.]

KNOX'S HATS FOR THE FALL SEASON are all the rage, and command the admiration of every one who aspires to wearing a hat of unquestionable style, exquisite finish and irreproachable beauty. Such are the hats that KNOX, the Hatter, offers to the fashionable public, at his well-known establishment, No. 212 Broadway, northeast corner of Fulton-street.

[Advertisement.]

FATHER AND SON.—A very thrilling drama, from the French, is "Father and Son; or, La Charboniero." This and the "Nervous Man," and a delightful entertainment by those graceful and popular danseuses, the Gale Sisters, at Barnum's Museum this afternoon—repeated this evening.

[Advertisement.]

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT is more used than any in the world. Why is this? Because it has proved more powerful in healing, and a better pain-reliever than any now in existence. Manufactory, 80 Maiden-lane, N. Y.

[Advertisement.]

BRADY'S GALLERY

Has removed from No. 359 Broadway to No. 643 Broadway, corner of Bleecker-street.

Photographs, Daguerreotypes and Ambrotypes.

[Advertisement.]

GURNEY'S GALLERY NO. 707 BROADWAY, First block below the New-York Hotel, Photographs, Daguerreotypes, Miniatures in Oil and Ivorytypes.

[Advertisement.]

HERRING'S Patent Champion Fire-Proof Safes, No. 251 Broadway, corner of Murray-street, opposite City Hall, New-York.

MARRIED.

PRATT—BOYD.—In this City, on Monday, Sept. 26, at the Madison-square Presbyterian Church, by the bride's father, assisted by the Rev. Wm. Adams, D. D., JAMES HYDE PRATT, Esq., of New-York, to Miss SOPHIE HALE BOYD, daughter of the Rev. James R. Boyd, of Pittsfield, Mass.

DIED.

BUXTON.—In this City, on Tuesday morning, Sept. 27, suddenly, after a short and severe illness, FRANCIS, son of John P. and Sarah A. Buxton, aged 4 years and 25 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend his funeral, at the residence of his parents, No. 205 Wooster-st., this day, (Wednesday,) at 2½ P. M.

HAY.—In this City, on Tuesday, Sept. 27, after a short and severe illness, THOMAS HAY, Jr., a native of Kelso, Roxburghshire, Scotland, aged 42 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, from his late residence, No. 156½ West 28th-st., on Thursday afternoon, at 1½ o'clock.

☞ Kelso and Dumphries papers please copy.

DODGE.—In Brooklyn, on Tuesday, Sept. 27, SARAH C., wife of John C. Dodge, aged 37 years.

The funeral will take place at Grace Church, Brooklyn Heights, on Thursday, Sept. 29, at 3 o'clock P. M. The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend, without further notice.

MATHER.—In Brooklyn, on Tuesday morning, Sept. 27, ELIZABETH MATHER, aged 36 years.

The friends of the family, Long Island Lodge, No. 382 F. A. M., and Washington Chapter O. U. A., are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, No. 202 Schermerhorn-st., Brooklyn, this (Wednesday) afternoon, at 4 o'clock.

COLTON.—In Brooklyn, on Tuesday, Sept. 27, FANNIE LOUISE, only child of G. Woolworth and Sarah E. Colton, aged 1 year, 1 month and 6 days.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, from the residence of her parents, No. 224 Livingston-st., opposite Hanover-place, Brooklyn, on Thursday afternoon, Sept. 29, at 3 o'clock.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange....SEPT. 27.

$4,000	U. S. 6s,'68 co'n.	109	100	N. Y. Cen. R.	b30 82⅛
1,000	Ohio State 6s,'60.	100⅛	350	do	s10 82
1,000	Mich. State 6s	99	100	do	81⅞
5,000	Tenn. 6s,'90	s30 89	200	do	81¾
2,000	do	89	25	do	b10 81⅞
5,000	Virginia S. 6s	s60 94⅛	200	Hudson River R.	35⅛
5,000	do	94⅜	100	do	b45 35⅛
20,000	Mo. State 6s	84½	100	do	35
10,000	do	b30 aft 10 84⅛	300	Cleve. & Pitts. R.	71¾
10,000	do	b60 84⅜	200	do	71½
1,000	do	84⅜	100	Harlem Railroad	9⅛
7,000	Brk'lyn C. W.	100	600	Reading R.	b10 44⅛
2,000	N. Y. C. Bds. '76	99	100	do	b10 44⅜
2,000	E. R. 1st m. bs.	85	200	do	44⅜
1,000	Hd.Rv.R. 1st m.	102	10	Mich. Central R.	45½
4,000	Hd.Rv.R. 3d m.	77	150	do	45⅝
4,000	Har. R. 1st mtg.	95	100	M. S. & N. I. G. S.	23¼
1,000	Mich. Cen. R. 8 p.c. 1st mt. S. F. con.	90⅛	150	do	23⅛
2,000	Ill. Cen. R. Bds.	89½	25	Panama Railroad	117½
500	do	90	100	do	117¾
1,000	M. & M. 2d m.	10 b. 50	100	Illinois Cent. R.	b60 67⅜
20	Ocean Bank	83	227	Galena & Chic. R.	74⅜
6	Continental Bank	100¼	200	do	b30 74⅜
100	Penn. Coal Co	83	100	do	s30 74⅜
82	Pacific Mail S. Co	79	150	do	74⅝
200	do	b60 79⅛	50	do	c 74⅜
100	do	b30 79	115	Chi. & R. I. R.	68¼
100	do	s30 78⅞	100	do	b60 68⅜
150	do	78⅝	50	do	b30 68¾
50	do	b10 78½	150	do	b10 68⅝
100	Cum. Coal Pref.	b60 12½	100	do	c 68⅝
700	N. Y. Cen. Rail'd	82¾	50	do	b60 68¼
150	do	b60 82¾	200	do	s3 68
100	do	s10 82¼	150	do	67¾
100	do	b7 82¼	150	do	67⅞
300	do	s3 82			

SECOND BOARD.

$10,000	U. S. 5s 1874	s60 102½	200	Hud. R. Railroad.	35
10,000	Mo. State 6s	84¼	50	Mich. Cen. R.	45
15,000	do	84	50	do	b30 45⅛
10,000	do	84	100	do	45¼
1,000	Ill. Cen. R. Bds	90	100	Gal. & Chic. R.	b60 74⅜
150	Pac. M. S. Co.	78½	100	do	b10 74½
100	Ill. Cen. R.	s10 67	300	do	s10 74
400	do	67	250	do	74
20	Erie Railroad	43⅛	100	do	b30 74½
100	N. Y. Cen. R.	81¾	50	Chic. & Rk. Isl. R.	67½
800	do	81⅝	180	do	67¾
50	do	b30 81⅝	50	do	b60 67¾
100	do	s30 81½	50	do	67½
200	do	s30 81¾	350	do	67
750	do	81½	25	Second-av. R.	104
200	do	s10 81½	100	Stonington R.	b30 67

TUESDAY, Sept. 27—P. M.

There is a more settled feeling to-day in the Foreign Exchanges, and most of the business for the *Persia* was done at the currency of last week, on London 110¼ and Paris 5f. 14⅜. Some good transient Bank-bills on London were done as low as 110½, while in some instances a small fraction above 110¼ was paid for favorite standard signatures. Most of the credit settlements were made at 110¼. The market left off quiet, with a freer disposition than yesterday among the leading Bankers to supply the demand. The export demand for Gold for the *Persia* proved quite moderate. The engagements, as entered at the ship's office this afternoon, amount to $468,800. The market for Money is steadier than anticipated at the beginning of the week. There is a good inquiry from the Stock Brokers to-day, with an easy supply. The general rule on demand is 6 ℔ cent., with occasional exceptions both at 5½ and at 7 ℔ cent., according to the nature of the collaterals offered. In Discounts the rates continue the same as last week, the only observable difference in the market being in the more cautious movements of the Bill Brokers in casting up lists of long date papers in advance of demand from outside buyers. At Bank there is no pressure for Discounts, and the general line this week is looking down. A lower Specie Average is of course anticipated on the next return, though we doubt whether it will turn out as poor as a good many parties on the Street seem disposed to make it in advance.

On the Stock Exchange there was rather less business than yesterday, with a declining market in the afternoon, the most decided weakness being shown on the Western Road Stocks, which more than lost the recovery of yesterday. New-York Central, after opening firm at 82¼ ℔ cent., gradually fell off to 81⅞ at the close of the day, and at one time, at the Second Board, sold as low as 81½ ℔ cent., and 81⅛, seller's option. The sales of the day were not over 6,000 shares, all told, against 12,000 sold on Monday. There was some pressure in the afternoon to sell Missouri sixes at 84 ℔ cent., a decline of 3½ ℔ cent. from yesterday, and Chicago and Rock Island shares at 67 ℔ cent., which is a fall of nearly 2 ℔ cent. from the best price of yesterday. The stock subsequently sold at 67½ ℔ cent. Galena left off 74@74⅛ against 74⅛@75 on Monday, and the other Western shares in proportion, the market on this part of the list being called heavy, while some decline was also shown on Hudson River, Harlem, and Pacific Mail. In Railway Bonds, Illinois Central Construction mortgages were firmer, selling up to 90 ℔ cent. Full prices were also paid for some of the New-York Centrals, Erie first mortgage, Michigan Centrals, and Brooklyn City Water Loan. The General Market in the afternoon closed unsettled.

Messrs. W. T. COLEMAN & Co., in their San Francisco circular prepared for the steamer of Sept. 5, remark:

There is quite a brisk demand for money for the mail steamer of Monday, with rather a less amount of capital seeking loan than usual. On the most satisfactory collateral it is difficult to obtain accommodation at as low a figure as 2 ℔ cent., and the rate thence ranges upward to 2½ ℔ cent. per month.

Receipts of gold dust for the last week or ten days have been light. Gold bars are in active demand, with a limited supply; large engagements have been made at 900 fine par, which is the ruling rates as we write. Sight Exchange on the East remains at 2 ℔ cent. premium.

In Mexican dollars not much has been done, but the transactions were nearly to the extent of the supply on sale. About $25,000 have been sold at 10@12 ℔ cent. premium, and a few small parcels only remain on hand. The closing rate is 12 ℔ cent. premium. Nothing doing in other descriptions of foreign coin. Owing to the scarcity of Mexican dollars, several shipments to China have been made in gold bars.

The discounts on out-of-town Bank Note Currency are quoted as follows by Messrs. GWYNN & DAY, No. 12 Wall-street:

	Discount.		Discount.
New-York State	¼@⅜	S. Carolina & Ga.	1 @ —
New-England	⅜@½	Virginia	¾@ —
New-Jersey	⅜@½	Canada	⅜@ —
Illinois	3 @ —	Michigan	¾@ —
Phila. Banks and all Penn. Banks par in Philadelphia	¼@½	Ohio, Ky., and Ind.	1 @ —
Baltimore Banks	¾@ —	Louisiana 100s and under	1 @ —
Interior Penn	¾@ —	Missouri	1½@ —
Interior Maryland	⅜@ —	Tennessee	1½@ —
Del. B'k's, 5s and up.	⅜@¾	Wisconsin	3 @ —
N. Carolina	1 @ —	Mobile	1½@2
		Alabama, Free B'k's	2 @ —

The amount of Coal transported on the Delaware and Hudson Canal during the week ending 24th inst., and to same date last year, is as follows:

	1859. Week. Tons.	1858. Week. Tons.	Inc., Tons.
Del. & Hud. Canal Co	18,073	14,348	3,725
Pennsylvania Coal Co	19,191	20,612	Dec. 1,421
Total	37,264	34,960	2,304
	1859. Season.	1858. Season.	Increase.
Del. & Hud. Canal Co	417,787	249,853	167,934
Pennsylvania Canal Co	528,069	463,874	64,195
Total	945,856	713,727	232,129

The Customs to-day from the cargo of the *Vanderbilt* and other arrivals are $182,000; other receipts into the Sub-Treasury, $18,000; disbursements, $124,000; balance this afternoon, $5,330,124.

The Exports of Domestic Produce and Miscellaneous Goods this week for the port of New-York, are less than for the previous two weeks, being $907,569, against $1,039,726 same week last year.

Boston Weekly Bank Statement.

BOSTON, Tuesday, Sept. 27.

Our weekly Bank Statements foot up:

Capital Stock	$5,125,700
Loans and Discounts	58,580,700
Specie	5,164,000
Amount due from other Banks	6,724,500
Amount due to other Banks	6,979,000
Deposits	18,528,000
Circulation	6,548,000

GENERAL MARKETS.

NEW-YORK, Tuesday, Sept. 27, 1859—6 P. M.

The reported receipts of the principal kinds of Produce since our last, have been 14 bbls. Ashes, 9,267 bbls. Flour, 114 bbls. Corn Meal, 44,556 bushels Wheat, 215 bushels Corn, 2,499 bushels Rye, 6,658 bushels Oats, 29 pkgs. Provisions, and 411 bbls. Whisky.

ASHES—Sales have been made to-day, of 60 bbls. Pots at $5 50, and 18 bbls. Pearls at $5 25 ℔ 100 ℔s.

COFFEE—Sales, to-day, 780 bags Rio at 12c.@12⅝c; and, by auction, 626 bags damaged St. Domingo at 9c.@10c., ℔ ℔. Week's receipts of Rio, 9,613 bags. Stock of all kinds in private hands, this morning, 90,253 pkgs., including, according to Messrs. WILLIAM SCOTT & SON, 24,500 mats, and 2,100 bags Java; 55,837 bags Rio, 4,936 bags Ceylon, 850 bags Laguayra, 750 bags Jamaica, 675 bags Costa Rica, and 405 bags Maracaibo.

STOCK OF RIO, SEPT. 24.

New-Orleans, bags	9,500	Philadelphia, bags	29,500
Baltimore, bags	2,500	New-York, bags	55,837
Grand total, bags			97,337

COTTON—Sales have been reported, since our last, of 750 bales, including Middling Uplands at 11¾c.@11¾c., and other grades at proportionate rates, ℔ ℔.

FLOUR AND MEAL—The market opened briskly to-day, at improved prices for State and Western Flour. Subsequently, however, the advanced claims of holders had the effect of lessening the demand, and the trade generally closed spiritless. We heard of sales of 16,433 bbls., in lots, including inferior to choice superfine State, at $4 45@$4 60, chiefly at $4 55@$4 60; extra ditto, $4 60@$4 82½; superfine Wisconsin, Indiana, Michigan and Ohio at $4 45@$4 65; extra Wisconsin, old and new, at $4 65@